INSURANCE
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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXI NO. 234 BOMBAY THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

COMPLICATIONS OVERTAKE COTTON TALKS

Out Of The Gloaming.

Sir Samuel Hoare writes to his constituents that there was more support for the Police in Bengal, due to reforms and law and order going together. The Bengalis, in fact, simply love the Police and have even asked them to treat their sons like ticket-of-leave men.

* * * *

This love between the Police and people is the characteristic of India,—because of their character and unexampled honesty! If sometimes the Police whack the people on their buttocks, they only do what other good guardians do.

* * * *

Ahmedabad Millowners believe, it is waste of time to supply vital information to bring about peace between their men and themselves and are proceeding with a 25 per cent. cut. For them time is money, and they want to save it as much as possible.

* * * *

Sir William Clare Lees told the Simla Pressmen that England was not doing at all badly compared to other countries. We quite believe him. Other countries haven't got a foreign cow to milk.

* * * *

The Allahabad "Leader" objects to the "Pioneer" being subsidised by the Court of Wards. We don't see why, for such a pioneer deserves praise, for after all it is a mutual adjustment—"Pioneer" supporting Talukdars, and Talukdars supporting "Pioneer."

* * * *

Now that the world's destiny is to be guided by gestures, India is asked to make a gesture to Lancashire by throwing open her markets to Manchester cotton goods! Since Hoare has finished making gestures, it is Indi turn now!

* * * *

"C. & M. Gazette" kindly suggests that Mr. MacDonald should now, take rest since he is a "sick man" and that either Neville Chamberlain or Sir John Simon should succeed him, since the latter is "popular and respected."

* * * *

"To pursue one particular mode of tactics to the logical end may sometimes land one in danger" says a Nagpur paper. Dalal Street practises what Nagpur preaches, —with much profit to itself.

* * * *

"They (retreats) need not be fought shy of simply because they go against one's prestige or pet theories" writes the same paper. They don't care for prestige in Dalal Street and fight shy of it —it is a daily happening.

* * * *

The Cochin Chief Judge warned the Bar against deterioration. Of course he had nothing to say about the deterioration of the judiciary; perhaps, it is taken for granted.

* * * *

A New Zealand expert has arrived in Bombay to improve the flavour of butter. The main problem is to improve the flavour of fish-oil, which is so very popular among butter makers or fakers in Bombay.

* * * *

Mr. Maloney told Bombay Rotarians that the golden age of culture in every country in the past has been when the people who enjoyed works of art were mainly illiterate.

* * * *

Indian conditions are now ideal for the purpose, for 82 per cent are illiterate and are in a fit position to enjoy works of either art or literature.

The British are so thoughtful, that they sacrifice even literacy for culture.

* * * *

He hinted that in those old days people listened more than they did now. Since we were not there at the Rotary meeting we can't say whether the Rotarians agreed with him, or even listened to him.

* * * *

Concluding his bright discourse he hoped to become as illiterate as his ancestors in the great golden age of the past. Our Government have achieved what Mr. Maloney aspires to.

* * * *

A doctor was examining an old sea captain who had come for advice.

"Give up smoking, captain," he said, "and it will prolong your life by twenty years."

"But isn't it too late now?" asked the old sea-dog.

The doctor shook his head gravely.

"Captain," he replied, "it is never too late."

"Then I'll start in ten years' time," said the other.

INDIAN DELEGATES GROW NERVOUS

Resent Private Conference Between Lancashire & Japan

Demand Abandonment Of Hole-And-Corner Policy

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, October 4.

Serious complications are arising in respect of the conversations in Simla in view of the fact that every particular interest is trying to manoeuvre for the support of the other. And in this game, the cotton grower is being made a pawn.

COMMITTED TO PROTECTION

The position of the Government of India is that they are committed to a policy of protection of the Textile industry but that with a view to find market for the surplus Indian cotton, they are prepared to accommodate Japan by fixing some quota for her cotton piece-goods.

MILL INTERESTS SUPPORT.

This position is endorsed by the Indian mill interests because of the need for selling surplus Indian cotton, which the Indian mills cannot consume. If the matter were to remain there the solution would be found at once and without difficulty.

LANCASHIRE'S AMBITION.

But the presence in Simla of the Lancashire delegation introduces a complication. They want a share of spoils and want to capture a part of the market Japan will leave. For this purpose they are making every attempt to bring pressure on the parties concerned. For instance, they have got into touch with the Indian cotton growers who are represented by Mr. Roberts and others and they are asking them to back Lancashire for some definite market in India in return for their using Indian cotton. But at present, Lancashire uses only two per cent of Indian cotton and cotton growers' representatives want to know in definite terms what further quantities of Indian cotton Lancashire will guarantee to take. That, Lancashire is now prepared to discuss very fully and it wants its assurance to be taken that, maximum efforts will be made to consume Indian cotton and in support of it, they put forward the plea that Britain is committed progressively to buy from Empire countries. Whether this argument will tell, remains to be seen, but if their direct appeal to cotton growers succeeds, they would have divided the Indian ranks and they may bring about some results from their point of view.

WHY PRIVATE TALKS?

Again the Indian delegates here have felt somewhat nervous about Lancashire meeting Japanese in a conference without the presence of Indian delegates. This, they interpret to mean that an effort may be made by these two sovereign powers to come to an understanding between themselves to cater to the Indian market and fight against the Indian mill interests.

Indian interests hold there was no occasion for such private conference between the Lancashire and Japanese interests and that if there was nothing secret, the original proposal of tri-partite talk should be restored and this hole-and-corner policy should be abandoned.

GOVT. DELEGATES' STRONG POSITION.

The Government of India's delegation is however in a strong position, as they can visualise all the conflicting interests and act in the best interest of the country. They do not overrate the Japanese case nor do they ignore the definite obligation to protect Indian textile industry. They feel at the same time that some method should be devised, where Lancashire should be encouraged to use Indian cotton. The task is a difficult one, but the Government of India's delegates feel they can handle it.

However, it is an encouraging sign that various parties are now beginning to face facts and find solution for them.

TRIPARTITE TALKS

SIMLA, Oct. 4

The tripartite talks are well under way and all parties are realizing that unless they come to grips and lay their cards on the table no progress can be made with the work in hand especially as the conflicting interests are so many that it would be no easy task to strike a balance acceptable to all parties.

The Lancashire delegates met the Japanese delegates this after-

(Continued on Page 8.)

VITHALBHAI'S CONDITIHN

Heart Improves, But Uraemia Persits

A Radio message from Nyon received by Mr. Gordhandas I. Patel in Bombay at 3 a.m. on Wednesday says:—

"URAEMIA. HEART IMPROVING."

REAL NATURE OF SICKNESS

Dr. Patel Narrates History Of Vithalbhai's Illness

As there is a good deal of anxicty and inquiry about the real nature of Mr. V. J. Patel's state of health our correspondent interviewed Dr. Pursholamdas T. Patel about it. Dr. Patel stated that after leaving India in 1931 Mr. Patel had some treatment in Vienna for his chronic constipation and then he went to London. Here at the time of the 2nd Round Table Conference he got an attack of influenza, which made his heart very weak. So when he went to America on lecture tour he was greatly overworked with lectures and travelling etc. and on reaching London he broke down and began to get attacks of pain in the heart.

GOES TO VIENNA

He then went to Vienna, where he was treated for it and was advised to take complete rest, but as usual he would not do that and attended several meetings of the Vienna India Association. So he got another severe attack of heart pain from which he had hardly recovered when again he went to Geneva in connection with the International Conference of India. Owing to the strain there he has got now a severe attack of heart trouble from which he is recovering gradually. Of course the other complications are not bad, but he will have to take complete rest for a long time for his heart weakness.

TRUE REFINEMENT

Other cloth may be cheaper and look better finished and may be lighter to wear. But correct tastes take into account national welfare. That is why Khaddar is true refinement in taste.

SENSATION IN IRISH DAIL

De Valera Tenders Regrets And Apologies To General Mulcahy

DUBLIN, Oct. 4.

De Valera expressed deep regret and apologies to General Mulcahy in the Dail to-day regarding his statement that the general met British War Minister at Glasgow stating that his informant had since confessed that statement was untrue.

The apology caused a sensation.—Reuter.

MAHATMA'S BIRTHDAY

To-day's Meeting At Deccani Brahmin Sabha Hall

Under the auspices of the Bharat Snch Samvardhak Mandal, the 65th birthday of Mahatma Gandhi, will be celebrated to-day (Thursday) as 6-30 p.m. at Deccani Brahmin Sabha Hall, Girgaum when Mr Jamnadas Mehta Barrat law will preside.

Mr. B G Horniman and other will speak on the occasion.

Safeguards For I. C. S. Traditions!

Chamberlain And Hoare On Their Unblemished Reputation!

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Sir Samuel Hoare was again accompanied by Sir Malcolm Hailey and Sir F. Stewart when the Select Committee resumed yesterday.

The Official report shows that the proceedings opened with Lord Linlithgow welcoming the delegates, "some of whom have been far afield." Lord Salisbury then took up the examination on the services, questions directed firstly to the effect of replacement of the Secretary of State's Council by "advisers."

Sir S. Hoare pointed out that one of the main powers of the Council, namely, to safeguard Indian revenues against exploitation by the Secretary of State or Parliament would disappear under the White Paper.

Lord Salisbury contended that this constituted the removal of safeguard. Lord Rankeillour express opinion that it was consequently incumbent on the Select Committee to ensure that an equivalent safeguard was contained in the White Paper. Sir S. Hoare agreed that safeguards must be effective.

INDIAN PENSIONS.

There were numerous questions on Britain's position in relation to the Indian pensions.

Lord Salisbury urged the desirability of clearing up whether Britain was responsible for them.

Sir S. Hoare made it clear that while there was no British guarantee and it was an obligation secured solely upon the revenues of India, it was impossible to contemplate repudiation. He pointed out that Mr. Wedgwood Benn had stated in the Commons that His Majesty's Government would not allow a situation to arise in which India could repudiate and "I have repeated it." Lord Salisbury asked:

"Would you repeat it after the White Paper became law?"

Sir S. Hoare: "Certainly."

MORAL OBLIGATION

Sir S. Hoare agreed with Lord Reading that there was an indefinite moral obligation resting on British Government but there was no gurantee.

Lord Salisbury suggested the insertion of a specific statement in the Act.

Sir S. Hoare was definite that this was unnecessary. He said that the whole of the White Paper was founded on the conception that obligations would be met by the Government and he believed that they would be met, but there were provisions in the White Paper in event of failure.

Sir S. Hoare made it clear in reply to Lords Hardinge and Derby tehat pnsions of military officers would also be safeguarded and said that relevent sections of the White Paper would be made more specific in that regard, while Col. Gidney was informed that the moral obligation extended also to pensions of Government servants not belonging to the Secretary of State's Services.

FAMILY PENSIONS FUND.

Sir J. Craddock drew attention to the petition in regard to the family pensions fund.

Sir S. Hoare indicated his intention to carry out the funding operateion as soon as practicable but said, this must be spread over a number of years in order to avoid placing undue strain on the Indian budget.

Sir J. Craddock suggested British gurantee until the funding was completed but Sir S. Hoare replied that Government was unable to undertake a new obligation of that kind—an obligation which, in his opinion, would not be necessary. He declared that there was not the least risk that obligations would not be met.

SERVICES AND RIGHTS

In the course of his replies on the rights of members of Services, Sir S. Hoare pointed out the difficulty of specifying "accuring" rights and said he had come to the conclusion that it must be left to the discretion of the Secretary of State. Sir S. Hoare made it clear that the right to retire on proportionate pension would be enjoyed by the present members of the Services as long as they were serving and would extend also to those recruited during the next five years, Sir S. Hoare emphasised in this connection the desirability of obtaining suitable candidates.

Mr. Jayakar, Sir P. Sethna and Mr. Zafrulla demurred to extending this right to the future entrants.

Referring to the inquiry contemplated by Section 189 of the White Paper, Mr. Chamberlain queried regarding the desirability of fixing the date as it was impossible to say when the whole constitution would operate.

Sir S. Hoare referred to the effect on public opinion in India, if date was omitted and said, he thought Mr. Chamberlain's point might be met by giving Parliament or the Secretary of State power to alter the date in the light of coming into operation of a particular part of the Act.

REPUTATION OF I. C. S.

Mr Chamberlain drew attention to the evidence already given that European recruitment had ceased since certain services were transferred to provinces.

Sir S. Hoare replied:

"I think we have got frankly to accept the fact that Indianisation has occurred and is occuring over a great field of administration in India."

Mr. Chamberlain suggested the desirability of retaining sufficiency of those influences which maintained the unblemished reputation of the I. C. S.

Sir S. Hoare said he fully realised the difficulties and dangers and pointed out that they had followed almost exactly the recommendations of the Simon Commission and taking into consideration all aspects of the problem they thought this on the whole wiser and safer course but he would welcome the views of British and Indian colleagues

MEDICAL SERVICE

When Sir J. Craddock called attention to the fact that the White Paper did not provide for Medical Service appointments by the Secretary of State, Sir S. Hoare said he was corresponding with the Government of India in that connection but agreed that paragraph 183 would probably need redrafting

Sir P. Sethna finally attempted to secure that Indian income-tax on pensions of pensioners resident in Britain should be refunded to India by the British Treasury, but Sir S. Hoare thought that Treasury would never agree.

Sir S Hoare continues his evidence relating to the services this evening.—Reuter.

WHY DOLLFUSS WAS SHOT AT

Dertil Says, He Wanted To Save Austria !

STEP FATHER HIS HERO

Guenther Arrested But Released After Examination.

VIENNA, Oct. 4.

A doctor is the hero of Dertil, the assailant of Dr. Dollfuss, and the doctor is his own step-father, Siegmund Guenther.

Dertil says Guenther alone can save Austria; hence his attempt on Dr. Dolfuss.

Police arrested but released Guenther ater examination. He is entirely unaware of Dertil's plans.

Dr. Dolfuss is progressing well. The atmosphere in the city is calmer.

It is not believed that Dertil had accomplices.—Reuter

MARRIAGE FEAST TRAGEDY

LAHORE, Oct. 4.

A message from Amritsar says that about 8 men of the village of Modi, Amritsar District, are reported to have died suddenly following a marriage feast in which they participated.

The result of the 'post mortem' is not yet known but food poisoning is suspected —A.P.

CADOGAN DEAD

LONDON, Oct 4.

Death has occurred of Eary Cadogan after a brief illness.—Aeuter.

NEWS ON OTHER PAGES

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33 Fire-fighters burnt to death 12
Mrs. Naidu's appeal to non-Congressmen 12

STOP PRESS

CHAMPION JOCKEY

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Gordon Richards, the Champion jockey, rode winners in all the six races at Chepstow to-day. The racegoers are following with very keen interest the attempt of Richards to beat record of Fred Archer riding 246 winners for the season. Richards total is now 212 and with 40 racing days left before end of season. Richards has excellent chance of achieving his ambition

WOMEN'S GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

WESTWARDHO, Oct. 4.

The feature of the English Womens' Golf Championship Mrs. Guedella Nee Edith Leitch winner of title 1927 was eliminated in third round by Lulu Esmond, daughter famous French racehorse owner, six and four.

IRISH LEAGUE BEATEN.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

At Preston to-day English League beat Irish League by four goals to nil.—Reuter's Special.

SMITH AT BRINDISI.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Kingsford smith who is flying to Australia arrived Brindisi at 4-30 p.m.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.—The Advertisement Department. The 'Bombay Chronicle,' Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL.

Mahmoud Bey the famous Egyptian Spiritualist, just returned to Bombay at Amrut Building, Dougal Road, Ballard Estate, next to Regent Hotel. His fee Rs. 5 for 3 questions to be spiritually solved with correct predictions. (1333).

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Wanted Firms and Merchants throughout India, as Sub-agents and Stockists for Rito and Ritolastic, very useful for building owners, contractors, architects, municipalities, railways, industrial concerns, etc., manufactured by Liverpool Borax Company, Ltd., large sales, enormous profits. Apply Box No. 687, Bombay. (1330).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale a Secondhand Electric Lift by Etchells, Congdon & Muir, Ltd., for 3 persons, total height 50 feet, serving 4 landings, with all gates, erections and girders supports, complete, little used, in fair condition. Apply S. F. B. Tyabji & Co., 56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 25773. (7261).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Birth Control. Information free. Appliances, practical instructions at moderate charge. 'Right Agency', New Bhatwadi, Girgaum, Bombay. (1338).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

A. FRIEND & Co.,
AMBALA CANT
ANNOUNCE
their appointment as SOLE AGENTS for India for the
WONDERFUL SCIENTIFIC GAS SAVER AND INSIDE ENGIN OILER
Saves Petrol 20 to 50 p.c.
A Boon to the Car & Lorry Owners.
Sub-agents Wanted for unoccupied Territory, Terms Liberal.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in this at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion ..	Rs 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ..	Rs. 5-8-0
..	4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ..	Rs 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

LOSS OF BOMBAY PORT TRUST DEBENTURES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that two Bombay Port Trust Debentures, as detailed below, originally issued in favour of and now 'standing' in the name of Monghibai, widow of Aloo Saboor by whom they have not been endorsed, have been recently stolen, lost or destroyed. Payment of the said Debentures and interest thereon has been stopped, and duplicates of the said Debentures will be issued to the proprietor upon the expiration of three years from the date hereof. The interest accruing due on the said Debentures will also be paid to the proprietor thereof Any person having any claim to the said Debentures or to the interest due thereon of any nature whatsoever is hereby required to forthwith make known the same to the said Port Trustees at their office in Bombay. All claims made after the expiration of the said period of three years will be considered waived and of no effect.

Dated the....day of.....1933.
(Sd.) MONGHIBAI, widow of Aloo Saboor.
Proprietor of the Lost Debentures
Countersigned C. PUSEY GAY,
Chief Accountant, Bombay Port Trust.

Particulars of Bonds mentioned above:—

Nos. 9113-9114, Year of Loan 1914/60, Value Rs. 1,000 each.

7297

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 1434 in respect of 10 Ordinary Shares Nos. 95688 to 95697 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, Limited, standing in the name of the late Mr. Karsondas Madhavdas has been LOST or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Post Fort, Bombay No. 1, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Temporary Receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated 3rd October, 1933.

7324

Public Notices

RE: THE WATER SUPPLY AND GENERAL INDUSTRIES, LTD.
(in liquidation.)

SALE OF WATER WORKS AT ADEN.

The business of the Water Works carried on at Aden in the name of the Water Supply and General Industries, Limited, and the whole distilling Plant, Machinery, Buildings, pipe-lines, etc., together with the benefit of the lease of the premises will be sold by Public Auction at the premises at Aden by Mr. C. Ireland, agent of the Official Liquidator of the abovenamed Company on THURSDAY, the 26th day of October, 1933, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

For further particulars apply to the undersigned or to his agent Mr. C. Ireland, Steamer Point, Aden.

Dated the 3rd day of October, 1933.

H. H. WADIA,
Official Liquidator.
Jehangir Building,
133 Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay.

7322

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the construction of the Proposed Building on the island site bounded by Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Hornby Road, Gunbow Street and 20' Road for THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD., Bombay.

The Estimated cost for the building is Rs. 5,26,000.

Plans, Specifications, Conditions and form of Agreement can be had at the office of the undersigned for Rs. 20 per set.

The owners do not bound themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Architects upto 4 p.m. on 25th October 1933.

MASTER, SATHE & BHUTA,
Chartered Architects,
41, Hamam St., Fort, Bombay.

7327

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PALLANJI NUSSERWANJI BAMJI, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within Fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or interest and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Quit and ground and Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the west side of Bomanji Lane, Fort, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 69 square yards or thereabouts, and forming part of the property registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 358, 46, 358, New Nos. A/5358, A/340, A/5360, 5359, and 342, Old Survey Nos. 2/711, 2/711, 1/711, 710, New Survey No. 1 and 2/9146 and 1 and 2/9145, 9147, Cadastral Survey No. 791 of Fort Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward Nos. 2408-2410 and Street Nos. 28-34 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Bomonji Lane, on or towards the West by a passage, on or towards the North partly by Bomonji Lane and partly by the property of Navajbai Cowasji Jijina and on or towards the South by Bomanji Lane and which said premises were formerly and are now occupied by the Vendors tenants.

Bombay, dated this 3rd day of October, 1933.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

7321

Legal Notices

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 47 of 1931.

H. H. WADIA ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
AKBERALI SHARAFALLI and another .... Defendants.

To,
AKBERALLI SHARAFALLI,
the 1st Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that an application will be made to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Rangnekar, on 10th October, 1933, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) for (a) a decree absolute for sale of the property mentioned in the plaint, (b) for an order that the net sale proceeds be applied towards satisfaction of the amount due to the plaintiff and the balance if any of the net sale proceeds be paid to the 2nd defendant as assignee of the estate and effects of the 1st defendant, (c) for an order giving the plaintiff liberty to bid at the sale and to set off the amount of the purchase money or a sufficient part thereof against the amount due to him, (d) for an order giving the plaintiff liberty to apply for a decree against the 2nd defendant limited to the property of the 1st defendant in his hands in the event of the net sale proceeds being insufficient to pay the amount due to the plaintiff, (e) for an order giving the plaintiff liberty to add to the amount due to him under the preliminary decree in the suit his costs charges and expenses between party and party and attorney and client of the said application and of the decree absolute for sale and (f) for such further or other order as to the Court may seem fit.

The affidavit of Natwarlal Maganlal Mehta, dated October, 1933 will be used in support of the above application.

Dated this 4th day of October, 1933.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

7325

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Lt.-Col. P. B. BHARUCHA & MAJ. K. B. BHARUCHA, surviving Trustees of the Deed of Settlement, executed by the late Mr. B. P. Bharucha, have agreed to sell the undermentioned property to our clients the Furchasers.

All persons having any claim to or upon the said property by way of mortgage, charge, inheritance, lease, sale, gift, lien or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Esplanade Road in Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same if any will be considered to have been waived and the purchase will be completed without regard thereto:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground rent land or ground situate, lying and being at Sindhi Lane, without the Fort and in the registration Sub District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and sixteen square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 411, New No. 7685, Old Survey No. 550, New Survey No. 5295 and Cadastral Survey No. 2939 of Bhuleshwar Division together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon and assessed by the assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 6645 and Street No. 19-21-23 and Now, under Street No. 31 and which premises are bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Shanker Narayan Photographer, on or towards the West by the said Sindhi Lane, on or towards the North by the property of Shalegram Jagonnath and on or towards the South by the property of Hurjivan Bechar.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 1933.

PAYNE & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys.

7323

Public Notices

Notice To Jurymen

All Special Jurors, summoned for the Current Criminal Sessions, other than those who are empannelled in the part-heard case under trial, are required to attend at the High Court on FRIDAY, the 6th instant, at 10-45 a.m., and not on Thursday, the 5th instant as previously informed.

HUGH G. COCKE,
Sheriff of Bombay
Bombay, 4th October, 1933.

7326

AUCTION SALES

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.
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SALE OF THE STOCK-IN-TRADE of various kinds of silk and embroidered goods and furniture of the shop and residence of Vallabhdas Keshavji Jariwalla at Bhasker Lane, Cathedral Street, Bhuleshwar (opp. Nursing Lalji Building) on TUESDAY, the 10th October, 1933, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, appointed guardian of the property of the minor Bhagwandas Vallabhdas.

Property on view three days before the sale.

30 per cent deposit will be required at the time of sale and the balance shall be paid and the goods removed within 3 days of the sale. Full particulars from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

BENNETT & Co.
120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE MACHINERY.

Under instructions from the Party concerned. Messrs BENNETT AND CO., will (TODAY) THURSDAY, the 5th October, 1933, at 3-0 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction in separate lots at No. 103, Apollo Street, Fort:—

Machinery such as Ice machine by Worsam and Sons., one 17 B. H. P. Lamp starting Crude Oil Engine, spare parts of Prince Cold starting machine, Punching & Shearing Machine, Hack Saw Machine Bentall Shaff Cutters, Grinding Machine, Black Hair Belting, Ice dry cooler, hand power mangles, electric vacuum cleaners, office furniture such as Remington and German Typewriters, cupboards, tables, file racks, etc., one German Motor cycle.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

THE CARLTON
THREE SHOWS TO-DAY
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
THE FINEST SHOW IN TOWN

FREE LIST SUSPENDED.

A LAND-MARK IN MOTION PICTURES

ATASHI TOOFAN

A Dynamic Thrilling drama of mountain warfare, actually filmed in Europe but synchronised in Urdu for the first time in India.

COMMENCING SATURDAY, the 7th October

at the

Majestic Cinema

Girgaum, Bombay

The Picture-going public reasonably reminded of the superb acting of:—

JUBEIDA & JAL

in

Sagar Movietone's

MIRA BAI

Demands its representation According you will see and hear on SATURDAY

MIRA BAI

Directed by

RAMANIKLAL DESAI

at

IMPERIAL CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD.

To-Night is the Last Night when You Can See It!
New Theatres Limited (Calcutta's) Musical Masterpiece (Hindi).

PURAN BHAKTA

featuring

Mr. KRISHNA CHANDRA

(The blind Singer of Calcutta)

with NEW THEATRES' Famous Stars

KOHINOOR

CINEMA, Dadar

(the favourite talkie house of the Bombay Suburbites.)

Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

from TO-MORROW

TARZAN The Ape-Man

Which You Liked Very Much

PLEASE REMEMBER . . .

MINERVA

(LATE EMPRESS THEATRE)

is going to be the most beautiful Talkie Theatre, completely renovated with all modern conveniences as regards

LIGHTING
SEATING AND EVERYTHING . .

ENTIRELY UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT ! !

At Lamington Road.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

Steamers.	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Malacca Maru	5370	3 Oct	10 Oct
Bengal Maru	5356	8 Oct	17 Oct
*Tango Maru	1000	30 Oct	16 Nov
Penang Maru	5210	13 Nov	23 Nov

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Colombo
Fushimi Maru	11000	17 Oct
Hakozaki Maru	10500	30 Oct
Terukuni Maru	12000	11 Nov

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Colombo
Katori Maru	10000	12 Oct
Kashima Maru	10000	26 Oct.

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Asama Maru	17000	1 Nov
Taiyo Maru	14500	15 Nov

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers	Tons	Leave Kobe
Hiye Maru	11600	11 Nov.
Helan Maru	11600	27 Nov.

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LINE SERVICE To Japan Via SINGAPORE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer	Arrival.	Departure
Hague Maru	8th Oct	15th Oct.
Havre ,,	24th ,,	14th Nov.
Tsurushima ,,	26th ,,	... ...
Havana ,,	9th Nov	22nd Nov.
Atlas ,,	23rd ,,	10th Dec.
Shunko ,,	9th Dec.	25th ,,

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NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL MARKETS—The New York and Liverpool Cotton Markets dominate all other markets of the world and every [illegible] is flashed all round the world Shrewd speculators avail themselves of the news and make profits. The Bureau remains in constant touch with these markets right from the opening day fluctuations to the closing prices

STERLING DOLLAR CROSS-RATE—The Sterling-Dollar Cross-Rate is of utmost importance to business. All the commodity markets rule practically in tune with the fluctuations in the Cross-Rate. We receive opening, closing and all time to time fluctuations together with our London Agent's opinion. We can wire or telephone same to any part of India for a moderate charge.

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DAILY COTTON FUTURES FORECAST:—Based scientifically on astrological calculations and latest cabled advices. This is the only Institution which receives costly cables from Home daily stating therein American Cotton Futures Forecast.

OUR RATES ARE EXTREMELY MODERATE

Further particulars from:
COTTON INFORMATION BUREAU
181, Esmail Building, 1st Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Phone No. 24241.
Tel: "VANUSET."

Income Tax & Sup.. Tax
Statutory Statement of Accounts Prepared. Audit of Books of Firms undertaken.
Telephone No. 23997.
B. L. THOBAR,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
495-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY

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CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu:—Aso Vad 2. 1989.
Muslim:—Jama-dil-Akhar 4 1352
Parsi: Farvandin 29, 1303.
Sunrise:—6h. 30m.
Sunset: 6h. 25m.
Hightide:—0-40. 12-37.
Lowtide:—6-34. 18-41.
PHASES OF THE MOON:—Full Moon 3rd October 10h. 38m. p.m Last Quarter 11th October 10h. 16m. p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Bombay Women's Conference, Blavatsky Lodge. Mrs. F S Talyarkhan presiding. 4-45 p.m.
S. S. "Comorin", with English mails of September 21. due at 9 p.m.

FRIDAY, October 6.

Grant Medical College Gyymkhana annual athletic sports, Kennedy Sea Face, Sir Temulji Nariman. presiding, 2 p.m.

SATURDAY, October 7.

S. S. "Viceroy of India", with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notile appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

14th OCTOBER
RED LETTER THE DATE IN YOUR ENGAGEMENTS
As It Marks the
GRAND OPENING
of
THE REGAL
The Theatre Magnificent
IN THE DISTINGUISHED PRESENCE OF
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY

CLEMENCE DANE'S
Sensational Stage Success
THAT HELD MOIST-EYED CROWDS ENTRANCED A YEAR IN
LONDON
Now Gripping All Bombay At
THE CAPITOL
Bombay's Leading Talkie House
Daily at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
JOHN BARRYMORE
In Radio's Super Picture
A BILL OF DIVORCEMENT
With the "New Greta Garbo"
KATHARINE HEPBURN
A Heart-Pounding Drama that'll Overwhelm You Like a Wave!
NEXT SATURDAY
THE FAMOUS COMEDIAN
ERNEST TRUEX
In M-G-M's Picture that rocked and shocked America
WHISTLING IN THE DARK
THE SEASON'S COMEDY SENSATION
with
UNA MERKEL
WILL GIVE YOU GOOSE PIMPLES ON YOUR FUNNY BONE!

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

CAPITOL: "A Bill of Divorcement" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON: "Adorable". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE: "Pick Up" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON: "So This is Africa". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END: "Rajrani Mira" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE: "Revenge" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC: "Kurukshetra". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY: "It's a Boy". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA: "Illusion" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

7-00 a.m. Time Signal, Commercial Bulletin. Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.
12-00 noon Selection of Indian Music.
12-30 p.m. Selection of European Music.
1 p.m. Bombay Market: Opening Rates.
5-30 p.m. Relay of Music from Capitol Cinema (By kind permission of the management.)
6-30 p.m. Moments Musical by Richard Mtredith.
6-40 p.m. Dance Music Sponsored Programme by Messrs Macmillan and Co., Ltd. (Broadcast Records)
7-30 p.m. Cotton, Silver, Gold Seeds. Wheat, Stock Exchange and other Market Prices.

EUROPEAN PROGRAMME

8 15 p.m. Empire Relay if reception is satisfactory.
8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin.

INDIAN PROGRAMME

9-00 p.m. News in Hindi, New York Opening, Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current Rates
9-10 p.m. Recitation of Holy Koran by Moulvi Gulam Mohomed Kamar.
9-20 p.m. Amirjan of Bijapur in Light Music with Majid Khan, Sarangi.
11-00 p.m. Close Down.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

4-30 p.m. Omni-directional broad cast. t
7-00 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin.
7-15 p.m. Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra.
8-15 p.m. Light Opera and Musical comedy.
8-15 p.m. Concert by Medvedec's Balalaika Orchestra.
8-45 p.m Midland Studio Orchestra.
9-45 p.m. Dance Music by the Casani Club Orihestra.
10-30 p.m. A topical talk
10-45 p.m. News Bulletin

RAHIMTULLA DISPENSARY.—The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the weak ending 30th September was 325; of these 223 were males and 102 females.

JAMIAT ASHUBBAN AL-MUSLIMEEEN.—"Under the auspices of Jamiat Ashubban Al-Muslimeen a public lecture on 'The rise and falls of Modern times' will be delivered by Mr. Haji Abubakr Mitha to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the J. S. M Hall Maniar Building, Pydhoni. Mr. Yusuf Theba will preside.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The Outward F. and O. Mail Steamer "Mooltan" with the mails from London of the 28th ultimo arrived at Port Said at 4 a.m. on the 4th instant and left there at 9 a.m. the same day.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per S. S. "President Polk" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12-30 p.m. on Friday the 6th instant.

"D" WARD ELECTION.

We are informed that the report appearing in certain papers that Dr B. R. Ambedkar is going to contest a seat at the ensuing by-election for the Municipal Corporation in the 'D' Ward we are is without foudation.

Dr. Ambedkar has never ntended to stand as a candidate for the Municipal Corporation.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS.—Under the auspices of the Indian Institute of Architects, a public lecture on "Design of Large Concrete Slab and Mushroom Columns" will be delivered by Mr. K. J. Mhatre at the Registered Office of the Institute—The Sorab F. Bharoocha Architectural Library—to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. (S T) Mr. T S Gregson will preside.

ORDER ON GIRNI KAMGAR UNION

Membership Register To Be Produced In Dadar Police Court

"ASSAULT" ON JOBBER

Prosecution Alleges, Three Accused Are Members Of Union.

At the Dadar Police Court on Wednesday afternoon Mr. Oscar H. Brown passed orders directing the President of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union, to produce in Court the membership register of the union and to give inspection of the same to the police in the presence of the defence counsel. in order to enable them to obtain the information they wanted.

This order was made on an application of the Crown in the case in which three men were charged for an alleged assault on the head mill jobber of the Standard Mill Mr. G. L. Khandalker. the President of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union, it was stated had been asked by the police to produce the registers of the members and volunteers of the G K. U. in order to ascertain whether the three accused were as alleged by the prosecution members of the said Union.

As this request had been refused the police moved the Magistrate for an order directing the President to produce the books for their inspection.

NO VOLUNTEER REGISTER.

Mr. Karnik. appeared on behalf of the B. G. K. U. and submitted that there were no register of the volunteers maintained by the Union but a register of the members was available. He further submitted that the Police could not be given a rowing inspection of the register as it contained information which may be used to the disadvantage of the union. He however agreed to produce in Court the register and allow inspection in his presence to the other side.

The Magistrate passed orders accordingly.

GANDHI JAYANTI AT BORDI

(From A Correspondent.)
BORDI, Oct. 2.

The 65th Gandhi Jayanti was celebrated at Bordi on October 2 when a charawha and a plough were worshipped and Messrs. Bhise. Mukundrao Save. Barve and Chitre dwelt upon the outstanding characteristics of Mahatma Gandhi and erhorted caste Hindus to unite by removing untouchability. They further added that a plough and a charkha will alone save India from the present national crisis.

CONDOLENCE MEETING.— The Jamiat Ashubban Al-Muslimeen, at a meeting held recently passed resolutions expressing deep regret at the death of Mr. Kadri. M L C and Mr. S. K. Nabiullah. member of the Bombay Corporation and appreciating their services to the Muslim Community. The resolutions also express sympathy with the families of the deceased.

CONDOLENCE MEETING

At an extra-ordinary general meeting of the Memon Merchants' Association held recently, a resolution regretting the death of Seth Haji Suleman Haji Peermohmed and expressing the Association's sympathy with deceased's family.

MASKATI DISPENSARY.—The number of out patients treated in the Maskati Charitable Dispensary and also Labour Cases in the Bai Nematoolabai Maskati Maternity Home at Kurwa Road of Surat in the Month of September was Men 3791. Women 3147. Children 3564. Labour 9. Total 10511.

TEMPLE ANNIVERSARY.—The 47th Anniversary of the Gokuldas Tejpal Shree Laxmi-Narayan Temple at Gowalia Tank Road will be celebrated to-day (Thursday) at 7 p.m. when Kavi Lalitji will sing religious songs.

Fire works will be let off at 9 p.m. (S T) on Saturday (7th inst.)

MALARIA CARRIER.—The following is the list of places in Bombay City where Anopheles Stephensi. the Malaria Carrier, was detected breeding during the week ended on 30-9-1933.

Dongri. in house No. 177 in a Cistern. Bellasis Road, in house No. 333 in wooden vats. Haines Road, in house No. 628-658 in a cattle trough. Agripada Chawl Street in open compound in an earthen pot. Junction of Lamington Road and Falkland Road, in a cattle trough. Love Lane, in house No. 99-A, B. C, in a well. Bellasis Road, in house Nos. 280-290 in a drum. Govesnment Gate Road, in house No. 30 in a well.

HANDICRAFTS SUPERVISOR'S POST

Standing Committee Discusses Legality Of Its Creation

A statement showing that the principal lakes which supply water to the city are overbowing, was presented at the meeting of the Municipal Standing Committee held on Wednesday.

The Committee also considered a letter of the Municipal Auditors asking if it was in order, for the purposes of audit, for the Schools Committee to create a new post of Supervisor of handicrafts as it had been held by the Educational Inspector. Bombay Division, that handicrafts could not be included in primary education under the Primary Education Act.

The letter of the Municipal Auditors is as follows:

"We have the honour to state that as recommended by the Secretary. Schools Committee, in his memorandum dated the 12th August 1933. embodied in the Schools Committee's Resolution No. 402, dated the 16th August 1933, the Schools Committee have created the post of Supervisor of Handicrafts—Teaching Furniture Store and Workshops on Rs. 125-5-175 with a conveyance allowance of Rs. 20 per month. On our requesting that officer to refer us to the authority (Municipal Act or Bye-law) under which the Schools Committee has power to create the post referred to above, we are informed in his letter No. E.-4051, dated the 20th September 1933, that the powers of the Schools Committee under Section 39(9) of the Municipal Act are absolute and cannot be controlled by the Corporation. (Vide Counsel's opinion of 5th November 1930)

NOT IN "PRIMARY EDUCATION."

"In this connection we beg to invite attention to letter No. Pri—31-2728. dater the 21st June 1933, from the Educational Inspector, Bombay Division, in which the states that 'Handicraft' cannot be included in 'Primary Education' under Sections 1(3) and 2(5) of the City of Bombay Primary Education Act of 1920 and Section 59(7 and 9) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act of 1888.

"May we therefore request you to obtain the necessary orders of the Standing Committee and the Corporation as to whether the orders of the Schools Committee should be considered sufficient, for audit purposes, for the creation of posts which do not fall under 'Primary Education'. The orders in this case will apply to other similar cases also."

REFERRED TO ESTABLISHMENT SUB-COMMITTEE.

Prof. V. G. Rao moved that the matter be referred to the Establishment Sub-Committee.

Dr. Collaco asked if it was proper to allow creation of new posts by the Schools Committee while other Municipal departments were being starved.

Prof. Rao said that the question as to whether imparting knowledge of handicrafts came within the meaning of primary education had been discussed by the Schools Committee and Government's opinion in the matter was also being sought. He thought that it was an important question which should be dealt with by a Committee.

Finally the matter was referred to the Establishment Sub-Committee.

NEW SOLICITORS

High Court Examination Results

Mrs. Freni Noshirwan Jhabwalla and Mr. Kisenlal Mahipatram Diwanji have passed the Articled Clerks Examination held by the High Court in September last.

Mr. Asrut Eruch Gandhi and Mr. Pheroze R. Mehta have been declared successful in Part I only.

FILM STAR IN CAR COLLISION

Accident At Government House Gate

There was a motor accident on Tuesday night on the Walkeshwar Road resulting in slight damages to two cars, while the occupants escaped unhurt.

It appears that the car driven by Mr. D. R. Billimoria, a Film Star was going towards Chaupati, while another car was going up the Malabar Hill. Near the lower gate of the Government House both the cars collided resulting in the cars being damaged slightly.

Mysore.—The fifth annual meeting of All-India Exhibitors at the Mysore Dasara was held at the Exhibition Pavilion under the chairmanship of Mr. V. L. Dhanaram The report of the previous year on the work of the Association was read, adopted and resolutions about the disabilities of the Exhibitors were passed for communication to the authorities.

MEETING URGENT NEED IN CITY

Mrs. Naidu Praises Relief Work Of Released Volunteers

"I had great pleasure in visting the released volunteers' camp on Tuesday. I found about 100 volunteers newly discharged from the Presidency Jails. waiting for various kinds of relief. I have carefully gone into details of how help is being administered. and am of opinion that this Camp meets an urgent. though temporary. need. it act as a clearing house, and affords practical assistance to the discharged volunteers, either by setting them up in small trades and occupations or by sending them back to their native places, should they desire to leave Bombay

The "bonafieds" of each Volunteer is scrutinised before he is admitted into the Camp. and entitled to receive board and in some cases lodging for a limited period.

TRIBUTE TO ORGANISERS.

The organisers. Sardar Jamiat Singh and Mr. Abdur Rehman Mitha, are working with exemplary devotion in order to maintain the modest institution for a maximum period of six months, when it is believed that the last batches of Volunteers now in jail will have been released.

They are supported in their labour of love by an influential Committee of men. prominent in public life. I cordially endorse any appeal for financial help that may be made on behalf of the released volunteers camp from the ever generous people of Bombay who have never refused their sympathy to any worthy cause."

DETAILS OF RELIEF.

The Secretary, Released Volunteers' Relief Committee, writes:—

"The Released volunteers' camp was started on the 18th August 1933. Up till now the Camp has received Rs. 2.801-8-0, and spent Rs. 2,785-4-9 leaving a balance in hand of Rs. 16-3-3.

The camp has been feeding at the average of 100 volunteers per day. Eighty volunteers have been sent to their homes. Two hundred and Six vounteers have been given relief and employed in various petty trades. (The cost of wheat, rice and Dal is not included in the expenses as the same was received free of cost.)

206 released volunteers have been given relief and employed in petty trades.

Eighty released Volunteers have been sent to their homes. Most of the volunteers belonged to one town only, with the exception of:—

Madras	5
Mysore	5
Madura	3
Salem	3
Nainital	2
Arakonam	2
Peshawar	2
Lahore	2
Cutch	2
Karachi	3
Nagpur	3
Sholapur	2
Ahmedabad	4
Surat	3

THE IMPROVED SPINNING MACHINE

The working of the new Spinning Machine, which is demonstrated daily at Khadi Bhandar (396, Kalbadevi Road), between 4 and 6-30 p.m. will not take place to-day. From to-morrow it will work at the usual time.

TO VINDICATE HONOUR OF KHILAFAT & VOLUNTEERS

Maulana Shaukat Ali Explains Why Prosecution Was Launched Against "Journal" Before Riot Enquiry Commission Was Instituted

Are the words "I shall go out and see what I can do" capable of an innocent interpretation? was the question asked by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala Presidency Magistrate. Third Court, Bombay at the resumed hearing on Wednesday afternoon of the case in which Maulana Shaukat Ali is charging Mr. S. Sadanand and Mr. N. D. Nadkarni Editor and Printer of Free Press Journal respectively with defamation in respect of three articles published in the Free Press Journal in May 1932.

THREAT IMPLIED?

Mr. Noori, Advocate for the complainant said. that if the words were taken together with the words "walked out saying I shall go out and see what I can do", it would be impossible to resist the conclusion the words implied a threat held out to the Peace committee's work. The only reasonable conclusion would be that Maulana Shaukat Ali was going out to create trouble.

Mr. Kanuga submitted that the words were capable of a very innocent interpretation. In fact what Maulana Shaukat Ali did after he left the Peace Committee would support his case. Maulana Shaukat Ali had himself written an article in the Khilafat stating that he had gone out of the committee because he could not work for the cause of peace with such men and that he wanted to be free to bring about peace.

"NOT IN A TEMPER."

Continuing his cross-examination Mr. Kanuga asked the complainant whether the communique issued by the Peace Committee was an accurate account of what actually transpired at the meeting on the 19th May. Witness said barring the use of the word "temper" which should be "indignation" the rest of the report was correct. He emphasised that as he had not walked out of the place in a "temper" it was incorrect to state so. He was only indignant at the treatment he had received at the hands of a section of the members of the Peace Committee.

TWO ARTICLES.

Mr. Kanuga then tendered some articles written by Maulana Shaukat Ali between May 22 and June 3 to prove that the complainant had not taken any objection whatsoever to the use of the words "I shall go out and see what I can do", although he had repeatedly commented on the incident, only two articles were allowed to be put in as the Magistrate observed that all these articles contained totally irrelevant matters to the issues involved in this case.

Answering questions on these exhibits Maulana Shaukat Ali stated that he had already made up his mind to place the whole matter before the Khilafat Committee and he did not therefore choose to comment on this in his paper.

"WARLIKE SPEECH" DEFINED.

Maulana Shaukat Ali was then questioned on the third charge. Witness said that the words "Another war-like speech" would mean that he had given a declaration of war. That is the only meaning he could put on it. Asked to define the words, the witness said "a war-like speech means, I came to fight but I came there to work for peace. Therefore War-like speech means, a speech which contained a declaration of war and as I did not go there to declare war I object to it."

Mr. Kanuga showed to the witness an article written by him on May 28 in the Khilafat wherein he had stated that the Government had proposed to hold an inquiry into the causes of the riots and before the commission of inquiry was instituted they should file a suit against the Free Press Journal. Maulana Shaukat Ali said that it was left to the Khilafat Committee what to do in the matter as he wanted to vindicate the honour of the Khilafat and its Volunteer organisations.

The Magistrate wanted to know what was the relevancy of the question? Mr. Kanuga said that his submission to the Court was going to be that the complainant wanted to stifle the scope of the committee's inquiries by launching these proceedings, so as to make some important incidents "sub-judice" and the Government would not then naturally hold an inquiry.

EXHIBIT DISALLOWED.

Mr. Noori pointed out that there was nothing to show that his client had any such intention. The Magistrate observed that the defence counsel may probably have that knowledge, but was it possible to credit the complainant who was a layman with that amount of legal knowledge. After some further discussion, the Magistrate disallowed the defence counsel to put in the article as an exhibit.

The cross-examination of the witness had not concluded when the Court rose for the day. Further hearing was adjourned to Thursday 3-30 p.m.

Mr. Y. Noori Bar-at-law (Ahmedabad) appeared for the complainant. Mr. C. N. Kanuga instructed by Mr. Gadkari defended the accused.

WIDOWS' REMARRIAGE

Conference Begins At Ajmer On 18th October

Sjt. Motilal Malayvar, Advocate, Hony. Secretary of A.I.W.R. Conference wires from Ajmer:—

"The All-India Widow Remarriage Conference will be held at Ajmer on 18th and 19th instants on the Dayanand Semi-Centenary celebration occasion. Rai Bahadur Badri Das, Advocate of Lahore, has been requested to preside at the Conference.

Hindu institutions such as Hindu Sabha, Arya Samaj and caste institutions, etc., working for social reforms are requested to send their representatives.

Resolutions to be moved in the Conference should reach the Hon. Secretary, Sir Gangaram Vidhva Bhawan, Ajmer by the 14th inst."

PAREL BUTTER FAKER FINED

Abdulla Abbas. the owner of a Restaurant in Parel was fined Rs. 150/- in default four months imprisonment. by Mr. Oscar H. Brown. Presidency Magistrate Fifth Court. Dadar on Wednesday for selling as "butter" a substance which was found on analysis to contain 100 per cent foreign matter.

PATHE
SYLVIA SIDNEY
GEORGE RAFT
IN VINA DELMAR'S
PICK UP
TO-DAY ONLY 3-30, 6-30 & 10
TO-MORROW
3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
A Magnificent Spectacular Drama

"THE EAGLE and THE HAWK"
A Paramount Picture
with
FREDRIC MARCH
CARY GRANT
CAROLE LOMBARD—JACK OAKIE

FRUIT SELLER SAYS HE STABBED IN SELF-DEFENCE

Coroner's Jury Return Verdict Of Murder Against Suspect Arrested In Moving Train

"I want it to be noted that I had no intention to kill the deceased..... He tried to push me out of the moving train and in self-defence I had to stab him" burst out Ramsuraj Dayal, the Bhayya, who has been arrested in connection with the murder of Surajpal Satdeo, at the conclusion of the nquest held on the body by the Coroner on Wednesday.

From the evidence recorded it transpires that the suspect knew both the deceased and his brother for the last three months. During the mango season, the deceased's brother and the suspect's brother worked in partnership. On Tuesday morning the deceased and the suspect, both of whom were fruit hawkers, started from Matunga with the intention of purchasing fruit in the Crawford Market. According to the suspect, the deceased asked him not to get down at Marine Lines but to go straight to Churchgate. When the local train reached Churchgate, the deceased ran and got into a carriage that was to have started towards Marine Lines. The suspect also followed him. Both of them were standing near the entrance to the carriage. When the train moved, the deceased tried to push the suspect out but he caught hold of the perpendicular pole. In self-defence he stabbed the deceased.

PORTER SEES FIGHT.

One of the porters giving evidence said that when the train was nearing the platform, he saw two Bhayyas quarelling. He also saw the suspect stabbing the deceased thrice. The deceased fell down unconscious and was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where he died. The suspect, who was trying to escape was chased and arrested by two porters.

The brother of the deceased giving evidence stated that he knew the suspect. Hearing that his brother had been stabbed, he went to the Hospital. As soon as he saw his brother covered with blood, and noticed the stab wounds the witness fainted.

SUSPECT'S STATEMENT.

Before the jury returned the verdict, the suspect declared that he had something to say, and wanted it to be recorded. The Coroner warned him that whatever he said would be used against him. But the suspect insisted in making a statement and said: "I want it to be noted that I did not intend to kill the deceased. The deceased and his brother had taken away a pair of scales belonging to him and refused to return it. About 15 days ago both of them assaulted him on the Matunga Station. On Tuesday morning both the deceased and myself started from Matunga to buy fruit. The deceased asked me not to get down at Marine Lines but to go direct to Churchgate. I agreed. When the train reached Churchgate the deceased ran towards a carriage of the train that was about to leave and I also followed him. When the train had left the Churchgate station, the deceased tried to push me out and I caught hold of the perpendicular pole and saved myself. In self-defence I stabbed, but I had no intention of killing him."

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death due to stab wounds. The jury held that the suspect inflicted the stab wounds and had rendered himself liable to prosecution for murder.

Bombay 'Varsity Football Blues

The following players represented the Bombay University in the 1933-34 Football Tournament which they won:—
STANDING:—Shah, Pandey, Chaudy Prim and Amar Singh.
SEATED: Jacob Narola (Secy.) Sircar (Capt.), Badruddin and D'Souza.
ON-GROUND: Alexander and John.

RAJPUTANA TROUNCED

Hindu Gymkhana Wins By Innings & 85 Runs

A severe trouncing by an innings and 85 runs at the hands of the Hindu Gymkhana in a two-day fixture on Tuesday and Wednesday last was the bitter experience of the Rajputana Cricket Team who failed to come up to the high expectations entertained of them. They were dismissed for a meagre total of 55 runs in the first innings but in the second knock they fared better and compiled a total of 143 runs.

The home side however had put up 283, all told, and the Hindu Gymkhana won the match on their merits.

HOME TEAM'S SCORE.

C. N. Mehta and C. M. Thimaya the overnight not outs resumed the innings but Mehta was the first to go for obstruction to a straight one from Azim Khan. Eleven runs later Thimaya left being caught by Sethna off the same bowler. Poudwal scored 14 and Wadkar with 15 to his credit remained unbeaten the whole side eventually putting up 283 runs, 19 of which were extras.

In their second venture the visitors did much better but none the less the Gymkhana bowling was not to their liking. Dhani Ram, and Kutubuddin took the total to 48 before the fall of the first wicket when Dhani Ram left being bowled by D. S. Talpade. Then wickets began to go down at regular intervals, the only bright patch being the batting of Kutubuddin who played well to score 31 and of Atiq Hussain and Abbas who put up 25 and 30 respectively. The rest of the side fared miserably and the second innings of the tourists closed for 143 leaving the Hindus victorious by a good margin of an innings and 85 runs.

THE SCORES:

Rajputana Team 1st innings 55 runs.

HINDU GYM. 1ST INNINGS.

K. V. Bhandarkar b Azim Khan	10
S. S. Dongre c Dhani Ram, b Atiq Husein	30
L. P. Jai b B. C. Khanna	11
V. S. Dongre b B.C. Khanna	72
P. J. Chury c Gulab Sing B. C. Khanna	84
C. N. Mehta lbw. Azim Khan	3
C. M. Thimaya c Sethna Azim Khan	23
K. R. Poudwal b Murad	14
R. R. Wadker not out	15
M. Bhagwandas b Azim Khan	2
D. S. Talpade b Azim Khan	0
Extras	19
Total	283

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	Runs.	wkts.
Azim Khan	46	5
B. C. Khanna	103	3
Murad	36	1
Atiq Husein	46	1
Abbas	33	—

RAJPUTANA C. C. 2ND INNINGS

Dhani Ram b D. S. Talpade	22
Kutubuddin c V. S. Dongre b Wadker	31
Mhrad lbw. V. S. Dongre	1
Atiq Husein c Poudwal b D S. Talpade	25
Azim Khan b Wadker	0
B. C. Khanna b V. S. Dongre	8
G. M. Razdam b Talpade	4
Abbas not out	30
Gulab Singh lbw. Talpade	4
B. R. Sethna lbw. L. P. Jai	5
Extras	13
Total	143

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	Runs	Wkts.
D. S. Talpade	28	4
C. N. Mehta	15	—
Wadker	22	2
Bhagwandas	11	—
V. S. Dongre	18	2
L. P. Jai	23	1
Thimaya	13	—

POONA HANDICAPS

Weights For Third Day Of Autumn Meeting On Saturday

POONA, Oct. 4.

The following are the handicaps for the third day of Poona Autumn Meeting on Saturday next:—

THE DONCASTER PLATE.—Distance 1 mile 1 furlongs.

The Stiff 9-4, Lochmore 9-2, Carnelian 8-13, Bucentaur 8-7, Corcy 8-5, Custodian 8-2, Message 8-1, Maybar 8-1, Knight's Adventure 8-1, Golden Cross 8-0, Crusty 8-0, Monreale 7-12, Hero Worship 7-12, Galloping Major 7-11, Greek Burn 7-9, D'Artagnan 7-7, Francolin 7-3, Foilish Count 7-2.

CLUB PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

St Valour 9-2, Corbyn 8-11, Vendor 8-9, Clairette 8-9, Strength 8-8, Fairford 8-8, Mahalashmi 8-7, Lovely One 8-6, Permarch 8-4, Essex Brook 8-4, Dandy Brush 8-3, Woven 8-3, Boy 8-2, Miss Mount 8-2, Rajpyari (late Clady) 7-13, Hollywood Nights 7-12, Tomtit 7-12, On Time 7-11, Pobieda 7-11, Miss Tina 7-11, Doreda 7-11, Howth 7-11, Fors Abbey 7-8, Up To Jinks 7-7, Hooray 7-6, Witch Music 7-5, Amarsinha (late Vale Ogaunt) 7-5, Raghubeer 7-5, Eothen 7-4, Marten Orb 7-4, Meredian 7-2, Silver Lady II 6-12.

CONNAUGHT PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Sassaby 9-7, Bridge Thorn 9-7, Tinder Gee 9-3, Conciliator 9-2, Bright Nigger 8-12, Kirkibost 8-8, Puffin 8-7, Geneva 8-7, Buckskin 8-6, Forecat 8-4, Insomnia 8-0, Grecian 8-0, Queen's Pilot 7-12, Cheer Up 7-11, Old Roy 7-3, Roseville 6-12, Navroz Charm 6-7.

GOD-BYE PLATE (Div. I).—Distance 1 mile.

Saifuldowla 8-4, Sarsam 8-11, Rushdi 8-9, Watch Maker 8-5, Collector 8-4, Orient 8-4, Muhaisin 8-1, Murat 7-13, Waalim 7-10, Nazam Bahadur 7-10, Zozan 7-9, Blue Star 7-9, Lamington 7-7, Famous 7-7, Young Avar 7-5, Misyer 7-5, Dhib Shalwa 7-4, Saduzaman 7-0, Hussun Al Muluk 7-0.

GOOD-BYE PLATE (Div II).—Distance 1 mile.

Rustom 9-0, Bulbul Hazar 8-13, Sannan 8-10, Tara 8-9, Grey King 8-7, Hayar 8-7, Prince Ghazi 8-5, Sanjakdar 8-5, Redcar 8-5, Hamrodi 8-4, Buick 8-3, Victor 8-3, Star King 8-2, Jinanar 8-1, Banco 8-0, Aslan Beg 8-0, Kummer 8-0, Burzan 7-13, Shogat Aziz 7-12, Khairi 7-12, High Flier 7-12, Shekib 7-11, Danger 7-11, Zoolum 7-10, Bibijan 7-10, Shaher 7-8, Maarib 7-7, Packard 7-7, Mint Master 7-4, Prince Charlie 7-4.—A.P.

510 DEATHS IN ONE WEEK

Bombay's Mortality Rate Work Out At 22.8 On 1931 Population

The health returns for Bombay during the 39th week of 1933, i.e., the week ended 30th September 1933 were as under:—

"The total mortality 510 was 1 more than in the last week; the death rate registered was 22.8 on the Census population of 1931. The mortality for the 39th week of 1932 was 444 and the death rate 19.1. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium 1928-1932 was 485 and death rate 20.2.

Out of the total deaths, 167 were among infants under one year of age.

During the week, Plague caused 1 attack (imported from Poona) and 1 death; Cholera caused 4 attacks and 3 deaths; Small-pox was absent. The number of deaths from Typhoid was 7.

The number of live births registered during the week was 541 as against 622 for the 39th week of 1932, and 555 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1928-1932).

DEATH FROM OPIUM POISONING

A verdict of death due to a suicidal dose of opium was returned by the Coroner's Jury at the inquest held on Wednesday on the body of Jadhavji Shamji (30).

From the evidence it transpires that the man went to sleep in his room at 11 P. M. on Monday night, and as he did not get up in time on Tuesday morning, one of his aunts knocked at the door and finding that there was no response from inside, the door was broken open and the man was found lying dead. It was later found on medical examination that the man had died of opium poisoning.

DADAR TRAGEDY ECHO

Suspects Remanded To Police Custody

In connection with the murder of Mrs. Frenibai Tarapore and the robbery of ornaments valued at Rs. 493, the three suspects—Sevantibai, the ayah, Henry Salve and Izak Patole, were further remanded to Police custody till October 17, as the police had not yet received the chemical analysers' report on some of the exhibits sent to him.

BIKANER CASE ECHO

Sending Of Doctor To Examine Accused In Prison Urged

The purport of the telegrams that have been despatched by the Bikaner Political Case Committee, Bombay, (one to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bikaner, and the other to the trying judge of Bikaner "Conspiracy" Case) is given below:—

The first telegram requests that Dr. Ambalal should be sent to Bikaner to medically examine Satya Narain and other accused in the prison. Appointment of date for the same is solicited.

The second telegram regrets the insulting attitude of the judge towards the Defence Counsel, and prays to the judge either to compromise with the Defence Counsel or to give permission for sending a new counsel from Bombay.

OVERDOSE OF OPIUM

Mysterious Death Of Cotton Broker

Mystery surrounds the death of a Gujarati cotton broker, who was found dead in his room, with the door bolted from inside on Tuesday morning. Sub-Inspector Parab of the Pydhonie Police Station is carrying on vigorous enquiries in the case.

It appears that Jadhavji Shamji (32), a cotton broker living with his family in a building at Chinch Bunder went to sleep in his room at 11 p.m. on Monday night and bolted the door from inside.

On Tuesday morning, one of Jadhav's aunts finding that he was not still awake, though he used to get up very early everyday knocked at his door. Finding that there was no response from inside, she told friends and the Pydhonie Police were also summoned.

There being no response from inside to the repeated knockings, the police broke open the door, to find Jadhavji lying dead on the floor. It was later ascertained by the police that death was due to an overdose of opium.

The City Coroner will hold an inquest over the body on Wednesday.

QUARANTINE AT BUSHIRE CONTINUES

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

"The Resident at Bushire intimates that quarantine restrictions against cholera which had been imposed at Mohammerah on 25th July are still in force."

M. C. C. VISIT TO KARACHI

Local Players Selected To Meet Tourists

KARACHI, October 4.

The following players have been invited to play against the M.C.C. if selected, Mr. Rubies XI vs. M.C.C.: Gulam Mahommed; G. Aste; J. Harris; B. W. Hawke; M. Abdulla; J. S. Fernandes; Mahomed Ebrahim; L. Blakeney; Abbaskhan; W. Mascarenhas; D. Carrol; Abdulkhalik; Syrett; Abdul Aziz; Fateh Mahomed.

Karachi XI vs. M.C.C.: J. Naoomal; F. B. Minwalla; Doulatram; S. M. Palsotia; M. A. Gopaldas; D. J. Mobed; Shankerdas; M. J. Mobed; Jagnnath Dalvi; S. K. Irani; Lekhraj Chapra; A. K. Irani; Duhalanomal; Mavalwalla and Gangaram.—A.P.

BASEBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

New York Giants Beat Washington Senators

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.

At the Polo Grounds for the Baseball World's Championship Series in the first game, the New York Giants, champions of the National League, beat the Washington Senators, champions of American League, by 4 runs to 2.

WORLD'S MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

Thil Defeats Tunero On Points To Retain Title

PARIS, Oct. 2.

In a fifteen round contest for the World's Middleweight Championship Marcel Thil, recognised in Europe as the World's Champion, retained his title, defeating on points Kid Tunero, the Cuban Champion.—Reuter.

DEFAMATION CHARGE PROVED

"Swadhin Bharat" Jt. Editors And Printer Fined Rs. 100 Each

The Joint Editors and Printer of "Swadhin Bharat" were convicted and fined Rs. 100 each, on a charge of defamation, filed by Sir Hukumchand Sarupchand at the Esplanade Police Court Bombay by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Wednesday.

SWADESHI MARKET MUSEUM

Change In Hours Of Exhibition

As many as 73 manucturers have hired stalls in this Museum and sent in their products for exhibition.

The hours of the Museum will be as under:—

From 11 a.m. to 7 p.m (S T) upto the 6th instant.

From 9 a.m. to 12 noon, and from 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. (S T), on the 7th instant, and onwards.

JARDINE.

BABY BURIED ON CHOWPATTY SANDS

Police Arrest Hindu Girl In Connection With Crime

The Gamdevi Police are enquiring into the antecedents of a young girl named Kalyanibai Ramachandra (18), who was arrested by a police constable on Wednesday morning, while she was trying to run away after burying a newly born baby on the Chowpatty sands.

It appears that a police constable was informed by a boy at about 6 in the morning that he had seen just a few minutes before two women burying a baby in the sand. The boy also pointed out two women who were walking away. The constable ran after them, but one of the women managed to escape. The constable stopped the other woman Kalyanibai and after a lot of questioning she pointed out the place where the baby had been buried. The body was taken sent to the morgue and the girl was arrested and sent to the Motlibai Hospital.

Dr. Nunan, who held a post-mortem examination was of opinion that the child had been born alive, but had been throttled to death.

Rangoon.—A communique states that a convocation of the University of Rangoon for the conferment of Degrees, Diplomas and Certificates will be held on Wednesday (December 6), at 4 p.m.—

PENSIONER IN TROUBLE

Rly. Clerk Charges Him With Defamation

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, October 3.

A case of defamation has been filed in the Court of the City Magistrate of Thana by Mr. Louis Rodriques (43), President of the G.I.P. Railway Indian Institute, Thana, against Mr. Nicklao Pascal D'Cunha (60), a Municipal pensioner.

The Magistrate, after examining the complainant has ordered summons to be issued against the respondent.

The complainant maintains that he is the Head Clerk in the Works Branch of the Chief Transportation Superintendent's office, Victoria Terminus. He is the President of the Thana Catholic Association. He has been President of the Indian Railway Institute for the last five years. He was formerly Councillor of the Thana Municipality. He, therefore, holds a respectable position in public life.

Mr. G.B. Walavalkar appeared for the complainant.

The complainant alleges that he and the respondent own properties adjacent to each other at Thana. In February last, a dispute arose between them on the question of a strip of land. A civil suit by the respondent is pending in the First Class Sub-Judge's Court, at Thana. Since then they were on hostile terms with each other.

On February 27 last, D'Cunha is alleged to have written a pseudonymous letter to the Agent of the G.I.P. Railway, whereon several defamatory statements were made against the complainant personally as well as in his capacity as the President of the Institute. Another similar letter was addressed to the Chief Transportation Superintendent on April 4 last. As a result of the departmental inquiry, the complainant is advised to take legal steps against the respondent.

The complainant produced those letters and put in another letter written by the respondent in his own name for comparison of handwriting by the expert.

The complainant has submitted that the allegations are utterly false, spiteful and "per se" defamatory.

PRESS WORKERS ON STRIKE

Sequel To Proposed Wage-Cut

For the last three days the Bombay Press Workers' Union is leading a strike of about 500 men in the British India Press. Some time ago the Managing Director of the Press reduced a number of workers to which the men after some resistance yielded. Now the Directors of the Press state that they are incurring a loss and so they desire to effect a wage-cut of all the workers who number about 500. Among them there are old hands who have put in a number of years of service.

The management have also introduced Pali system and there are some other grievances as well. The men struck work after due consideration of the whole situation.

The Bombay Press Workers' Union of which all the above men became members is now leading the strike.

Both the Union and the Management are still continuing negotiations with the least possible harm to the workers and the Press. The railway workers who held their meeting on Sunday at Nappoo Hall supported the cause of the press workers now on strike.

HINDU BOY KILLED

Sambu Sarda, a five-year old boy was going along the Kurla Road on Wednesday morning at 9-15. At the junction of the Argyle Road and the Kurla Road, the boy ran across the road, and a handcart dragged by two men knocked him down. He received severe injuries and was immediately removed to the G. T. Hospital, where it was found that life was extinct. The body has been removed to the morgue.

Orissa Floods Damage 2,000 Villages

Mr. Andrews Draws Vivid Picture Of Disaster And Urges Calcutta And Bombay To Help In Time To Avert Greater Horror Of Cholera And Malaria

Mr. C. F. Andrews has sent us the following note concerning the Orissa flood for publication. Other articles under his signature will follow:—

"It is only when one has seen the mighty Mahanadi River in full flood that one can realise the extent of the disaster, which has occurred this year. My own sight of it was in calm weather when the waters from up-country rushed down again a few days ago, causing great anxiety. But when the disaster occurred and all the terrible damage was done, a hurricane had swept over the plain of Orissa, and the sea of the Bay of Bengal had reached its highest tide point.

WRATH OF NATURE.

All the forces of Nature seemed to combine together. There were twenty inches of rain in three days in the Cuttack area itself. Then along with this came the hurricane in the Bay of Bengal, driving the sea with unprecedented force against the coast. The flood water therefore could not discharge themselves quickly. Then last of all, from the Interior, the deluge of rain swelled the Mahanadi to its bursting point, where it broke all bounds and acted like a wild thing let loose devastating the country as it drove down embankments flat and rushed through the breaches thus hade.

One such breach near the Marwari Relief Centre at Khandeitta is nearly a quarter of a mile across, through which the raging waters of the Mahanadi have proved creating a new Delta River, which as it winds in and out has traversed 60 miles of protected land, until it has reached the sea down the mouth of the Prachi River not far from Puri itself. In some places along this new track the devastation is many miles wide.

2,000 VILLAGES DAMAGED.

"It is in this manner that nearly 2,000 villages have been damaged—some of them washed almost completely away. The marvel has been that the loss of life has been so small. But though with marvellous skill the inhabitants saved themselves from drowning they have not been able to ward off the still more deadly enemy of disease. Nine hundred have died of cholera in a single month, and in spite of wholesale preventive medicine and inoculation, this dread disease still claims its victims. Malaria has broken out in its most virulent form; and it is probable that it will claim far more deaths than cholera.

DEATH ROLL MOUNTING UP.

In this manner, the death roll is mounting up and the misery that this denotes can hardly be even imagined by those who have not seen the starved condition of the people.

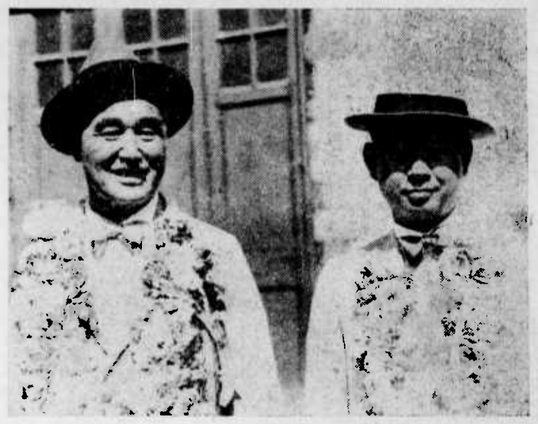
In this disaster help from Government officials has been prompt and beneficial. There has been no minimising of the devastation. Warnings also were given in good time all over the Delta area, and on this account probably men and women and children were able to reach places of safety.

But the official work has not been able to reach every source of misery and on all sides it has needed supplementing. It has welcomed voluntary help and warmly appreciated it. The local Flood Committee combines all sections of the community and there is no rivalry or overlapping.

Thus the relief work has started under the most favourable conditions possible. But already nearly two months have gone by since August 4th, when the storms came and the floods descended.

Local charities have been stretched to the uttermost, and the only hope now of coping with the worst evils which are bound to follow is to seek relief from Calcutta and Bombay.

All donations should be sent to the Treasurer of the Bombay Fund, Sjt. Mathuradas Tricumji, 53 Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. Gifts of clothes as well as money are welcome.



Mr. Tukuro Kadona (left), a leading businessman and adviser to the Japanese delegation to the World Economic Conference, recently held in London, arrived in Bombay by the s.s. "Viceroy," to assist the Japanese delegates in the Simla parleys. On his left is Mr. Shinji, his secretary, and adviser to the Japanese delegation.

IMPROVING SECONDARY EDUCATION

Dadar Middle School's New Scheme

"Mr. M. P. Khopkar deserves to be heartily congratulated upon launching a most laudable scheme of secondary Education by starting a middle school, in Dadar, wherein special provision for individual attention to pupils has been made and needs of parents have been catered for." In these words Mr. N. V. Modak, Hydro Engineer, Bombay Municipality felicitated Mr Khopkar on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the Dadar Middle School on the Dassara day. There were a number of prominent persons present.

Mr. M. P. Khopkar welcoming the president and the guests explained his scheme for the betterment of Secondary Education which he said aimed at building character and raising the tone of education Given sympathetic response by the generous public he assured them of success and laid stress on the necessity of limiting the number in every class in furtherance of his object

An interesting programme of singing, recitations, etc. by the students was then gone through.

Mr. N. V. Modak remarked that the present condition of schools did not permit the parents to pay sufficient attention to the development of a child's natural powers and character. He was afraid that in crowded schools teachers could not pay individual attention to students and that they had their disadvantages. Mr. Khopkar had admitted only a limited number in each class and thus made it possible for teachers to look to the individual needs of students.

There was no wonder if promoters of educational institutions found it difficult to conduct such ideal schools in the absence of adequate fees But taking into consideration the present financial situation Mr. Khopkar has acted wisely to keep down the fees to enable guardians to benefit by the institution He expressed the wish that guardians should encourage the Dadar middle School which attempted improvement in the present mode of education

GERMAN DOCTOR'S CLAIM

Curing Disease By Wireless

LONDON, (By Mail)

The use of ultra-short wireless waves for the cure of severe internal complaints is advanced by a German scientist, Dr. Erwin Schliephake, in the latest issue of the "British Journal of Physical Medicine".

The doctor reports the cure of complaints, such as, internal abscesses, pneumonic tuberculosis, and simple headache all without operation. The primary wave is generated by an emitter designed like a broadcasting set and in making use of ultra-short waves he found that large carbuncles healed in from 10 to 20 days after 8 to 15 days' treatment.

"In most cases the pain and feeling of tension subside after the first treatment", he states "The absence of pain is particularly appreciated by all patients because the affected part is not nearly as seriously incapacitated as by the usual surgical or conservative treatment".

"In true migraine (special type of headache) ultra-short wave treatment of the head effected rapid improvement and cured. These treatments are much more pleasant and less strenuous in these cases than present methods. as daily treatment of the head only requires half an hour a day and is very agreeable to the patient.

The "British Journal of Physical Medicine" commenting on this, states it has been found that the ultra-short waves pass most freely through the tissues which have the smallest capacity resistance, and they traverse fat, brain tissue and bone without difficulty.—Reuter

HORTICULTURAL TRAINING

To Be Provided Free At Anand

NADIAD (By Mail)

Arrangements are undertaken at Anand for providing free training in Horticulture and gardening for cultivators and students for a period of a fortnight commencing on October 9. Experienced agricultural experts will impart practical instruction in raising crops of the great permanent value, sheltering fruit orchards against the violence of the flood and the wind by planting hardy trees on the outskirts and selecting dwarf trees, which are, under favourable conditions, calculated to yield a profitable crop, having regard to the conditions of the soil and climate in the Kaira district.—A. P.

"ROYAL SCOT'S" EXTENDED TOUR

To Visit 41 Places In U. S. And Canada

RUGBY, Oct. 3

The complete express train, the Royal Scot, which has been inspected by well over one million people at Chicago Exhibition, where it is being shown by London, Midland and Scottish Railway will, at the close of exhibition, make a further extended tour visiting 41 additional cities and towns in the United States and Canada which have requested a visit. During the tour the Royal Scot has already travelled 3181 miles under her own steam over the Canadian and American railways and has visited 39 cities and towns—B. O. W.

GENERAL RAIN IN MALABAR

Thunderstorms Likely To Continue In Bengal And Assam

Poona Oct. 4.

There has been nearly general rain in Malabar and local rain in Bombay Deccan, Berar, Bengal, Assam and lower Burma while a few falls have occurred in Bihar and Orissa. Konkan and south-east Madras.

Chief amounts of rainfall are as follows: Port Blair one and half inches; Victoria Point one and half; Mergui, one; Kyaukpyu, half; Chaibasa, one half, Cox's Bazar one Jalpaigiri, three-quarters; Jessore, Calcutta, Shillong half; Gauhati, Mymensingh Naya Dumka, quarter; Akola half; Tankha'a, half; Trivandrum, four. Bijapur two; Coimbtore Coonoor, one and half; Mahabaleshwar; Mercara, one; Sholapur Kodaikanal, half; Miraj, Mangalore, Calicut Cochin quarter

Forecast: Thunderstorm rain will continue in south and west of Peninsula, lower Burma, Bengal and Assam.

COLABA OBSERVATORY

Bombay, October 3.

Summary of meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 4-10-1933:

Change of 8a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 0.26 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.6 degrees (1.7 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.0 degrees (0.2 above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 91 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S. W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 128 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 37 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal 10). 9.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.15 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 0.53 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 58.92 inches.

Weather Remarks: Thunderstorm and squally.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING.

Bombay, October 4.

At 8—7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.8 degrees F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.99 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.79 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

NOT ATTACKING SCOTT'S RECORD

New Route May Shorten Journey

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Air-Commodore Kingsford-Smith left Lympne at 05-30 on a flight to Australia. He has no intention of attacking Scott's record though his new silver and blue monoplane "Miss Southern Cross" is faster than those hitherto used.

This route may shorten journey by some hours The machine is capable of 1,800 miles without refuelling. The route is Brindisi, Baghdad, Karachi, Calcutta Rangoon and the Dutch East Indies.—Reuter's Special.

NAZIS DEPLOR[E] ATTEMPT

BERLIN, Oct. 3.

Official quarters deplore the attempt on Dr. Dollfuss's life. Nazi headquarters declare that violence is unnecessary, as time is working on behalf of the Nazis in Austria.—Reuter.

Rugby—Arrangements are in progress for the issue of a New-zealand 3 1/2 per cent loan, amounting to £5,000,000, redeemable in 1949/54.

The object of loan is to pay off £5,000,000 Newzealand 4 per cent 1933/43 bond.

—B. O. W.

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.

October 4.

Knoxville City, Freeman, New York.

Planorbis, Fretwell, Abadan.

DEPARTURES.

October 5.

Mundra, Williamson, London.

Vasna, Rowe, Busrah.

Jalavihar, Memerry, Colombo.

Birk, Ellingson, Rangoon.

LOADING.

October 4.

Steamer C|o Johanesburg for New York.

Steamer Comorin for Kobe.

Steamer Bankura for Busrah.

Steamer Victoria for Genoa.

Steamer Fusijama for Genoa

S.S. Knoxville City:—The M M Co's steamer Knoxville City arrived in harbour on Wednesday from New York with a general cargo.

S.S. Planorbis:—The steamer Planorbis arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Abadan with a cargo of 8547 tons of furnace oil.

S.S. Mundra:—The M M Co's steamer Mundra will sail to-day for London with a general cargo and 12 deck passengers.

S.S. Vasna:—The B I S N Co's steamer Vasna will sail to-day for Busrah with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Jalavihar:—The Scindia S N Co's steamer Jalavihar will sail to-day for Colombo with a general cargo.

S.S. Birk:—The Scindia S N Co's steamer Birk will sail to-day for Rangoon with a general cargo.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

S.S. Viceroy of India for London:—74 bags groundnut kernals S M Rajgor and Co; 55 bags dill seed T S Thadani and Sons; 1150 bags mowra meal Cox & Kings Ltd; 499 bags mowra meal N J Shah; 2 bales woollen carpets I F Levy; 16 cases bristles D Ardeshir and Co; 35 cases bristles D Abraham and Sons; 20 bales animal skins W Brickoff; 2 bales animal skins N W C Trading Co; 10 bales animal skins A K Aghajanoff, 20 bales animal skins I F Levy; 10 bales animal skins Y G Husainjadah; 45 bales animal skins J M Rahimtolla and Co.; 7 bales animal skins A A Hirji and Co; 6 bales animal skns F A Rahim and Co; 21 bales animal skins K Lalbhai; 13 bales animal skins A K A Rasool; 9 bales animal skins A Gulamhusein & Co.

S.S. City of Baroda for Liverpool:—64 bags niger seed and 2560 bags myrabollam C Jivanlal and Co.; 670 bags groundnut oil cakes J Travers and Sons; 3304 bags myrabollam J Moolchand and Co.; 250 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

For Manchester:—220 packets myrabollam C Jivanlal and Co; 70 bales cotton thread waste and 54 bales cotton fly V A Save.

For Glasgow:—600 bags ground nut oil cakes J Travers and Sons; 2800 bags groundnut oil cakes and 3500 bags linseed oil cakes Cox and Kings Ltd; 675 bags groundnut oil cakes H S H Mohomad.

S.S. Treuenfels for Hamburg:—14 cases casings Ad. Meyer; 25 drums castor oil Swastika Oil Mills Ltd; 1200 bags linseed Cotton Agents Ltd

For Antwerp 66 cases kajoo Kernal M B P Zantye; 19 bales wool raw E Mavji and Co; 15 bales wool raw Shamji Mal; 66 bags groandnut oil cakes H Rawji and Co ; 125 bales cotton raw Bombay Co; 55 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co. Ltd.

For Copenhagen:—73 bags poppy seed S M Rajgor and Co.

For Rotterdam:—666 bags kardi seed T S Thadani and Sons; 700 bags groundnut oil cakes Cox and Kings Ltd.; 110 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 53 bales cotton raw Bombay Co

For Gothenburg:—106 bales cotton thread waste L O Vora.

For Ghent:—55 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co. Ltd.

For Bremen:—188 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

S.S. City of Johannesburg for New York:—50 cases gum olibanum Y E Dosabhoy; 80 bags amba haldar and 2 pots palma rosa oil B Gopalji.

S.S. Castalia for Liverpool:—50 bales cotton thread waste B Mahasakhram and Co; 2 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Piracus:—125 bales cotton raw B Maheshwari.

For Barcelona:—100 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

S.S. Fusijama for Trieste:—124 bags groandnut kernals S M Rajgor and Co; 3840 bags gingelly seed R Ratilal and Co.

For Venice:—2100 bags castor seed and 303 bags linseed K Devchand and Co.

S.S. Mundra for Dunkirk:—1198 bags linseed L Dreyfus and Co.

S.S. Arabia for Genoa:—300 bags linseed R Ratilal and Co.; 52 bales cotton fly Chimanlal and Sons; 500 tons iron scrap G Gabriel.

For Marseilles:—1400 bags castor seed Cotton Agents Ltd.

S.S. Ranpura for Marseilles:—1280 bags groandnuts K Devchand and Co.

S.S. President Polk for Genoa:—12 bales animal skins Shamji Mal.

For New York:—10 bales woollen namdas American Express Co; 267 bags gum karaya and 200 bags esoofgul N Moolji and Co.

For Marseilles:—372 bags mustardseed Volkart Bros.

S.S. Malacca Maru for Kobe:—100 tons iron scrap M G Abdulhusein and Co.

For Singapore:—2200 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros

For Shanghai:—200 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

S.S. Pacific Maru, Agents O S Kaisha, from Osaka:—200 casks chemicals; 30 cases cotton yarn; 48 cases rubber goods; 175 cases cotton piecegoods; 35 cases nails; 64 cases cycle fittings; 103 cases enamel ware; 70 cases umbrella ware; 34 cases varnish; 443 bundles wire; 800 bundles pipes; 25 cases rayon yarn; 50 cases rayon goods; 125 cases brass ware; 240 cases glass ware; 246 cases cotton shirting; 30 cases celluloid goods.

From Kobe:—380 drums paint; 20 cases celluloid goods; 55 cases rayon and cotton mixed goods; 98 cases cotton and artificial silk mixed shirtings; 30 cases gramophone; 120 cases glass ware; 100 cases beer; 230 cases cotton piecegoods; 189 cases nails; 15 cases soap; 590 drums chemicals; 43 cases bolts; 50 cases matting.

From Nagoya:—160 cases porcelain ware.

From Moji:—4000 bags and 500 casks cement; 61 bales tyres.

From Hongkong:—30 packages sugar candy.

From Canton:—30 bales raw silk.

From Singapore:—46 bundles rattans; 190 bags sago flour; 60 bags pepper; 15 bags nutmegs; 76 bags betel nuts.

From Colombo:—8256 bags copra; 184 cases tea; 25 cases rubber.

S.S. City of Baroda, Agents K. Nixon and Co.: from Manchester:—240 cases cottons; 470 cases cotton piecegoods; 50 cases cotton yarn; 15 cases silk yarn; 400 bales old newspapers; 25 cases machinery.

WHY GO GREY

USE

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MORGAN'S POMADE is not a dye, but a scientifically prepared treatment which revitalizes the hair. It is a genuine preparation which, restoring life and vitality to grey and faded hair, brings back the lost colour and lustre. There is no need to specify the original colour of the hair, the POMADE is effective in all cases, by the natural process in making the hair again "young", healthy, and vigorous.

Copy of Analytical Report:—Dr. A. B. Griffiths, Ph.D., etc., Chemical, Bacteriological and Assay Laboratories, Stockwell, S. W.

I hereby certify that "MORGAN'S POMADE", has been carefully analysed in these Laboratories; the data obtained being of an entirely satisfactory character, and indicating it to be a judicious and skilful preparation that is well suited for the purpose for which it is designed. It is excellent for the hair promoting its growth and preserving its colour. It is the POMADE for grey hair—absolutely free from all undesirable constituents. I consider it to be a perfectly safe, reliable and effective application. —A. B. Griffiths, Ph.D., Analytical and Consulting Chemist, etc.

MORGAN'S POMADE being a delicate scientific preparation must be used when fresh. To obtain best results use MORGAN'S POMADE with the BLUE BAND of GUARANTEE, which is specially made for the Indian Climate.

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Sole Agents: E. MANOLIS & Co., P. O. Box 380, Bombay.

QUAZI CONFERENCE AT CAWNPORE

Move To Retain Muslim Personal Law In New Constitution

CAWNPORE, Oct. 2.

Prominent Muslims hold a meeting this evening at the residence of Khan Bahadur Hafiz Hidayat Hussain, C.I.E., to make arrangements for holding the All-India Quazi Conference at Cawnpore.

The meeting unanimously resolved to invite the Quazi Conference to Cawnpore on 21st and 22nd October, 1933.

A Reception Committee has been formed with Hafiz Hidayat Hussain as chairman.

The object of the Conference is to work for the retention of the Muslim Personal law in the new constitution. It is expected that Muslims from all parts of India will attend.—A. P

NATIONAL BANKING SYSTEM [F]OR

Labour Party Conference Opposes Gold Standard

LONDON October 3.

At Hastings, the Labour Party Conference to-day adopted a resolution declaring its opposition to the gold standard, and urging the institution of a national banking system.—Reuter

BY-ELECTION AT KILMAR[N]OCK

RUGBY, Oct. 3.

A by-election at Kilmarnock is necessitated by the appointment announced this morning, of Rt. Hon. Craigie Altchinson, K.C as Lord Justice-Clerk of Scotland, in succession to Lord Alness. Rt. Hon. C. Altchinson had a majority of 7,000 over his Labour opponent at the General Election.—B. O. W.

"GUESTS" W[HO] LOOTED NUN

Arrested While Running Away With Jewellery

RANGOON, (By Mail).

Two Burmans visited the house of an elderly Buddh nun yesterday afternoon on the eastern slopes of the famous Shwedagon Pagoda and informed her that they had been sent by her sister.

Believing their story the nun entertained the guests when two other guests, an old woman and her daughter, came there. Conversations were going on when the two male visitors suddenly whipped out daggers and demanded rupees 200 and some ticals (1 tickel the weight of 1 rupee and 3 two anna coins (silver) of gold).

The nun and the other woman protested but the Burmans gagged both the women while the girl was bound

The robbers then ransacked the house and removed all the jewellery worth Rs 140 from the young girl and left the house.

Soon after the girl raised a hue and cry and the neighbours came out and seeing the two fugitives they gave chase and apprehended both of them after a long run. The robbers were handed over to the police, who recovered all the stolen property as well as the daggers.—A. P.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1933

"EYE WASH" FOR TORIES

On the eve of the Joint Parliamentary Committee recommencing its work, Sir Samuel Hoare has written a letter to his constituents telling them that the position in India is very reassuring and that there is more co-operation now between the public and the Police in Bengal. Sir Samuel ascribes this change to the Government's policy of pushing forward both constitutional reforms and law and order. T is nothing new in this claim, for he has repeatedly told Parliament that the Government have been very successful with their "dual policy" in India.

Sir Samuel Hoare obviously either does not know the real conditions in this country or he is deliberately deluding his constituents. However that may be, he is neither fair to himself nor to his constituents. The repression in Bengal is growing every day, and normal life must have become well-nigh impossible.

"EYE-WASH"!

On the other hand, constitutional progress seems to be at a standstill and there is no sign anywhere of even Provincial Autonomy, which was promised about the beginning of next year. Federation, of course, is quite out of the range of practical vision, since neither the Princes nor the British Government are making any progress with their plans. At the same time, the opposition of the Diehards to Central Responsibility is gathering momentum and they will oppose tooth and nail any change in the Centre which would involve handing over real power to the representatives of the people.

The Conservatives are to meet to-day, and Mr. Churchill and his chief lieutenant, Lord Lloyd, are marshalling their forces against the White Paper policy. We have no doubt, ourselves, that Tory opinion is decidedly against it, but last time an adverse vote was avoided by side-tracking the whole issue, and possibly, Sir Samuel Hoare and Mr. Baldwin may succeed a second time in averting a straight verdict. Sir Samuel's letter, of course, is intended as "eye-wash" for the Conference, and, as such, we can only describe it as misleading, though we would like to give him the credit of believing in his own claim to have produced peace in India.

WHERE IS GOODWILL?

He believes that there is a "greater feeling of goodwill towards Britain than for several years past." Since every political party in India has not only unequivocally condemned the White Paper, but has refused to co-operate with the Government in furtherance of its object, we do not know what ground there can be for goodwill. We leave out of account, of course, the few busybodies who are fussing over the Joint Parliamentary Committee in London; they are the nominees of the Government and they represent the bureaucracy and not the people. As such their opinions cannot have the slightest importance and influence on the people of India. How then Sir Samuel Hoare can honestly assert that, there is more goodwill towards Britain now than for several years past, is beyond our comprehension. The position is no better, and, perhaps, rather worse than it was a few months ago, when Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru said he had never known feeling against Britain among all classes throughout the country to be so bitter.

HIS CONCERN AND OURS.

Sir Samuel, however, is concerned to answer some of the critics who have been attacking him day in and day out for what they describe as the betrayal of British interests in India. We are concerned with the betrayal of Indian interests which the White Paper policy constitutes. Such terms as "abdication" and "cowardly surrender" certainly cannot be applied to the new reforms in the sense that Tories apply them. If there is "abdication" and "cowardly surrender," it is on the part of the sponsors of the White Paper to the growing menace of Tory opposition. Sir Samuel Hoare is between the Devil and the Deep Sea, and if he goes down and his blessed White Paper with him, there will be as much relief and satisfaction in India as in Diehard circles in Britain.

Millowners, Beware

It is amazing that the Ahmedabad millowners, while clamouring for more and yet more protection for their industry at the expense of the public, seem determined to effect at one stroke a 25 per cent reduction in wages. Their present scale of wages is anything but just or generous, but even then, they say, it is impossible for them to continue in the present depression. The public cannot accept without reservation their tale of woe when they have been receiving protection to the tune of 75 per cent and also exploiting the Swadeshi sentiment to the full.

It is significant in this connection that, when at a meeting of the Conciliation Board the Labour representative asked for certain figures, the representative of the millowners refused to supply them on the plea that they were a trade secret. Sheth Chimanlal Parekh's sudden resignation from the Conciliation Board is an exhibition of impatience which is hardly helpful in the task of conciliation. The Ahmedabad millowners will precipitate a grave crisis if they bang the door against conciliation and rely on their might to bring the axe down on the poor workmen's wages.

The attitude of the millowners in general towards the textile problem is not at all reassuring to judge from various reports of the Simla talks. They are understood to have almost consented to divide the Indian market with the British and the Japanese on terms profitable to themselves but prejudicial to the full development of the industry. They seem to have been quite taken in by the Lancashire delegation's promises to use more Indian cotton, to offer a good colonial market like East Africa to Indian cloth and to sympathise with India's political aspirations.

In his post-prandial address to the Press correspondents at Simla Sir William Clare Lees sought to make out what an enormous advantage it is for India to trade with Britain and within the Empire. If he is really solicitous about Indian interests, he and his allies in Britain and India may well leave India free to choose her customers without any pressure. But he knows full well that the Government of India think of British interests first and foremost. The Ottawa deal may be followed by another at Simla. If the millowners become party to any unfair bargain, the public will have to step in before it is too late.

A Striking Contrast

The British students' debating team that arrived in India on Tuesday will find here much that will interest them. If they keep their eyes and ears open, they will find in the conditions of student life in this country a glaring contrast with those in their own. In England students enjoy a very full measure of freedom in the expression of their views and in various other ways. Indeed in England freedom is considered to be essential for the full development of the student's personality. Everybody knows how a number of university unions recently adopted a strongly worded pacifist resolution and the higher authorities properly refused to take the students task for it. They respected the students' right of free speech.

What a contrast is presented by conditions in India! To take the latest case, it is reported that, when the Governor of Bombay opened the Lingraj College at Belgaum, the police ordered the students wearing Gandhi caps to remove them. When the students protested, the police, it is said, threatened to remove the caps forcibly. And to prevent any scene on the opening day the students withdrew from the hall in protest. Instances of such shameful intimidation of students are still far more common than one may imagine. Students displaying the National flag anywhere have been suspected, spied upon and threatened, as also are those crying "Mahatma Gandhiki Jai."

There is hardly a recognised school which contains a picture of Gandhiji. Students' reading books are censored with a strictness that Hitler might admire. Not very long ago, a book on Arithmetic was refused sanction for use in schools by the Bombay Education Department merely because it contained an example involving the calculation of Swadeshi pledges. The British students' team can easily find numerous instances of subtle repression of students in India. Their visit to India will be worse than useless if they fail to get at the sad reality of student life in India.

Press Views

Fight Stagnation

We are firmly convinced that our national struggle shall know no defeat. Policies and programmes may have to be modified to suit changing conditions; indeed, a stubborn refusal to recognise realities will only hamper our progress and cause a wastage of our energies. Life is larger than mere scholastic logic and often baffles it. But ideals are permanent, and a steadfast devotion to them, even at the cost of apparent consistency in matters of procedure, is imperative.

We have to-day arrived at a state of things not dissimilar to that which saw the birth of the Swarajya Party and "Forward" ten years ago; and there is the same necessity for avoiding stagnation. The work before us is arduous; and our sustaining power and resources need reinforcement. Hence we invite a constructive programme from our leaders.—"Forward."

Doubts And Protests

Clear thinking is the greatest need in Congress circles to-day. There are many grave doubts and misgivings even in the minds of some of the prominent leaders and their lieutenants. Since the suspension of the Congress machinery by Mr. Aney, many are not sure if the Congress as an institution is dead or alive. It was a clever stroke of strategy to save the Congress from secret methods that were coming alarmingly into vogue and from the undesirable hands into which it was consequently drifting. But the saving measure seems to have over-done its function by protecting the institution from life as well as death. This state of suspended animation seems to have paralysed not only political action but even political thought among many Congressmen. Protests, bordering on revolt, against the continuance of such a situation, are coming from influential circles all over the country and are daily growing in volume and intensity. —"Daily News."

Need For United Action

Seth Haji Abdulla Haroon, M. L. A., is not the only person who thinks that "the only way in which Indians can get the White Paper improved according to their wishes is to present a solid united front," and that so long as India is disunited not only is there no chance of her getting further substantial reforms, but the probability is that she will go backward. But the question is not whether a united front is necessary, but how to secure it. "The sooner," says Mr. Haroon, "steps are taken to adjust our differences the better will it be for the country as a whole." The trouble is that no one knows what exact steps will lead to the desired unity, and that even those who do seem to have some clear idea on the subject do not know how to proceed. —"Tribune."

Indian Shipping

On the contrary, no Indian worth his salt can fail to appreciate and be proud of the romantic birth, growth and progress of the Scindia Company despite tremendous odds and in the teeth of determined hostility by the foreign vested interests. It is indeed a remarkable episode in the annals of Indian coastal shipping that for the first time an Indian Company has been allowed to secure a footing, however restricted it may be, through negotiation and compromise in the matter of carrying passengers.—"Rangoon Mail."

GOVERNOR'S RURAL UTOPIA

Illiteracy And Poverty of Masses Are Greatest Drawbacks

By M. D. WELING, B.Com.

Sir Frederick Sykes has displayed unusual enthusiasm in village uplift. The other day he placed his scheme for rural development before a Durbar of Patils at Belgaum. In view of the fact that India is an agricultural country a feasible scheme for the development of the agrarian community is welcome. It will, therefore, be worth while scanning the scheme from the point of view of its feasibility.

SOME DIVISIONS

Sir Frederick has divided the scheme into four parts, viz., public health, education, litigation and agriculture. As regards public health, it goes without saying, that robust health pre-supposes the existence of a high standard of life and the provision of medical facilities on a generous scale It is notorious that the Indian peasant is a by-word for poverty. His standard of life is ridiculously low and one meal a day is the general rule.

As for medical facilities provided both by Government and local bodies they are equally deficient. His Excellency has only emphasised the latter point and ignored the economic conditions of the masses. Mere provision of medical aid without a simultaneous rise in the standard of life is futile.

EDUCATION STARVED

Other countries have fought illiteracy by arming themselves with legislation for compulsory education. Such a measure presupposes a budgetary provision of ample funds for education. In India this nation-building department has been invariably starved.

Government and local bodies when striving for village uplift will find themselves up against financial stringency. His Excellency has suggested education through the modern devices of radio, gramophone, etc. When we cannot provide ordinary village school masters, how can we afford to have such luxuries for education? The solution lies in passing Acts for Compulsory Education and making generous provision for funds.

AND AGRICULTURE!

As regards agriculture it will pay to scrutinise the experiences of other countries. In England, Germany and other European countries agrarian revolution preceded the application of science to agriculture. The Government of India have been telling us that they are trying to introduce scientific methods of agriculture since a long time. It is worth noting that the funds were provided not by Government, but by an American during the viceroyalty of Lord Curzon. They started the department of scientific research and it has done valuable research work. How far has it affected the Indian peasant? He has stuck to the time-honoured methods of cultivation. Not because he is ignorant, but because it is impossible for him to adopt modern methods of cultivation. Are not Givernment putting the cart before the horse?

The application of science to agriculture demands a wholesale change. Fragmentation of holdings, insufficient credit facilities, ancestral debts, and the appalling poverty of the Indian peasantry, are the chief impediments in the way of agricultural development

(Continued on page 7)

Frankly Speaking

NAZIS AND DOLLFUSS.

There can be little doubt that the attack on Dr. Dollfuss was the work of a Nazi, because they alone are careless of the means they use for gaining their object.

They believe, and perhaps rightly, that Dr. Dollfuss is the greatest obstacle in their way of joining Austria with Germany and once he is removed, by those methods which the Nazis have made peculiarly their own, it will be plain sailing for them.

It is apparent that Dollfuss has not been seriously wounded. But whatever happens to him, France is bound to prevent any annexation by Hitler and his friends.

Any further aggression on the part of the Nazis is likely to precipitate a war, the extent of which it is difficult to imagine at present.

The Nazis stick at nothing in their efforts to reach their objective. But if they continue these tactics, there will be a much greater revulsion of feeling against them than has already been evinced.

AN INTOLERABLE PROPOSAL.

In the course of an interview at Karachi a Chinese sugar merchant from Java said that the Government of India contemplate imposing an excise duty on sugar made in India.

We do not know whether there is an substratum of truth in this. If there is, we must emphatically protest against it, for owing to the protection given to Indian sugar industry a large number of mills have been erected in India in the course of the last one year.

If an excise duty is now levied, all this large capital will go for nothing. Time must be given for the indigenous sugar industry to prove itself, and if it then becomes evident that there is no necessity for the protection now given and the Government want more money, then it will be time enough to levy this duty.

We hope Mr. Hauw is not rightly informed about the Government of India's intentions. This is a very new and remunerative industry.—at least now, and it ought not to be allowed to die for want of proper encouragement.

AWAY WITH TOLLS.

There seems to be some prospect after all of the Bombay Government yielding to the anti-toll agitation carried on by motor car owners.

Not that the Government will willingly accept any reduction in revenue, but they are now in a better mood to consider alternative methods of taxing vehicles.

They have accordingly called a fairly representative conference to consider the question. It is necessarily a complicated question, as poor local bodies are generally loth to abolish their right to get revenue from the tolls.

But it cannot be denied that tolls are vexatious and an undesirable check on transport of men and goods. The proposed conference will have a hard task to devise an equitable plan of taxation that will particularly safeguard the interests of the local bodies and the poor man's vehicles.

A PRECIOUS GIFT.

We have never been able to understand the need for dismantling the Satyagraha Ashram of Sabarmati, a noble institution working for high ideals and as such an inspiration to the whole country.

But Gandhiji's latest decision to make a gift of the whole Ashram to the Servants of Untouchables' Society for purely Harijan service constitutes a worthy use of the institution.

While there was every chance of the Ashram being restored to Gandhiji in the near future if it had been taken over by Government, he does not expect any such restoration under the new proposal.

It is to be hoped that the Servants of Untouchables' Society will make a worthy use of the precious gift made to it. We hope, too, that it will not be long before Gandhiji will be able to found a new Ashram to help him in fulfilling his life's mission.

THOSE INFORMAL MEETINGS.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai in the course of an interview again spoke of an informal meeting of Congressmen at Lucknow to discuss the situation further and come to a decision.

We do not know whether these informal meetings are of any earthly use, so long as they do not and cannot cure the present policy of mere inertia.

We are surprised to hear Mr. Kidwai say that only 30 members of the A.I.C.C. could agree to sign a requisition for a meeting of the A.I.C.C. to reconsider the present conditions and policy. We are sure there are many more members in the country, but perhaps personal considerations prevent them from speaking out.

However that may be, Mr. Kidwai must have observed that new parties are springing up everywhere, as a result of the present supineness, and if nothing is done complete demoralisation will overtake the country.

Readers' Views

MANGROL AND COW-SLAUGHTER

By "Kathiawari"

It would be interesting to know what is happening in the matter of the dispute in Mangrol State, regarding the Durbar's recent "Firman" revoking the old Order prohibiting cow slaughter and music before mosques.

"The Bombay Chronicle" dealt with the matter very forcibly and rightly but has been silent for some time, though I do not suggest, of course, that there is any motive in this silence. It may be caused by the natural disgust which a public journal must feel when it finds that the aggrieved parties, whose case it has championed, are inert and supine in fighting for their own case.

The Mangroli Jains in Bombay, backed by the Bombay Humanitarian League, inaugurated an agitation against the preposterous action of the Darbar, but one wonders what has happened to this agitation and all the talk of satyagraha, hunger strikes and marches to Mangrol by the chivalrous defenders of the cow. All their sound and fury seems to have collapsed into a miserable compromise by which the Mangrol Darbar was to leave the Jains to make their own terms with the Mussulmans. Such a compromise should never have been accepted. The Mussalmans of Mangrol did not ask and are not asking for the revocation of the Old Order of prohibition. The new "Firman" was the out come of mischievous advice to the Darbar and the settlement must be with the Darbar and none else.

But now we learn that, the compromise has fallen through, as the Dardar wanted to impose impossible conditions and even H. H. the Jain Saheb, who had gone to Mangrol, has departed in disgust at the attitude adopted by his brother Prince. So all these months of agitation, intrigue and negotiation have ended in smoke and the matter stands exactly where it did.

Why then are those who took up the fiery cross with such zeal and commotion now silent? What are they going to do? Not only are Mangroli Jains and Humanitarian Leagues, who seem to be rather weaker in action than in words, agitated over this matter. It is causing anxiety throughout Kathiawar and, if the Mangrol Darbar sticks to the position it has taken up, I can confidently predict that all Kathiawar will join in the agitation. But it seems that new leaders who will follow a straight path are needed.

Lokamanya Rashtriya Kanyashala

From R. N. Bapasola

My attention is drawn to an article that appeared in your columns in the issue of the 3rd Instant regarding Lokamanya Rashtriya Kanyashala. Mahatma Gandhi was a member of the Swaraj Sabha for one year only, and funds were collected by the then Principal of the School and the Staff, with the help of Students. The School is not affiliated to the Bombay University and cannot possibly send up Students for the University Matriculation Examination.

Since Mr. Baban Gokhalay, who was then a Secretary of the Sabha, the funds were invested by a resolution of the Swarajya Sabha in the Joint names of Mr Baban Gokhalay and the then Principal Miss K. Thulaskar M. A.

Though the Principal has signed the necessary papers Mr. Baban Gokhalay, would not do so, under some pretext or the other The matter is now in the hands of Lawyers.

All attempts are being made by Srimati Sarojini Naidu President of the Swaraj Sabha with the help of the members and the Staff to clear the arrears and keep the School running.

"A Correction".

From G. Subramaniam

In the issue of your esteemed journal of Monday the 2nd October 1933, I have come across an article written by Mr. T. S. H. Rao under the heading "South Indian Stage in Bombay".

While I have not much to say about what is stated in the first two paras of the said article, I have to contradict the statement made in the last para thereof namely "This (Chandrabaga) seems to be altogether a new play for the South Indian Stage" in as much as the same play was for the first time staged by the "South Indian Social Service League", Parel, at the Gaiety Theatre (now known as Capitol Cinema) in April 1924.

WANTED : A NEW PARTY

From Hushedar Negedar

When she saw that the Indian National Congress was not doing any useful, day-to-day work for the good of the nation. Mrs. Annie Besant started her Home Rule League and gained the support and approval of the whole country.

The same thing is happening to-day. Congress is slowly dying; for those who are indulging in tall talk about the efficacy of individual civil disobedience are not putting their professions into practice and courting jail. Because they know in their heart of hearts that complete Independence for India in the shortest possible time cannot be attained through such tortuous and round-about courses.

Again India cannot again independence by co-operating with the British Labour Party as some people fondly imagine. Frank Harris in his "Life of Bernard Shaw" observes, "Shaw had no patience with the fervent Irish patriotism of the English Gladstonians; and he declared that the British proletarians did not care a dump about Home Rule, having worse grievances of their own than the Irish. The Irish, he said, must help themselves. Only, he would not rise or uncover for the English national anthem, nor drink the King's health at public dinners."

Sir Samuel Hoare is defending his pet White Paper scheme against the onslaughts of the Churchill group by practically saying that his scheme is so reactionary that it ought to please the Die-Hards of the Conservative Party, for it has failed to again the support of any political party in India.

Even the Moderates, under the leadership of Sir Chimanlal Setalwad, have condemned the White Paper policy outright. But the foremost political party of India is maintaining a tomb-like silence. Is this the way to educate the masses politically and rouse them from their torpor? The Congress is neglecting its obvious duty.

Therefore the time has now come for the young leaders of Bombay to establish a Republican Party under the Presidentship of the fully tried and trusted leader of the public, Mr. B. G. Horniman, to give the nation a clear lead by placing before it a dynamic programme which can be enthusiastically carried out not by a microscopic minority but by the greatest number of the people belonging to all communities.

[Mr. B. G. Horniman has no ambition to be the leader of any new party—Editor.]

Corporation Bye-Election

From B. D. Belvi, Advocate.

The forthcoming Municipal bye-election has placed every voter in the "D" Ward in an unenviable and perplexing position.

Mr. P. Baloo is a prominent Harijana leader, a tried nationalist and a sportsman in more than one sense His claims are, in every way, unexceptionable, and it may be argued with a great show of reason that the measure of support which he will get from us will be also a measure of our much talked of Sympathy for the cause of the Harijans.

On the other hand, Mr. R. R. Bakhale is a whole-time public worker with a record of useful service behind him. The rent bill sponsored by him will if it passess into law benefit the Harijans no less than the Caste Hindus

A straight fight between two such persons is an unedifying spectacle and ought, if possible, to be avoided. Will the leaders of the Hindu community put their heads together and find a way out of the difficulty? How should the average voter understand his duty when Dr. Deshmukh favours Mr. Baloo's candidature and Mrs Sarojini Naidu lends her powerful support to Mr Bakhale? Let the leaders clarify the issue and not confuse it.

Speaking for myself, I feel certain that a satisfactory solution of this knotty question is not beyond the combined wisdom of our leaders.

"Erase "Communal" From Your Vocabulary"

Mrs. Naidu Exhorts Youths To Remember That Indians Are Bound Inseparably On Their Common Pilgrimage Towards Goal Of Liberty

Presiding over an intercommunal dinner held on the terrace of the Blavatsky Lodge on Wednesday evening Mrs. Sarojini Naidu declared that she was looking forward to the day when there was no more need in India to hold intercommunal functions and no more communal labels to divide them.

She asked young Indians to erase the word communal from their vocabulary and shed the meaning and memory of that word and remember only the creed that they as Indians were knit and bound inseparably on their common pilgrimage towards the goal of liberty.

GOODLY GATHERING.

About 200 guests partook of a purely vegetarian fare and what with good cheer and lively conversations the time flew by. For instance Mrs. Naidu was seen pointing to Maulana Shaukat Ali, a guest of portly proportions and remarking "There is a match for you". The Maulana stroking his beard and nodding his head vigorously was heard to reply "I accept defeat."

Among other guests present at the function were Begun Shaukat Ali, Mr. M. C. Chagla, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas, Mr. Faiz Tyabji, Mr. J. A. D. Naoroji and Maulana Irfan. The dinner was held under the auspices of the Muslim Students Union and the Youth Lodge Theosophical Society.

SILVER LINING.

The dinner was also remarkable for the utterance of Maulana Shaukat Ali that Indians were bound to profit from communal quarrels and emerge in a much stronger position. The next political fight was going to be one in which every Indian will join and they will march down on their enemy like an avalanche. (Applause).

In the course of her speech Mrs. Naidu said that she was looking forward to the day when there won't be any need for intercommunal functions. She hoped to preside at a meeting where no one remembered that they were either Hindus or Muslims and where they forgot to think in terms of communities.

ERASE HATEFUL TAG.

She hoped fervently that the younger generation of Indians were well on their way to erase the word communal from their vocabulary. That was a word used by the older men who clung to ancient rights and wrongs. She hoped the younger generation would survive those beliefs and emerge into the light of hope, faith and certainty in their common destiny.

Indians did not want any more labels and definitions with separation written on their foreheads. The speaker hoped she herself had outlived these labels and definitions, and she thought she and Maulana Shaukat Ali who had come to the function in the same car were a concrete example of Hindu Muslim friendship. (Cheers).

COMMON DESTINY.

She had heard that some people called Harijans were going to be included in the dinner. That was a new word added to her vocabulary and a new label applied to a section of humanity which belonged to her. She refused to believe that there were Harijans among them and that they were condescending to dine with them. But she was glad to see her little brothers sitting at one table at an Indian dinner of men and women of one birth, one land, one colour, one hope and one destiny. (Applause).

Mrs. Naidu wished to think of India as a land so rich in diversity and so inseparable in unity. She also hoped that the time will come when they will no longer remember with such vehement assertion that they were Indians because she claimed the full share of her inheritance as a world citizen. She was a world citizen but only the agony of servitude made her remember the definition of her creed and race.

MAULANA UNDER CLOUD?

Maulana Shaukat Ali the next speaker said he was rather diffi- speaker said he was rather diffi- because he thought he was under a cloud of suspicion as he was engaged in a lawsuit against a Hindu. He did not claim to be a man with brains, but he certainly possessed an animal instinct to know right from wrong. He was a fighter and he fought for what he believed to be right. It was certainly regrettable that there were communal quarrels but the conviction was gaining in his mind that Indians will profit by these quarrels and finally emerge in much stronger position.

India was beginning to realise he said, that its future lay in toleration and cultivation of goodwill and winning the confidence of the weak. If that was done none could come in the way of their freedom.

LESSONS OF HISTORY.

History had shown that India had gained strength in each successive political fight. He had warned British Statesmen that they should not take advantage of the communal differences and that they had a splendid opportunity of helping Indians now. If they failed he prophesised that the next political fight was going to be much stronger one and in which every Indian would join.

After Mr. Chagla and Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas had addressed the gathering the function came to a close.

CAVALRY OFFICERS AS SMUGGLERS

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 4.

Three Indian Cavalry officers, Sheonandan Singh, Bakshu Singh and Kishore, who were charged under the Excise Act with dealing in 'charas' have been convicted, the first being sentenced to a fine of Rs. 600 and the other two to a fine of Rs. 300 each, or in default three months' imprisonment.

A trap was laid for the accused, two Deputy Collectors being made to act as bogus purchasers.—A.P.

Allahabad.—H.H. the Maharaja of Cochin arrived here to-day from Jubbulpore by a special train and was received at the station by Mr. Sohanlal Srivastava, Additional Distt. Magistrate, Mr. C.Y. Chintamani and a number of others. His Highness leaves Allahabad on Saturday.—A.P.

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KARACHI.

GREAT FUTURE OF TRAINED NURSES

President Of Association Envisages New Era

BANGALORE, Oct. 4.

Miss M.E. Abraham of Calcutta, President of the Trained Nurses' Association of India, presiding over the 23rd annual conference of the All-India Trained Nurses, which was opened formally by Mr. G.H. Cooke, Distt. Magistrate, Bangalore Civil and Military Station, said that the trained nurses' Association of India had a great future before it in the development of nursing on sound lines opening up way to an all-India scheme for training nurses, management of examinations in nursing on an all-India basis and the resultant all-India registration of nurses.

These matters which so vitally affected the nursing professions must be ultimately controlled by nurses themselves.

An interesting programme including an exhibition forms part of the Conference.—A.P.

CARDIFF WALES BEAT SCOTLAND

LONDON, Oct. 4.

In the International Association Football match at Cardiff, Wales beat Scotland by 3 goals to 0, after leading by 2 goals to 0 at half-time —Reuter's Special.

ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF SAN MARTIN

Thirty Shots Fired At President Who Escapes In Armoured Car

HAVANA, October 3.

The life of President San Martin was attempted at night time.

It is officially stated that thirty shots were fired at him, but he escaped owing to his being driven in an armoured car.—Reuter

KILLING OF AMERICAN IN HAVANA

WASHINGTON, October 3.

Fifteen hundred marines are ready at the Naval Base of Quantico, Virgina and 1,000 at Haiti if neeeded in Cuba Mr Hull has announced that the killing of the American in Havana is being thoroughly investigated

The outcome of the investigation will determine whether the United States will make representations to Cuba.

Following a talk between President Roosevelt and Mr. Hull, it is stated that no change in the United States' policy of non-intervention in Cuba is deemed necessary.—Reuter.

MUSICAL SOIREE AT CERCLE LITTERAIRE

Musical soirees are so rare an event in Bombay that one may be pardonably justified in according such functions more than a mere passing notice. In a special sense, therefore, the one that was held last evening at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute under the auspices of the Cercle Litteraire had a dual significance: First because it fulfilled a long-felt want of a first-class musical programme in the City; and secondly, because it was held as a tribute to the French scholars, who have stood first in the University examination of the Matric, Intermediate and the B.A. classes.

The programme opened with Toselli's Serenata Op. 6 admirably rendered by Miss G.D. Tata, assisted by Miss Mistry at the piano. It was followed by two selections from Chopur-Noturne in C. Minor Op. 48, and Prelude in G. No. 3—two piano solos by Mme. Eva Wadia. The ease of Mme. Wadia's rendering of the Chopin pieces and the expression with which her playing is endowed, made her performance most pleasurable.

M. Harold Lyttler is too well-known an artist to need a fresh introduction here. He gave three flute solos—Lullaby by Cyril Scott, "Deuscher Tanz" by Mozart and a "Concertino" by Chaminade. All the three selections were played with his usual versatility and charm.

The next item was a Violin duet "Concerto" Op. 57 of Ch. de Beriot, played by Miss Gool D. Tata, with Mme. Freny D. Mehta, who supplied the second violin. The two artistes gave a very delightful rendering of this interesting composition.

The Hawaiian Guitar selections of Mr. A.X. Lobo began with the famous Serenade of Schubert, and concluded with two Haiwaiian melodies, all finely rendered.

The last musical items were two French songs by Mlle. H.J. Doctor "Deux Roses," and "Viens, J'attends." Mlle. Doctor has a fine soprano voice and her singing was greatly enjoyed.

There were two tableaux, that were the pieces de resistance of the entire programme. They consisted of two selections in English and French. One was the Captive (Lewis) played by Miss E. Davar. Her portrayal of the insane woman oppressed by a terrible jail routine was grimly realistic. She has great talents, this Mlle. Tata.

The last item of the tableaux was "La Nuit D'Octobre," that famous selection from the great Romantist Alfred de Musset, which once raised an immortal wave of sentimentalism over all the Western countries. This piece introduced us to Mr. Khalil Dehdasti, who plays the part of the poet himself.

M. Dehdasti's portrayal of the poet bewailing his lot was that of an artist of no mean order. M. Dehdasti is also a dancer of some eminence in Europe. He partnered Menaka during her debut in Paris on the last occasion of her visit.

The programme came to a close with the distribution of prizes to the successful French scholars of the Bombay University examinations in various classes. After a charming little speech by M.F. Challant, the French Consul, who presided, the evening programme came to a delightful close.

AFTER REIGN OF TERROR

British Residents Return To Their Homes

PEACE IN CUBA

Government Gurantee Lives Of Imprisoned Officers

HAVANA, Oct. 4.

With comparative peace restored in Cuba, the British residents, who sought refuge in hotels during the reign of terror and bloodshed, have returned to their homes in the Vedado section.

Hysterical women are at present beseiging newspaper offices imploring assistance in search for their missing relatives and friends during the prolonged bombardment of the National Hotel, the damage to which is estimated at 30,000 sterling.

ARMOURED CAR HIT.

The President's armoured car was hit thirty times. Drastic measures to restore order are announced by President San Martin, who states that Government stand guarantee for the lives of imprisoned officers.

Washington is still maintaining an attitude of 'hands-off', but generally the Americans believe that President San Martin is slipping from power and will be succeeded by army dictatorship.—Reuter's Special.

GOVERNOR'S RURAL UTOPIA

(Continued From Page 6).

and until these are removed unqualified success in scientific agriculture is an impossibility.

GRAVE SITUATION

Government should not look to the conservative peasants for doing away with fragmentation of holdings. The experiment was tried in the Punjab and was a dismal failure. Legislation for the consolidation of holdings and primogeniture is the proper solution. Such a step is bound to evoke tremendous opposition to Government from agrarian interests. Such has been the case in other countries also; but in India the gravity of the situation has been all the more aggravated by the existence of an alien Government.

Such legislation is bound to create an exodus from the village to the town, hence simultaneously with the growth of scientific agriculture there should be a rapid industrial development to absorb such people.

His Excellency's suggestions for the improvement of agriculture though good are impracticable owing to the poverty of the masses. Co-operative credit societies are doing excellent work but they have only touched the fringe of the problem of rural indebtedness and their efforts can be accelerated only by Government aid. Poverty, not ignorance is the chief cause of the tardy development of Indian agriculture.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Gilt-Edged Securities Quiet But Steady

(From Our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Wednesday 11 p.m.

Giltedged Securities ruled quiet but steady on the London Stock Exchange on Wednesday. 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling loan was quoted at £86 1/2 Fine Gold prices declined by 6 pence to 134 shillings.

France exchange flutuated widely to-day.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

Lady Sykes received H. H. the Maharani of Kolhapur. H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur and H. H. the Maharani of Dewas (Sr.) at Government House on Tuesday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Lady Sykes attended the Hunt Dinner at the Turf Club House on Tuesday.

Sangli.—Dr. Bapat of Sangli donated Rs. 1.000 in the name of his wife to the newly-inaugurated Girls High School. A scholarship is to be given to a harijan lady student receiving her education in the above institution. Failing such a choice the scholarship is to be given to a widowed-student from the Brahmin Society.—A.P.

BOMBAY SILVER.

Bombay, October 4.

		Rs.	a.	p.
Silver Ready	.....	56	2	0
Aso	.....	56	2	0
Kartik	.....	56	5	0
Gold Aso	.....	33	3	6
Kartik	.....	33	3	9
Sovereigns	.....	21	0	6

NO ADVANCE IN COTTON MARKET

Rumours Of Important Financial Developments And Their Sequel

CHAONICLE SPECIAL.

Bombay, Wednesday 11 p.m.

In the New York Market general sentiment was somewhat bullish possibly due to the rumours that important financial developments imminent from Washington. However, buyers were were cautious and hesitant and the market failed to record any appreciable advance in the face of southern selling and liquidation.

Trading in January opened at 9.83 unchanged from yesterday's closing and immediately rose to 9.93 due to speculative buying influenced by steadier Liverpool advices and firmer tendency of stock exchange. But higher level induced profit-taking and liquidation. However, later reactionary buying appeared with the result that prices again advanced. At this level, market became quiet and prices for some time remained stationary in moderately active trading.

WHEAT.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet 57 59-1/8 60-1/4 is about a quarter penny lower. There was nothing important doing with traders watching to developments in foreign markets.

LONDON EXCHANGE.

London stock exchange was less active. Giltedged Securities received some support but business was restricted. Three-and-half per cent loan quoted £86-1/2 is unchanged from previous closing.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.78-1/2 but soon weakened somewhat to 4.77-3/4. Thereafter, rate continued to give way further to 4.76-7/8, Franc opened 78.81 and continued to move with slight variations either way.

SILVER.

Local silver opened quiet 56/1 56/2 56/5. Slight fall occurred early in the session owing to liquidation in current settlement. Otherwise nothing important transpired. Finally it closed quiet 56/1 56/2 56/5.

GOLD.

Gold opened quiet 33/2/6 33/2/9 33/3. Prices at first advanced somewhat briskly on the absence of sellers and short covering but at this stage banks appeared as sellers and the market suffered a setback, but later weakness in the sterling Paris exchange caused prices to look up again and finally it closed steady 33/3/3 33/3/6 33/3/9.

LONDON/NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

London, October 4.

Previous closing	..... 4.78-3/4
To-day's opening	..... 4.78-1/2
To-day's closing	..... 4.76-3/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

New York, October 4.

Previous closing	.... 4.78-3/4
To-day closing	..... 4.76-5/8

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau 21 Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

JANUARY

New York, October 4.

Previous closing	..... 9.83
To-day's opening	..... 9.83
Difference	..... Unchanged
To-day's closing	..... 9.92
Difference	..... +.09

BROACH EXPECTATION

April ..... Rs. 195

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

JANUARY

Liverpool, October 4.

Previous closing	..... 5.37
To-day's opening	..... 5.34
Difference	..... —.03
To-day's closing	..... 5.37
Difference	..... Unchanged

FRANC RATE

Paris, October 4.

Previous closing	..... 78.87
To-day's opening	..... 78.88
To-day's closing	..... 78.71

LONDON SILVER.

London, Oct. 4.

Silver Ready	..... 18.5
Difference	..... Unchanged
Silver Forward	..... 18.7
Difference	..... +1 anna

Market:—American bought, small business, market steady.

RESULT OF THE COMPETITION "WHAT CAN THEY BE DOING"

THE FOLLOWING IS THE CORRECT SOLUTION

ENTRY COUPON

No. of Picture	No. of Clue.	No. of Picture	No. of Clue
1	3	9	8
2	7	10	10
3	4	11	9
4	5	12	16
5	1	13	6
6	15	14	12
7	2	15	11
8	13	16	14

As 41 competitors have submitted all correct solutions the prize of Rs. 1.000 has been divided amongst them each getting a prize of Rs. 25 in round sum.

No consolation prizes have been awarded this time.

The names of the prize winners are as under:—

(1) Sha Hiralal Chatrabhuj, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.
(2) Ragunath C. Rele, French Bridge, Bombay.
(3) Bomanji B. Desai, Parsi Colony, Dadar.
(4) A. Everard, G. P. O. Bombay.
(5) Bai Amtullabai Gulambussein, Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay.
(6) Ramji Bhijraj, Dana Bunder, Bombay.
(7) Indirabai Vaingaonker, Gamdevi, Bombay.
(8) M. C. Mullaji, Bombay No. 4.
(9) T. Veromal, Mulund, Dt. Thana.
(10) Mrs. Hirabai A. Lala, Tardeo, Bombay.
(11) Tehmina Dossabhoy Mistry, Bombay No. 4.
(12) Lunkaran Lunkad Kalbadevi, Bombay.
(13) Carvalho Thomas, Bishop Town Cavel, Bombay.
(14) L. Tolster, Byculla, Bombay.
(15) Shantilal Ratanchand Doshi, Bombay, No. 2.
(16) A. M. Stancey, Byculla, Bombay.
(17) Bai Husseinbai Sheik Abdul Hussein, Rehmat Manzil, Bombay No. 3.
(18) S. N. Mehta, Khand Bazar, Bombay.
(19) Gopaldas Padamsi Kapadia, Apollo Street, Bombay.
(20) R. S. Choksey, Chikalwadi, Bombay.
(21) K. Srinivas Rao, Kurla Road, Andheri.
(22) Rustom A. S. Irani, Carnac Road, Bombay.
(23) Miss Banoo Jehangir Chinoy, 668, Parsi Colony, Dadar.
(24) B. R. Cooper, C/o Grindlay & Co. Ltd., Bombay.
(25) R. H. Station Master, Agiarce Road, Thana.
(26) Hamidali Karmali Dandewala, Engineer Building, Mahim No. 16.
(27) Villoo M. Khambatta, Gowalia Tank, Bombay.
(28) Miss Sulochana M. Patel, Kurla Road, Andheri.
(29) Mohamed Jamal Motiwala, Horavar, Kathiawar.
(30) Bai Fatmabai Gulamhussein, Rehman Manzil, Pydhoni, Bombay.
(31) Mohanlal J. Shah, Adoni, Bellary.
(32) Ahmedalli Mohamadalli, Baria Bldg., Dongri Street, Bombay No. 9.
(33) Vanarsi Jeenabhai Mehta, C/o Amidas Ranchhodas & Co., Post No. 3, Bombay.
(34) G. M. S. Rane, Thakurdwar, Bombay.
(35) Nathara. D. Karve, 22, Sardad Mansion, Apollo Street, Bombay.
(36) Jerbai Bomanji Lhoowala, 638, Parsi Colony, Dadar.
(37) Shri Umedlal Thakarsi, 84, Khand Bazar, Bombay.
(38) D. H. Ganekar, Marina Mansion, Chowpatty, Bombay.
(39) Gulambussein Abdulkayum, Rehamat Manzil, Pydhoni, Bombay.
(40) Keshavlal Girdhara. Dave, Ladwafil, Jamnagan, (Kathiawar).
(41) Miss G. Crawford, 12 Blocks, Kalyan.

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GOVERNOR'S SCHEME FOR VILLAGE UPLIFT

'Addressing Princes' Conference Sir F. Sykes Outlines Duties Of Panchayat And Co-operative Society

The Governor of Bombay, in the course of his speech at the Princes' and Chiefs' Conference, held at Government House, on Wednesday, said:—

"The future being so closely bound up with co-operation between British India and the Indian States, I have invited you here to-day to speak about a matter in which, I have no doubt, Your Highnesses and all of you are equally interested with me, namely, the welfare of the villages and the betterment of village life generally in your territories as well as in British India.

PROUD OF TILLERS OF SOIL.

"As we are all aware, the main industry of the Bombay Presidency, as of the whole of India, is agriculture. Though all the industries are inter-dependent, agriculture is the basis of a very large proportion of them. The tillers of the soil constitute an asset of which we are proud. The prosperity of India lies in agriculture and in the happiness and well-being of the villagers.

PLEA FOR CONSOLIDATION.

"There is nothing new in the policy of village improvement which we are now considering. It has already been followed by us and by you in the past. What I am now proposing to do is to consolidate and systematize the work which has been so far done for the improvement of the villages, to co-ordinate our activities in the various directions and to chalk out a scheme for the future along, as far as possible, certain definite and well understood lines.

C. D. MOVEMENT BLAMED.

"The Civil Disobedience movement, of which the consequences are now patent to every lover of ordered government and progress further impeded our progress in this direction. I acknowledge heartily the loyalty which you have always shown to the Crown and the support which you have given to Government.

"My appeal to you to-day is for a federalism in action in the course of village betterment, paving the way, as it were, for political federation to which we are all looking forward. I would call it, for my present purpose, our economic federation within the Presidency boundaries for an essentially local purpose.

"The ideal which we place before ourselves is that all villages should work towards becoming model villages, so that they may be a help and an example to each other. For the realisation of this ideal it is necessary that we should develop self-governing village organisations so as to ensure continuity of work and development of a healthy 'esprit de corps.' The spear-head of reform in each village must be not an individual, however enthusiastic, but the whole body of villagers.

THE SCHEME.

"The two types of village organisations which are best suited for this purpose are the Panchayat or the Sanitary Board or Committee and the Co-operative Society of the "better living" type. The Panchayat has a well settled organisation and funds, and is empowered under the Village Panchayats Act to deal with every kind of work which our scheme comprises. A co-operative "better living" society is also suitable for the work outlined in the scheme, and its constitution and methods of work are provided for in model rules. How far these two types of local bodies may suit different villages and whether both can flourish side by side in the same village can only be decided in the light of further experience. One thing, however, should I think, be borne in mind, namely, that there should be no desire to encourage one kind of society to the exclusion of another.

TALUKA ORGANISATION.

"To co-ordinate the work of these village organisations so as to ensure continuity and regularity, and to assist them in obtaining expert advice, there must be a Taluka organisation. This organisation will also assist in the formation of panchayats and co-operative societies in the Taluka. It will have not only intimate knowledge of all work that is going on in the Taluka, but will be in touch with all the rural reconstruction work in the Presidency. Such an organisation may be the Taluka Local Board or the Taluka Development Association. The latter may be found essential in those Talukas in which village reconstruction work is strongly developed on the agricultural side. The Mamlatdar should be a member and probably Chairman of the body so as to ensure the best liaison with the district organisation.

DISTRICT ORGANISATION.

The next important part of the mechanism of the scheme will be the District organisation which would deal both with the district local boards (and through them with Panchayats) and the taluka development associations. The Collector should be Chairman of such a body because he is the head of the Revenue organisation of the district and has his subordinates in every village. The body should be a small one, and one of its duties will be to collect funds for every kind of village welfare activity.

"The functions of Government will be of a three-fold nature, namely, co-ordinating, technical and specialist.

The co-ordination of village improvement work will devolve on the district officers of the Revenue Department to which the subject of rural development will be definitely allotted. The Collector and sub-divisional officers will be required to devote themselves more consciously and systematically to this branch of their work.

TECHNIQUE.

"In addition to the work of co-ordination outlined above, certain technique or methods will have to be evolved, particularly methods of organisation and methods of publicity, including speeches, wireless, touring uplift vans, etc. It will be for the Revenue officers to administer the funds provided for the work. Specialist advice will be provided by every department of Government which has a local organisation and by the central non-official associations which have been formed to assist the countryside. In particular, the Public Health, Education, Agricultural, Co-operative and Industries Departments will assist the Revenue officers at every point.

"In all this work simplicity must be watchword. The ardent reformer must be ever ready to translate his enthusiasm into plain practical work. Broadly speaking, improvement of sanitation will probably come first, education second and improvements of agriculture third; but to the villager the order of improvement may possibly seem to be the opposite of this.

"Such in brief outline is the plan which I have tentatively worked out and which I now earnestly commend for your careful consideration and criticism. At this stage it is only in draft form and will be further examined in accordance with the result of such suggestions as this Conference and others interested in the work may have to make, and I cordially invite you now to give this Conference the benefit of your advice.

DOING MUCH!

"I must also express my appreciation of the work of village improvement which you have done in your territories. We understand that you are doing much, but we do not know as many of the details of what you are doing as we should like to know. You have many advantages in this respect, and I am anxious that your methods and experience should be placed at our disposal, as our experience will readily be placed at yours.

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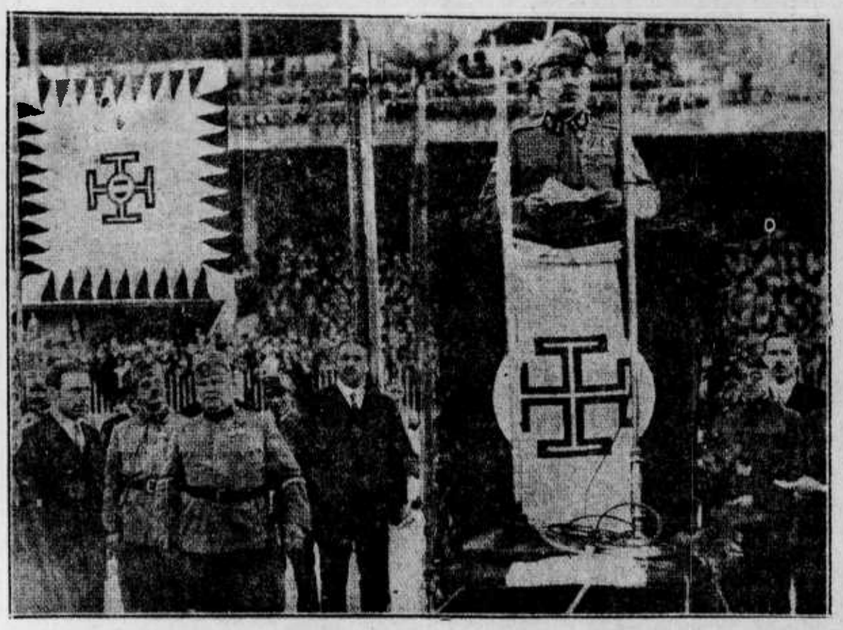
"Bombay Chronicle"

Austria Goes Fascist



ENGELBERT DOLLFUSS, diminutive Chancellor of Austria, making his epochal speech at the Trabremplatz in Vienna in which he announced "Fascizatio n" of Austria.

NAVJIVAN PRESS TO BE SOLD ?

Mahatmaji Obtains Permission Of Trustees

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD Oct. 4.

It is understood that Mahatmaji with the permission of the Trustees of "Navjivan" decided to sell the entire printing machinery of the "Navjivan" Press. This machinery was bought a few years ago at a cost of about Rs. 50,000.

This press was confiscated by the Government during the first Civil Disobedience movement where "Navjivan" and "Young India" were printed. The Trustees of "Navjivan" are: Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Kaka Kalelkar, Sjt. Jamnalal Bajaj: Mr. Mahadeo Desai and Mr. Mohanlal Bhatt of whom three are in jail.

PUNJAB COUNCIL TERM EXTENDED

SIMLA, October 4.

In exercise of the power conferred by proviso (B) of sub-section 1 of Section 72(B) of the Government of India Act His Excellency the Governor of Punjab has extended the term of the Punjab Legislative Council for a period of one year from October 24, 1933, special circumstances under which His Excellency has thought fit to extend the term of the Council being the impending constitutional developments.—A.P.

Calcutta.—Mr. P. J. Griffiths, I.C.S., on leave has been appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of Midnapore.—A.P.

RESTRICT RYOT'S INDEBTEDNESS

Dewan Of Sangli's Plea For Legislation

POONA, Oct. 4.

A big step forward in formulating a comprehensive rural uplift scheme in the Presidency was taken by the Government of Bombay this afternoon when at His Excellency's invitation the ruling chiefs of the Presidency and their representatives assembled at Government House, Poona, to confer with His Excellency on the subject.

About 20 chiefs and their representatives were present. After delivering his speech His Excellency invited suggestions from those assembled for improving his scheme.

His Highness the Raja of Sangli initiating the debate suggested that talukas with like agricultural and other conditions be grouped for the purpose of this scheme, so as to form an effective link between districts and talukas.

The Chief of Aundh emphasised the need for delivering the villagers from the crushing indebtedness which was demoralising them.

The Dewan of Sangli was responsible for the suggestion that legislation be undertaken in order to restrict the indebtedness of the peasant.

His Excellency thanking those assembled for the ready response they had given to his invitation and the various suggestions placed before him made a few observations on the latter.

His Excellency while admitting that indebtedness was an important problem felt that it would be better to educate the villager in regard to this matter rather than to try to remove this by legislation.

After the conference the Ruling Chiefs were entertained to tea at the Government House.—A.P.

TRIBAL CHIEF REINSTATED

SEROWE (Bechuanaland), October 4.

In presence of a large gathering of the natives, the Vice-Admiral Evans formally reinstated Tshekedi as the Acting Chief of Bamangwato. Admiral Evans emphasised that the suspension was made not because he did not think that McIntosh deserved punishment, but because the law did not allow Europeans to be tried by native courts.

Thereafter Admiral Evans granted the Chief interview at which question of the Chief going to England to raise the question of status of treaty chiefs and other matters were discussed. Admiral Evans is forwarding any recommendations to J. H Thomas.—Reuter.

WHERE INSECTS ARE WELCOME GUESTS

Harpenden Entomologist Establishes "Rest Hostel" For Them

Cabbage moths, midges and other winged insect pests hated by the gardener are welcome guests at the Rothamsted Experimental Station, Harpenden, writes the "News Chronicle."

Indeed, Dr. C. B. Williams, head of the Entomological Laboratory has prepared a sort of "rest hostel" for them, details of which are described in the Report of the Station for 1932 (obtainable from the secretary, price 2s. 6d.)

To discover the factors responsible for the multiplication, at times, of insect pests to such an extent as to be a danger to crops, Dr. Williams is taking daily samples of all flying insects under standard conditions, and identifying and counting them.

He does this by a light trap, operating from sunset to sunrise and fitted with a device to show the hours during which each batch of insects enters into residence.

1 ACCUSED ILL IN CONSPIRACY TRIAL

Govt. Counsel For Unrepresented Man ?

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

When the hearing of the Madras Conspiracy Case was resumed to-day before the Special Magistrate, one of the accused did not attend owing to illness.

The Court discussed the matter with the Crown Prosecutor, who said that if the unrepresented accused would agree to be represented by counsel engaged by Government, he would make necessary recommendations.

The hearing was adjourned to

PRIZE ON JAIL BREAKERS

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

In connection with the escape of two up-country prisoners, described as terrorists, from the Bellary Central Jail, it is understood that the Distt. Magistrate has announced a reward of Rs. 500 for the capture of each of the prisoners.—A.P.

VICEROY'S MADRAS PROGRAMME

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

It is understood that according to the present programme the Viceroy and party arrive Madras on the 14th of December and will stay there until the 18th December on which date the party leaves for Calcutta via Vizagapatam.—A.P.

WALL STREET QUIET AND FIRM

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 4.

In the Stock Exchange, the Chancellor of Exchequer's optimistic speech at bankers' banquet created a favourable impression on home industrials, iron and steel textiles especially attracting buyers. Rollsroyce motors are higher on talk of bonus.

Commodity markets are steadier, tin strongly held.

Wall Street is quietly firmer.

TO BEAT LONG DISTANCE RECORD?

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ORAN, Oct. 4.

French airmen Assolant and Lefevre took off at 0545 G.M.T, in an atteinpt to break long distance record. They hope to reach Rangoon nonstop.

Plane, Canaryb rd Second carrying 8,700 litres of petrol was seen off by a crowd of '00.

COMPLICATIONS IN SIMLA COTTON TALKS

(Continued from page 1)

noon and exchanged views regarding the relative positions of the two countries in trying to keep the Indian market and made an effort to discover whether any way could be found for co-operation and mutual accommodation.

QUOTA SYSTEM.

The Government of India delegation met its nonofficial advisers representing cotton and textile interests in order to hear their views on the possibility of agreeing on some quota system.

The Lancashire delegates are arranging to meet Indian cotton growers with the object of emphasising that in return for Lancashire buying more Indian cotton they should get more of the Indian market for Lancashire goods. The Lancashire delegation has so far given no hint of the quantity of Indian cotton they would be able to consume in an increasing proportion. Indian mill interests are watching the situation and are trying to maintain solidarity of the Indian case against possible inroads by other interests.

TALKS MAY CONTINUE.

The Government of Indian will meet their unofficial advisers again on Friday when it is possible that the case of other industries besides the textile industry will be heard.

So far there is no prospect of the talks ending before the 20th of October. They may possibly extend beyond that date.—A. P.

FIRST JOINT MEETING

The first joint meeting between representatives of the Japanese cotton industry and representatives of the Indian textile industry took place at Cecil Hotel yesterday.

"NO HOSTILITY TO JAPAN."

Mr. Mody on behalf of Indian industrialists welcomed the Japanese trade delegation and stated that the tariff policy of India so far as the textile industry was concerned had been entirely dictated by the protective needs of the Indian textile industry and the general interests of the country and certainly no hostility to Japan was intended by measures which it had been found necessary to take. India entertained the most friendly feelings towards Japan, and he expressed his earnest desire that some mutually acceptable agreement might be concluded as a result of discussion which he hoped would take place from day to day.

KURATA'S ASSURANCE.

Mr. Kurata in reply to Mr. Mody welcomed the prospect of frank and friendly discussions with representatives of the Indian textile industry and reciprocated Mr. Mody's desire for a continuation of the cordial relations which had hitherto existed between India Japan and which had benefited both countries. Mr. Kurata assured Indian industrialists of the goodwill which existed in Japan towards India and added that his delegation proposed to investigate every possible avenue of approach to a solution which would be acceptable to both countries.—A.P.

OFFICIAL VERSION

The following official communique has been issued:—

The cotton textile delegation from Japan and the British Textile delegation met this afternoon at Cecil Hotel. A preliminary exchange of views on general lines took place in a friendly and cordial atmosphere.

A second meeting has been arranged for Saturday morning next, 7th October, when the problems with which the two delegations are concerned will be explored further.—A. P.

TWO MICE BORN IN MAN'S STOMACH

Performer Given Emetic To Remove Rodents

SALZBURG (By Mail)

Hans Schneider has given up mice. He's through with mice forever, which is a bit hard on a chap who has made a living for years by swallowing mic.

Hans put on his stunt here the other day. Before his audience he waved a mouse, squilming nicely, but suspiciously pudgy. Women fainted. Men grimaced. Hans put the mouse in his mouth, threw back his head, swallowed. The mouse dropped into his innards. A few minutes later the mouse was drawn back on a string, but Hans, far from happy, let out a whoop.

"I've been bitten: There's something in my stomach. The mouse dropped something."

X-rays showed that Hans had been bitten. Worse, the mouse had dropped something—two little mice, which were using Hans' stomach for a nursery. A powerful emetic brought them up. So Hans has given up mice forever.

LEAGUE AND GERMAN REFUGEES

GENEVA, Oct. 4.

Dutch proposal for setting up an International relief organisation under the authority of the League of Nations to deal with the problem of the German refugees has been referred to a subcommittee.—Reuter.

GOLD CIGARETTE CASE FOUND

A gold cigarette case valued at Rs. 200 has been recovered by the Bombay C.I.D., from a person, who was arrested recently on suspicion.

Inside the case there is the following inscription: "Sam John and Sylvia, September 12, 1928." It appears that the case is of English make, and the police are making vigorous inquiries to trace the owner.

Representative:—ROBERT BLA (India), Central Bank Buildings Bombay.

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Betrayed Country And Community

Moulana Ahmed Saeed Gives Crushing Rejoinder To Shafee Dawoodi Indicting Round Tablers

Moulana Ahmad Saeed, the veteran Muslim Leader of Delhi, in the course of a letter to Mr. Shafee Dawoodi, after condemning the betrayal of the country by the Muslim Delegates to the R. T. C., makes a startling revelation that responsible officials have sent out letters asking for the formation of a body of Ulemas to support the Government.

The "Tiryaq" of Lahore, one of Dr. Alam's newly-started papers, publishes the full text of the correspondence that has passed between Moulvi Safi Dawoodi and Moulana Ahmad Saeed of the Jamiat-e-Ulema-e-Hind, on the subject of the so-called All-India Muslim Conference.

Moulvi Shafee Dawoodi, writing from Simla, invites the Jamiat-e-Ulema to participate in the session of the All-India Muslim Conference" that was to have been held at Patna. He says that since the Jamiat, at its Moradabad session, has rescinded the resolution calling upon Indian Muslims to join the Civil Disobedience movement, and since that resolution was the only point of difference between the Jamiat and their organisation, the Ulemas can now participate in the deliberations of the Muslim Conference without violating their principles.

A CRUSHING REJOINDER.

Moulana Ahmad Saeed, declining the invitation with thanks, writes:—

"I agree that Indian Muslims must unite, but I assure you that even if all the Muslim Parties and organisations in the country unite and work strenuously to undo the harm that your organisation has done to the country and community during the last three years, they will not succeed, because the harm done is too great to be undone. It hurts me to express the bitter truth that the organisation that was formed to safeguard Muslim rights has outdone Britishers in safeguarding British rights. In the name of the Muslim community several Muslim delegates have acquired benefits for themselves. Because the British officials and delegates were very kind to them and were granting to them all the favours that they had asked for themselves, Muslim delegates deluded themselves into the belief that Government were very well-disposed towards the community and would grant all its demands. I assure you that Government have easily had the better of you in this bargain. They got much more out of you than they gave you. And after all, what did they give you? Practically nothing.

HOW MUSLIMS WERE FOOLED.

Individually and severally, privately as well as publicly, Government gave you an assurance that they would concede all your demands "in toto" and that you need not bother to enter into any agreement with any party or community nor join hands with them. In fact, you were told to show your gratitude to Government by not joining any group that was there to embarras the Government. If you did, you were told that Government would find it difficult to accept all your demands. And you were taken in."

YOU HAVE HARMED INDIA.

The Moulana proceeds:—

"If Muslim delegates had not betrayed the country at the R.T.C., India would have been very near Dominion Status to-day. India would, to a great extent, have been free from the incubus, that, for the last two centuries, has been throttling India's very existence.

"Has your betrayal of the country benefited the community? The answer is 'NO.' You were swearing by the demands of the All-Parties' Muslim Conference, held at Delhi under the chairmanship of the Aga Khan. You used to say those demands were unalterable, and could never be whittled down. You refused to compromise with our Hindu brethren saying that your demands must be either accepted or rejected "in toto." And, may I ask what has become of your demands now?

AWARD GIVES YOU NOTHING.

"The Premier's Award does not concede to you the majority in the Councils that you have in the Provinces of Bengal and the Punjab. It was solely due to your support that Europeans, who do not form even one per cent. of the population in the Bengal, have been given a ten per cent. weightage. In Bengal and the Punjab, the Muslims have been reduced to a minority, because of you. And what is worse, you have given a very wrong impression to the world in general and to the West in particular, that Indian Muslims do not want Independence. A greater harm to the Indian Muslims it is difficult to imagine.

"A.P." AND "REUTER" BLAMED.

Because you happen to be on the side of Government, your false propaganda in the name of the Indian Muslims spread far and wide with the help of the A.P.I. and the Reuters, while the real point of view of Indian Muslims could not be made known. You must forgive my telling you that your Muslim Conference is really nothing but a brown edition of the European Association.

The Moulana adds:—

"The Jamiat keeps aloof from the Muslim Conference, not because the latter body is not courageous enough to join the Civil Disobedience movement, but because it is handmaid of the Government. If the Muslim Conference is willing to sacrifice official patronage and favours, the Jamiat will surely join hands with it.

A STARTLING DISCLOSURE.

In the end, the Moulana expresses surprise why Moulvi Shafee Dawoodi ever took the risk of inviting the Jamiat to their Conference. He says:—

"You have enough supporters among so-called leaders, even amongst the Ulema. A friend of mine has copies of letters which responsible Government officials have written to certain worshippers of Mammon, saying that Government wants an organisation of Ulemas, which will support official policy through and through.

"I shall not be surprised," he concludes, "if your kind invitation to us will bring down official wrath on you."

Rugby.—The constructive nature of the London Wheat Agreement and smaller world crop for the current season are among factors cited by the United States Bureau of Agricultural Economics in support of their expectation of increases in world wheat prices.—B. O. W.

DEFEATISTS' PROGRAMME

Dr. Mahmudul' Criticises Strongly Gandhi-Nehru Plan

IDEALIST'S DREAM

Plea For "Only Programme" Of National Unity and Obliteration Of Communal Barriers.

ALLAHABAD, Oct 4.

Dr. Mahmudullah, Barrister and Secretary of the Unity Conference in a statement to the Associated Press strongly criticised the constructive programme referred to in the recent Gandhi-Nehru correspondence.

He says: "The Gandhi-Nehru plan is a programme of the defeatists really and an old one and devoid of life and attractiveness. It is neither conductive to nationalism, nor is it a step towards self government. It is an insult to the national intelligence. The item of Swadeshi, continues Dr. Muhmudullah, is much more built upon the false sense of patriotism than upon sound economic laws.

The Harijan movement is a total negation of nationalism for the author has unwisely founded it on narrow sectarianism. It is an ill-timed movement, which has misdirected the energies of the workers from the path of nationalism.

The economic programme of Mr Nehru is a dream of an idealist, who, in exuberence of his zeal, forgets the obstacles In his opinion there is no question of a forward policy at the present juncture, and the only programme which should be placed before the country is one of national unity. He added, "let us approach the masses and try to obliterate the communal barriers created by various sectarian propaganda."—A. P.

REDUCE TRUST CHAWL RENTS

Tenants Demand Uniform Rate Of Rs. 5 Per Tenement

An emergent meeting of the tenants of the Improvement Trust Chawls at Love Lane, Mazagaon, was held at 9 p.m. on Tuesday, when Miss Maniben Kara presided.

The purpose of the meeting was to consider whether the Trustees of the Bombay Improvement Trust should not be approached with a view to draw their attention, as early as possible, to the question of reducing the existing rate of rent charged for tenements in these Chawls.

The conveners of the meeting had given previous notice of the meeting and had also specially invited the elected members of the "E" Ward, but at the time the meeting was held the members were conspicuous by their absence.

CLEAR-CUT ISSUE

About 450 tenants of the Chawls attended the meeting, and Miss Maniben Kara exhaustively put forward the point of view before the gathering, in order to make the question a clear cut issue.

The President laid particular stress on the fact that the Chawls at Love Lane were the highest taxed of the entire group of Improvement Trust Chawls. The Chawls at Mahalaxmi were rented out at Rs. 5 per tenement, The Foras Road Chawls at Rs. 8 per tenement, while here at Love Lane they had to pay Rs. 9.

The immediate issue before them now was that the Chief Officer, Bombay Improvement Trust should be approached with their demands and uniform rate of rent per tenement should be fixed at Rs. 5 owing to the present economic crisis.

Miss Kara added that if the Improvement Trust had sustained a loss of one crore of rupees it was no reason why the poor tenants of their chawls should be penalized and forced to pay more rent.

DEMAND FOR 40 P.C. REDUCTION IN RENT

The following two resolutions were passed unanimously:—

(1) This meeting of the tenants of the Improvement Trust Chawls at Love Lane, Mazagaon, request the Trustees of the Improvement Trust to reduce the rents of the tenements by at least 40 percent, looking to the heavy fall in the incomes of the tenants.

(2) This meeting lends its wholehearted support to the Tenancy Bill of Mr. R. R. Bakhle in the Bombay Legislative Council, and demands its very early enactment in the interests of the tenant population of the City.

Mr. Kandalkar, Mr. Gaikwad, Mr. V. B. Karnik, Advocate, also addressed the meeting, and exhorted the tenants of the Improvement Trust Chawls to put forward their united demands.

SHOT HER SON TO END MISERIES

Tragedy Of Mother's Devotion

PARIS, (By Mail.)

The body of Madame Gravier, who shot her 20-year-old son to end his sufferings, has been washed up by the sea near Royan.

There was a revolver wound on her head.

Madame Gravier had nursed the son devotedly for a year, but doctors despaired of curing him. His body was found on a flower-strewn bed in their villa at Soulac.

A letter left by Madame Gravier for the police announced her intention to kill herself.—Reuter.

BUDGET WILL BE BALANCED

Chancellor Of Exchequer Predicts Return To Gold Standard

LONDON, Oct. 4.

"Britain will probably return to the goldstandard, but the requisite state of affairs is not yet existing" declared Mr. Neville Chamberlain at the Annual Bankers' Banquet at the Mansion House. The Budget would be balanced this year.

There was a further drop in unemployment in September. We could look forward to the future with confidence.

"We are seeing the beginning of a permanent advance and definite progress. It is no mere flash in the pan."

To show the urgency of reviving international trade, Mr. Chamberlain said that British exports were halved in value between 1929 and 1932 and we lost £3,65,000,000.—Reuter.

REAL CULPRIT AT LARGE

Innocent Persons Challaned Says Additional District Judge At Amraoti

RETRIAL ORDERED

Judge Says Cross-Examination Disproves Prosecution Story & Witness Were Telling Lies.

(From Our Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, October 2.

Six persons, five men and one woman were chalaned before the Additional District Judge at Amraoti, under the charges of rioting, house-breaking, and murder. After a prolonged trial in the court of Sessions during the course of which additional evidence was cited and examined all the accused were pronounced to be innocent and "not guilty" by the assessors and the presiding Judge agreed with them. The accused were acquitted in consequence on the ground that the medcal evidence as brought out in the cross-examination conclusively disproved the prosecution story and the prosecution witnesses were telling a false story. The police inquiry in the case was found to be incomplete and one-sided. Not only the prosecution story was not believed but the defence story was believed, viz., that the real murderer was a Mahomedan called Hatam, from the same village, i.e., Rewesa from which the rest of the accused came.

The police inquiry was conducted by Sub-Inspector Mohamad Yasin in conjunction with the Circle Inspector Mr. Karim Dad Khan both working under the Deputy District Superintendent of police who is also a Muslim in charge of the Taluque in which the village is situated. The Additional District Judge has remarked in his concluding part of the judgment that the real culprit is at large and that innocent persons were chalaned. He has also recommended that there should be a fresh inquiry into the matter and that the real culprit should be brought to book. It is hoped that the authorities will take due notice of this. This was all due to Mr. B. C. Khaparde's wisdom, who was defending the accused assisted by Messrs. Karnaik, Modak and Sharfuddin. Interviewed Mr. Khaparde said that the details of the case are very wonderful and reveal many things mysterious.

ON FLIGHT TO AUSTRALIA

Kingsford Smith's New Venture

RUGBY, Oct. 4.

Air-Commodore Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith flew from Heston to Lympne aerodrome, near Folkestone, this evening, in his new All-British Monoplane." Miss Southern Cross". In readiness to leave at dawn to-morrow for Australia. Special tanks have been fitted to the machine, giving it a cruising range of about 1,800 miles. Sir Charles says that he is not out to break the record, but just wishes to reach Australia as quickly as possible.—B. O. W

WOMEN'S UPLIFT HIS GREAT CONCERN

Mr. Sastri's Tribute To Raja Ram Mohan Roy

COIMBATORE, (By Mail.)

Presiding over the Centenary Celebrations of Raja Ram Mohan Roy last evening the Rt. Hon. V. S. Sreenivasa Sastri paid glowing tributes to the services rendered by the great patriot to the country in general and Bengal in particular in several directions.

The problems of the women's uplift had the sympathy and support of Ram Mohan Roy and he also paid great attention for the social and political matters of the country. Raja Ram Mohan was a lover freedom and giving evidence before the select committee regarding grievances of India in those days was a master-piece of work.

Mr. Sastri made an earnest appeal to all these present and especially to the students to read the life sketch of the great reformer and get themselves benefitted by his wonderful and gifted wrtings. Mr. Sastri was followed by some more speakers.—A. P.

MURDER OF BAKERY OWNER

Transportation Sentence For Former Employee

Mr. Justice Shingne at the High Court sentenced one Hashmatullah Barkatullah, a Mahomedan, to transportation for life, on the jury finding him guilty of murder.

The accused was formerly in the employ of the deceased Haji Javer Haji Hussain who owned two bakeries, one at Grant Road and the other at Parel. On May 24 last, he waylaid the deceased while he was going on a cycle from his Grant Road bakery to his shop at Parel. The accused, who was sacked sometime previous to that, demanded to be taken back, failing which he threatened the deceased with dire consequences.

Two days later, the accused again waylaid the deceased on his way from Grant Road to Parel, near Chhota Kabrastan. In a scuffle that ensued, he stabbed the deceased, and ran away with a bag containing Rs. 135 which he snatched from the latter's bicycle.

The deceased was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he succumbed to his injuries. The accused was later traced to a village in Allahabad District.

EARTHQUAKE IN LOS ANGELES

Two Buildings Wrecked And One Person Killed

LOS ANGELES, Oct 2

A severe earthquake occurred early this morning as a result of which two buildings were wrecked, one person died and four were injured. The citizens who were thrown into a panic rushed into the streets halfdressed, fearing a repetition of the earthquake of March when 140 persons were killed and 2,000 persons injured.—Reuter.

Simla.—Colonel B. J. Lang, British Service, Army Headquarters is to be the officiating Deputy Quartermaster-General vice Major-General E. F. Orton.—A.P.

BADNERA MILL STRIKE GOES ON

Attempt At Compromise By Labour Union President Proves Abortive

WORKERS FIRM

Resolve Not to Resume Work Unless Compromise was Arrived At With Their Union.

(From Our Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, October 2.

One hundred days have passed since 1,500 workers of the Badnera Mills including 300 women are on strike. All efforts at compromise made by Mr. P. Y. Deshpande president of the Badnera Textile Labour Union and even Government intervention proved futile, and the mill managers are now reported to have been going back on their promises, under the plea that they cannot do anything unless Sir Manekji Dadabhoy returns back from Simla.

The workers held their meeting on the 1st of October and expressed their determination by passing a resolution to the effect that they resented very much the attitude of the mill management and that none of them was prepared to go on work unless their demands were considered and a compromise arrived at with their Union.

By another resolution the workers demanded moral support from all the labourers of this province.

TRIBUTE TO LATE MR. SALPEKAR

Bajaj Breaks Sad News To Gandhiji

WARDHA, Oct. 4.

Mr. Bajaj announced the news of the sad demise of Mr. Salpekar aged 65, in Chhindwara, during the evening prayer's gathering in the presence of Gandhiji.

Paying a tribute to the deceased he said that Salpekar was an old veteran of sterling sincerity and unparalleled courage In spite of old age he was young in his activities. He left his practice in 1921 and never resumed it.

Mr. Ravishanker Shukla of Raipur stated that the death of Salpekar came as a great shock to him.—A. P.

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Force and strength in my look,
Please read my character,
And send me your book."

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Note:—Psychology Foundation is an old-established publishing house that has made many friends through the distribution of useful books and pamphlets on mental and psychological subjects. More than 40 University professors have contributed to its literature and all of its publications for which a charge is made are sold under a guarantee of entire satisfaction or money refunded.

YARN DEALERS LOSE CONFIDENCE

Turnover Considerably Smaller

ART-SILK PRICES TOO DEAR

The Yarn market has continued to remain dull and depressed during the whole of past week and prices have fluctuated on a narrow range. The Divali Holidays are now approaching nearer and local dealers as well as upcountry dealers have been busy settling their accounts before Divali and this has been one of the principal reasons why the turnover during the week has been considerably smaller. Besides this, cotton markets everywhere have been showing a sagging tendency and this has been naturally inducing the buyers to wait and watch before making any purchases. The recent financial crisis in the local Stock Market as a result of the difficulties experienced by large group of mills in Bombay has also been responsible for creating a very nervous feeling in the Yarn Market as well as in the cloth market, not only in Bombay, but also in upcountry centres. The general condition therefore has continued to remain very unsatisfactory so far as the Yarn Market is concerned and it is not surprising that in such circumstances demand has continued to remain very poor. Enquiries from almost all principal consuming centres have been very limited and there seems to be a loss of confidence amongst the dealers and consumers in the present level of prices although apparently the present prices are low and attractive. On the whole the undertone is not very hopeful and in view of several adverse circumstances that have recently sprung up it is very likely that no improvement in demand will be possible atleast upto the end the year.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Manchester prices have advanced further according to the latest report, particularly in Egyptian yarns and any fresh forward business in this class of yarns seems to be quite impossible.

JAPANESE YARNS.

Prices in almost all kinds of Japanese yarns have exhibited a sagging tendency during the week on account of very restricted offtake and due to sufficient arrivals during the week. Import Houses have not been quoting any lower prices, but owing to the absence of confidence dealers are more inclined to clear their stocks and to be free for a better opportunity rather than wait and hold on their stocks. Demand consuming districts is not yet satisfactory and although stocks in certain styles are very low, demand is also not so brisk as to create a sharp advance in prices. There has been some further decline in prices of Mercerized yarns on account of heavy stocks whereas in twofolds cotton yarns prices have remained rather firm due to very small stocks. 40s Single Shanghai yarn has remained practically unchanged at last week's level. Exchange has been more steady during the week whereas Sampin have been fluctuating as cotton.

ART SILK YARNS.

As forecasted in our last report the consumers all over the country have been finding it extremely difficult to pay the present level of high prices fixed by the Syndicate and the latest reports from all important consuming districts go to show that the actual consumption has been declining. It is very unfortunate that there has been absolutely no improvement in the prices of cloth in any of the important consuming districts and in some places prices have been slightly easier. In the circumstances, it is very difficult to expect any improvement in consumption so long as the present high level of prices continues or atleast so long as there has been no improvement in prices of Art Silk Cloth realised by the Weavers. In the local market as well as in upcountry districts several dealers have been holding cheaper stocks which they are now liquidating at well below Syndicate prices in many cases. Sales therefore at the present level of Sindicate prices are very limited and only in those counts where there has been some scarcity. Besides this, the approach of Divali Holidays has also been adversely affecting fresh sales and stocks in all important districts at present are fair and satisfactory. It is also reported that there have been fairly heavy arrivals of Japanese Art Silk yarns by the recent incoming steamers, some of which are unsold and have been offered for sale at lower prices. During the week there have been a decline of about half anna per lb. in Japanese 150 Den. as a result of the arrivals and due to limited offtake. The future tendency of the market therefore does not seem to be hopeful at the moment.

INDIAN YARNS.

The latest reports received from Simla regarding the discussions between the Japanese, Indian and British delegations have been so far satisfactory and a feeling of hope has been entertained all over the country that a workable agreement may be arrived at during the next few days to the advantage of all concerned. At the same time it is very regrettable that the recent financial crisis in Bombay as a result of the difficulties experienced by large group of Mills has created a feeling of nervousness amongst all markets as a result of which several people have been adversely affected. In the midst of such trying circumstances, naturally all markets have lost confidence and fresh business is geeting increasingly difficult inspite of the nearer approach of the New Year. Enquiries from dealers and upcountry merchants have been very few and it seems as if no body is earnestly anxious to make any fresh purchases at the moment, so long as the situation is not clear. Outlook for Divali business does not seem to be promising. Dealers have also been awaiting the next Bureau Report with interest.

HOPEFUL TREASURY RETURNS

Increase In Ordinary Revenue And Decrease In Expenditure

RUGBY, Oct. 4.

The weekly Treaury returns, issued last night, show that the ordinary revenue for the current financial year, up to September 30 that is for the first year—amounted to £275,736,842.

At the corresponding date of last year the amount stood at £268,528,303.

Ordinary expenditure, to-day, for the current year totalled £324,326,997, which is over 35 millions less than the total ordinary expenditure at the corresponding date of last year.—B. O. W.

BRITISH STEEL TRADE IMPROVING

RUGBY. Oct. 4.

Master cutler of Sheffield Mr. C. J. Walsh stated. yesterday. that since the beginning of the year, gradual but definite improvement in the steel trade had taken place.

Sheffield, he said, was producing much more steel than in the pre-war days, and about 27,000 tons monthly more than last year.—B. O. W.

BERAR COTTON GROWERS TO MEET

Conference To Be Held Shortly

(From Our Correspondent.)
AMRAOTI, October 2.

It is understood that a conference of all the cotton growers and cotton merchants and cotton market agents in Berar is going to be held shortly, probably in the second week of October to consider the situation created by the Japanese boycott of Indian cotton, which specially affects this province.

The cotton market committee of Amraoti is reported to be taking keen interest in this matter.

REVIVAL OF "HOME" TRADE

Increase In Clearings Of Provincial Banks

RUGBY. Oct. 3.

A further sign of revival of home trade is disclosed in the provincial banks clearings which for the past month show an average increase of 4.3 per cent over September of last year.

Last month's clearances totalled 59,934,700. The biggest increase is shown by Bradford, the centre of Yorkshire woollen industry, where the amount cleared during the month was 24.8 per cent above the 1932 level. In some Provincial seaport towns small decreases are shown.—B. O. W.

GUIDING STAR OF INDIA

Dr. Hardikar Pays Glowing Tribute To Mahatma

Dr. Hardiker sends the following Message for Gandhi-Jayanti:—

"Gandhiji has entered his 65th year. God has given him to us in order to guide us in the right direction. We all hope that He spares him for us and for the humanity at large for many years to come.

'Since he has taken the reigns of Hinda in his hands he has put in us fresh life. He has energised us. He has electrified the nation. He has made us bold and courageous. He hastaught us sacrifice and sugering. It is he. therefore, who is responsible for the new light. It will serve mankind towards everlasting peace and happiness Hence we want him and we cannot do without him.

HERO AND SAINT

Almost pleasing and fascinating personality that the world has produced during the last 25 centuries. He is the guiding star not only of the Indian people but of humanity at large. In him India has a hero. In him the world has a saint. He is our light. He is our all in all.

BROTHERS AND SISTERS

Read his life very carefully, and try to assimilate everything that Gandhiji has said and done. In this lies the salvation of India.

It is he who has taught us to serve Daridra-Narayan. He has given us Khaddar with a view to give bread and butter to them. The Gandhi-Jayanti is celebrated for that purpose. I wish, the people of India would adhere to Khaddar and make it their National dress."

"MAHATMA NEEDS COMPLETE REST"

Abhyankar Sees Gandhiji At Wardha

WARDHA, Oct. 4.

Mr. M V Abhyanker has issued the following statement to the pdess:—

"I saw Mahatmaji to-day since I met him at Poona at the time of the conference and I find he has greatly improved in health since then. If he is left alone and undisturbed for a sufficiently long time he is bound to be in his usual health. At least from selfish standpoint it is up to us to give him a complete rest so that revigourated he may lead us to the victory."—A. P.

SUFFERER FOR COUNTRY'S CAUSE

Benares Prays For Long Life To Mahatma

BENARES, October 2.

A public meeting to celebrate the 65th birthday of Mahatma Gandhi was held under the presidency of Mr. Sriprakasa at the Town Hall this evening, when speeches were made recalling the Mahatma's great services and suffering for the sake of the country and offering prayers for his long life.

Gandhi week is being observed by the Gandhi Ashram and efforts are made to push the sale of Khadi.—A.P.

RECONSTRUCTION AFTER 28 YEARS!

Kangra Temple Work To Be Over By End Of 1933?

(From A Correspondent)
KANGRA, Oct. 4.

The Kangra Temple, which is one of the most important places of pilgrimage for the Hindus all over India, was brought down, by the great earthquake of 1905.

The task of reconstructing it was immediately undertaken by the Temple Restoration Committee of the Punjab.

But it is sad to reflect that for the last 28 years the work of reconstruction dragged its slow and dreary course. A factor in this delay has been the conduct of Bhojkis, a classs of worshippers attached to the Temple, who, put obstacles in the way of reconstruction.

It is, however, a matter of satisfaction to know from the study of the recent Report of the Temple Construction that the work of reconstruction is nearing completion, and is expected to be over by the end of this year or the early part of the next year, with the exception of the gold-gilding of the pinnacles and of the water-supply scheme.

London Following promotions have been gazetted:—Maj.-General G. A. Weir will be Lieutenant-General. Colonel W. K. Venning will be Major-General.—Reuter's Special.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Oct 4

B.C. RATE—
T.T. and D.D. 1|6.
LONDON BANKS—
Selling T.T and D.D. 1|6 1|32
Selling T T 1/6 1/32 to Jan.
Buying T T 1/6 3/32
Buying D.D. 1|6 3|32.
Buying 3 Mos 1/6 5/32 Oct/Dec.
NEW YORK B.C. RATE—
T T 281 nominal
NEW YORK BANKS—
Selling T T 279 nominal
Buying T T 276 nominal
PARIS BANKS—
Selling D D 589
Buying D D 599
AMSTERDAM BANKS—
Selling D D 57
JAPAN BANKS—
Selling T T 79 1/4.
Buying 60 Days 77.
BANKS SELLING D.D.—
Hongkong 96 1/2
Shanghai 86 1/2
Singapore 156-1|2.
Java 57
Berlin 96 1/2

CROSS RATES.

New York/London 4.78 1/2 3rd instant
Shanghai/London closed 4th instant
Japan/London 1/2 7/32 4th instant
London/Paris 78.85 3rd instant
London/Belgium 22.03 3rd instant
London/Switzerland 15.86 3rd instant
London/Italy 57.50 3rd instant
London/Berlin 12.90 3rd instant
London/Holland 7.63 3rd instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 3rd instant
London/New York 4.79 3rd instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £6-13-5 2nd instant £6-14-6 3rd instant.
Silver London ready 18 1/2 2nd instant 18 5/16 3rd instant
Silver London forward 18 5/16 2nd instant; 18 7/16 3rd instant
Silver New York ready 39 7/8 2nd instant; 40 1/8 3rd instant
London discounts 3 mos 3/4 per cent 2nd instant; 3/4 per cent 3rd instant
London discounts 6 mos 7/8 per cent 2nd instant; 7/8 per cent 3rd instant

Imperial Bank Rate 3-1|2 p.c.
Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
MONEY—
Call 1 p.c.
3 Mos. 1 p.c.
6 Mos. 2 p.c.
TONE:—Easy.

INDORE PRODUCE MARKET

Indore, Oct. 3.

(Messrs. Gangadhar Waman & Co)

Wheat seed and cotton, Rate per Mani of 6 Mds. Bengal.
Wheat Bombay pass. Rs. 20.
Wheat Malwi Rs. 18; 19.
Wheat Pissi Rs. 17; 19.
Gram Rs. 15.
Tilseed Rs. 20; 25.
Lintal Rs. 15.
Linseed Rs. 19; 20.
Jawar Rs. 10.
Bajara Rs. 14; 15.
Tuar Rs. 19.
Oil Cakes Rs. 18; 20.
Ajavan Rs. 20; 24.
Cottonseed Rs. 8.
Cotton Malwi per boja of 4 Mds. Bengal Rs. 64; 70.
Cotton Nimadi per boja of 4 Mds. Bengal Rs. 60; 65.
Wheat Flour Maida per bag of 95 srs. Rs. 10.
Wheat flour Rawa per bag of 95 srs. Rs. 10|8.
Wheat Chapad per bag of 40 srs. Rs. 2|12.
Wheat Ata per bag of 90 srs. Rs. 8|.
Yarn:—
Bandal of 10 lbs.—
No. 3 Rs. 2.
No. 4 Rs. 2|8.
No. 6-1|2 Rs. 3|8.
No. 10-1|2 Rs. 3|12.
No. 12-1|2 Rs. 4'4.
No. 14-1|2 Rs. 4|8.
No. 20 Rs. 5.
Bullion:—
Gold Bar per tola Rs. 34'7.
Silver 100 tola Rs. 56.
Share Market will remain closed for for 8 days.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

Opening Quotations

London, Oct. 4.

Messrs. R K Motishaw & Co. have received the following quotations by cable:—

3 Per Cent.	£74/5/0
3-1/2 Per Cent.	£86/10/0
4-1/2 Per Cent.	£110/7/6
4 Per Cent.	£103/15/0

Tone:—Steady.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Oct. 3.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dols.
Amer. Power & Light Com	8
Amer. Power & Light Pfd. 6 dols.	19
Amer. Power & Light 5 p.c. P. A.	18
Amer. Forn. Power Com.	9
Amer. Forn. Power Gold D.	34
Amer. Forn. Power 7 p.c. P	19
Electric Bond Common	17 1|2
Electric Bond 5 dols. Pfd.	34
Electric Bond 6 p.c. Pfd.	38 1|4
Consolidated Gas	44
Columbia Gas	14
Columbia Gas 6 p.c. Pfd. A	..
United Light & Power A.	3 1|2
United Corpn.	6
American Super Power	3
American Tel. & Tel.	118
Western Union Telg.	52-3|4
Radio Corp.	7 1|2
Chesapeake & Ohio	41
New York Central	36 1|4
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.	26
Canadian Pacific R. R.	..
Erie R. R.	15
Pennsylvania R. R.	28
Union Pacific R. R.	107
National Dairy	14
Hiram Walker	41-1|2
National Distillers	87
Distillers Seagram	25
St. Regis Paper	..
International Carrier	..
Bethelehem Steel	32-1|2
United States Steel	45-1|4
American Smelting	45
Int. Nickel of Canada	20
Anaconda Copper Mining	15 1|2
Kennecott Copper	21 1|2
Cerro de Pasco Copper	36
International Harvestor	36
Chrysler	42
General Motors	28 1|2
Hupp Automobile	4
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	19
Goodyear Tyre	34
Mid. Con. Petroleum	12
Philips Petroleum	16
Standard Oil of N. J.	39 1|2
Socony	11 1|4
American Ice Co.	7 1|2
American Radiator	13
Kelvinators	11
Alaska Juneau	25
Noranda Mines	35
Mac Intyre	45
Amr. Water Works 6 p.c. Pfd. A	..
Chase Bank	23 1|4
Guaranty Trust	..
National City Bank	26 1|2
Sun Life of Canada N.	370

Market range narrow, uneven and higher. U. S. Steel operation capacity 37 per cent.

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, October 4.

Castorseeds: May delivery opening Rs. 26|6: closing Rs. 26|10.

Linseed: December delivery opening Rs. 6|3: closing Rs. 6|3.

Groundnut seeds: February delivery opening Rs. 26|3; lowest Rs. 26|2 and closing Rs. 26|9.

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

Ex. Godown, Bombay.

Bombay, October 4

Filtered Cocoanut oil ready Rs 255 per ton.

Filtered cocoanut oil per case of 84 lbs. Rs. 10.

Cocoanut cake ready Rs. 55 per ton.

Rs. a.p.

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SOUTHERN HEDGE SELLING IN NEW YORK

Spot Basis Strengthening

JOURNAL OF COMMERCE ESTIMATES CROP 11,710,000 BALES

Operators Await Bureau Report

American cotton markets continue quiet with a sagging tendency under Southern hedge selling—Mills are only buyers. Professional operators are holding aloof awaiting definite announcement of the administration's monetary policy and the next Bureau report which will be published on Monday next.

The New York "Journal of Commerce" estimates crop 11,710,000 bales as compared with other private estimates ranging from 12,672,000 bales to 12,919,000 bales.

Bombay, Oct 4

The New York cotton futures was easier on Tuesday in the absence of any important buying and also by Southern hedge selling and pre-Bureau long liquidation. The market opened at a decline of 3 points but ruled very steady on trade buying which resulted in a rise of 6 points from the opening level. Later on there was increased Southern hedge selling which in conjunction with long liquidation depressed prices. The market closed at a decline of 9 to 11 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 9.80c.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 9 points. Spot cotton prices closed 5 points down at 9.56c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points. The market was quiet and featureless with lack of hedge selling. Later on the market improved on trade calling but reacted on poor American advices. The market closed quiet but steady at a rise of one point to a decline of 2 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 6 points at 5.47d. per lb.

East Indian cotton futures closed unchanged and Egyptian cotton prices declined 3 to 5 points. The Alexandria cotton market was easy and closed at a decline of 1½ to 19 points.

BIG YIELD.

There is no gainsaying the fact that the weather during August has been exceptionally favourable for the cotton crop. Even the apparently liberal allowance of 198.4lbs. per acre yield on August 8 will be insufficient for current prospects. Consequently, the estimate of the Daily News Record of a production of 12,924,000 bales will not be far from the official figure. But so cuch depends on the acreage that to be dogmatic would be foolish.

The amount of hedging now coming forward is not surprising. Apart from the normal amount one would expect at this period of the season there seems to be an unusual disposition on the part of the growers to sell. The Industrial Recovery Act has caused a distinct pause in business activity, and offtake for the time being is poor. Hence, to accommodate the hedge sales prices have receded.

As indicated in July, I still believe the yield per acre will be very high this season, as the farmer will do his utmost to produce as much as possible on the land left under cultivation. The rise in the prices of industrial products which has recently taken place should make this eventually certain.

There has been a suggestion that the farmer, having received cash allowance for land leasing, will hold cotton for better prices. It does not appear, according to current trading, that the prospect of better prices is as good as it was, for the volume of selling is rapidly increasing. There seems to be little incentive to buy cotton at current rates, and eventually I expect ower prices.—"M. G. Commercial."

PRIVATE CABLES.

(at 11-16 a.m.)

New York January highest 9.95+.03
(at 2-58 p.m.)

New York January lowest 9.80—.12
(at 3-35 p.m.)

Liverpool January highest 5.40+.02
(at 10-1 a.m.)

Liverpool January lowest 5.36—.02

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—

Freer hedging absorbed by trade buying.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign freinds:—

Liverpool. South resisting decline. Prefer purchases.

New York. Market quiet. Hedging offset by trade demand.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—

New York: New York Journal Commerce publishing October 4th their crop estimate 11,710,000 compared with other private estimates ranging 12,672,000, 12,919,000.

Do not think market will decline much further; spot basis strengthens; advise purchases on weak spots.

Scale down trade and investment buying; South is not pressing hedge sales; speculative incentive lacking but we believe that the situation is one that suggests higher prices.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Oct. 3.

December, 1933	9.75—09
January, 1934	9.83—09
March, 1934	10.00—10
May, 1934	10.16—11
July, 1934	10.32—09
Middling Spot	9.89—10

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Oct. 3.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	92,000
Day's Export to Great Britain	8,000
Day's Export to the Continent	45,000

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Oct. 3.

October	9.47—09
December	9.70—09
Middling Spot	9.56—05

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 3.

New York, 10-55 a.m.:—	
December	9.83
January	—
New York, Noon Call:—	
December	9.84
January	9.92

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

	Liverpool, Oct. 3. 10-10 a.m. Quotations.	To-day's Closing.
October		5.34+01
November		5.33—
December		5.35—
January	5.38	5.37—01
February		5.39—01
March	5.41	5.41—01
April		5.42—01
May		5.44—01
June		5.45—01
July		5.47—01
August		5.48—01
September		5.49—01
October		5.50—02
Middling Spot		5.47—06

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 3.

SAKELLARIDIS:	
October, 1933	6.90
November, 1933	7.01
January, 1934	7.09
March, 1934	7.18
May, 1934	7.27
June, 1934	7.36
F G F Spot	7.32

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 3.

BROACH:	
Fully Good, (Good Staple)	4.44
Fine, (Good Staple)	4.59
Superfine, (Good Staple)	4.74
OOMRA:	
Good, (No. 1 Staple)	4.62
Fine. (No. 1 Staple)	4.77
Choice. (No. 1 Staple)	4.92
BENGAL:	
Good	3.61
Fine	3.71
Superfine	3.81
SCINDE:	
Good	3.71
Fine	3.81
Superfine	3.91

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct 3

	op.	hi.	lo.	cl.
Broach A/M	195⅜	195⅜	194⅜	195
Oomra D/J	169¼	169¼	167⅜	167⅜
Bengal D/J	146Z	146½	145¼	145¼

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York Liverpool: Jan 83; March 74; May 64.

Bombay-Liverpool: Broach A/M 194; Liverpool May 5.40 Rs. 41 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay New York: Broach A May 194; New York May 10.16; Rs. 42 at 4.78 3/4 Cross Rate

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Oct 3

Spot Silver 39 3/4 —1/4c
December 40.30 plus 05
January 40.45 —
March 41.00 plus 14
Tone: Steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 3.

Silver market colsed steady.

Spot	18-5/16
Forward	18-7/16

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 4.

The local gold market recorded erratic fluctuations last night when a new high level was reached. Kartak delivery was quoted at Rs. 33|7|6. At this level there was heavy selling which depressed prices to Rs. 33|1|6 owing to weakness in Franc to 78.87. To-day the market opened at Rs. 33|2|6 but later on prices improved to Rs. 33|4 on private reports of Franc quoted at 78.71.

The technical position of the market is weak as most of the short interest is now covered. It remains to be seen whether Franc will show continued improvement as it is feared that the export trade of France will suffer considerably. We think it safe to sell out holdings and await further developments.

The silver market ruled quiet with a sagging tendency of prices. There is less desire to operate at present.

Ready Silver	56	2	0
Aso Delivery	56	2	0
Kartak Delivery	56	5	0
Teji Mandi	0	13	0
Ready Gold	33	3	6
Aso Delivery	33	3	6
Kartak Delivery	33	3	9
Teji Mandi	0	13	0

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, Oct. 4.

Shanghai Exchange markets are closed to-day owing to a public Holiday.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, Oct. 3

SAKELS—
March 13.80—19
May 14.18—17
October 10.42—12
December 10.50—11
ASHMOUNI—
November 13.02—16
January 13.41—16

LINSEED

London, Oct. 3.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton £10 18 9 Oct./Nov. sellers.

Linseed Laplala c i f Hull ton £10 2 6 Oct./Nov. sellers.

Linseed Bombay, (London) ton £11 3 9 Oct./Nov. sellers.

LINSEED OILS

London, Oct. 3

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt 18/6 Oct. paid.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt 18/10-1/2 Jan./Apl. sellers.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed tb. spot 3-31/32 sellers.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, Oct. 3.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 c and f Calcutta, per cwt 7/6 sellers Oct./Dec.

C and F Bombay per cwt 7/3 Oct./Dec. sellers.

C and F Karachi per cwt 7/6 Oct./Nov. sellers.

LONDON METAL

London, Oct. 3.

	£
Copper Braziers	47
Yellow Metal	39
Spelter hard Indian brands	16-3/8
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge	16-1/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F. O. B.	221-3/4

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET

New York, Oct. 3.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 uality) Spot 8-1/4.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct. 3.

Wheat Rozaro Santa Fe Parcels 21/3 Oct sellers

Wheat Barletta Russo Parcels 20/6 Oct. sellers.

Wheat South Australian Parcels 24/6 Oct./Nov. sellers.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 4.

In response to a further decline of 9 points in New York futures, the local cotton market opened weak at Rs. 193|8 for Broach A.|M. delivery. There was impressive buying by European export houses which in the absence of any important selling, advanced prices to Rs. 195|4. There was scattered profit-taking at the advance which resulted in a small relapse of annas eight.

The local market is well liquidated and now the cotton is passing into strong hands. There is some export enquiry from the Continent and the undertone of the market is healthy.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 3 points but later on was reported 6 points down. The local market ruled easy in sympathy with lower Liverpool advices and closed at 5-30 p.m. at under:—

Broach A.|M.	193	8	0
Oomra D.J.	167	8	0
Bengal D.J.	145	0	0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, October 4.

Bengal Superfine	148		
Bengal Fine	146		
Bengal F.G.	144		
Sindh-Punjab Fine	146		
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	144		
Wardha-Hingt Fine	175		
Nagpur|Savner Fine	175		
Yeotmal Fine	169		
Arvi Fine	168		
Ellichpur Fine	168		
Amraoti-Berar Fine	167		
Khamgaon Fine	165		
Mulkapur Fine	159		
Khandesh Fine	159		
Muthia F.G.	149		
Jalna|Sailu F.G.	159		
Burwah|Sanovad F.G.	165		
Broach F.G.	179		
Punjab|American	197		
Punjab|American mix	189		
Cambodia	239|44		
Miraj|Sangli	184|89		
Compta Good	179|84		
Bagalkot	...	...	
Jinja	298		
Basoga	304		
Kampala	309		

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, October 4.

In full-pressed bales.	Since 1st September Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	441	2056
Central India	323	1563
Barsi and Nagar	2	1119
Hyderabad-Gaorani	..	473
Berar	...	2265
Central Provinces	....	1965
Total Oomras	766	9441
Dholera	....	1489
N.-W. Provinces	....	373
Rajputana	12	308
Sind-Punjab	52	636
Broach	....	745
Coompta & Dharwar	..	2114
Westerns-Northerns	..	2105
Cocoanada	....	....
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	272	3432
Persian	....	264
American	....	1857
Egyptian and African	..	16035
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	....	....
Total	1102	38799

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales.	1st Sept. to 28th Sept. Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	4589	30084
Japan & China	501	9987
Coast Ports	....	350
Up-country by Rail	....	13653
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	....	710
Total	5090	54784

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

F.P. Bales	1933-34	1932-33
Receipts to date 3-10-33	1982000	1608000
Receipts Yesterday 3-10-33	92000	67000
Exports to date 3-10-33	1389000	1248000
Stock at Ports 29-9-33	3489000	3662000
Stock at Interior Towns 29-9-33	1367000	1572000
Stock at Liverpool 29-3-33	631000	783000
Visible Supply 29-9-33	7050000	7219000
Quantity in Sight 29-9-33	2562000	2274000
Quantity out of Sight 29-9-33	2065000	1359000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct 4

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS.

3½ p. c. G P N Sett	83-5
3½ p.c. G P N Cash	83-6
4 p.c. 1960/70 Sett	95-5
4 p.c. 1960/70 Cash	98-6
5 p.c. 1945/55 Sett	113-9
5 p.c. 1945/55 Cash	113-10
TAXABLES.	
5 pc 1955 Mysore	113-4
5½ pc 1938 Mysore	109/8
6½ p.c. 1955 B D L	107-13
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.	
3½ p.c. 1947/50 Cash	93-10
4 pc 1934/37 Cash	101-10
4 pc 1943 Cash	101-12
4½ p.c. 1934 Cash	101-9
4½ p.c. 1955/60 Cash	105-6
5 p.c. 1939/44 Cash	106-12
5 p c 1940/43 Cash	106/8
5 pc 1935 Cash	103-14
5½ p.c. 1938/40 Cash	107-10
6½ p.c. 1935 T B Cash	106-8
CORPORATION LOANS (Taxables)	
4 pc B P T 1974	95-4
4 pc M Deb 1974	94-8
5 pc M Deb 1959	106-8
6 p.c. M Deb 1954	117-8
6 p.c. K P T 1959	117
6½ pc B I T 1937	108-12

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, October 4

Java Ready	14	12	3
S.S. Begam	4	14	9
S.S. Arabia	4	14	6
September shipment	4	14	0
October shipment	4	12	3
African spot	14	12	6
Bellapur spot	25	6	0
Cawnpore spot	20	4	0
Britania spot	18	0	0

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, October 3.

December	1.45 plus .01
March	1.50 plus .01
May	1.54 plus .01
July	1.59

Tone: Quiet but steady.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, October 3.

December	0.89-1|8
May	0.93-1|4
July	0.91-3|4

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, October 3.

October	55-1|8d.
December	57-1|4d.
March	59-1|2d.
May	60-5|8d.

LONDON EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 3.

T. T. London on:—	
Berlin	12.97
Amsterdam	7.66
Brussels	22.13
Madrid	37.00
Milan	58.81
Berne	15.95
Paris	78.87
Prague	103-75
London on New York	4.78-3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 3.

	£
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	15-5/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London reg)	130
P & O Banking Corporation	10-1/4
National Band of India	44-3/4
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	110-3/8
Conversion Loan, 3½ p.c., 1961	99-3/4
Rupee Paper 3½ p.c.	61-1/2
Indian Stock 3p.c., 1948	74-1/4
Indian Stock 3½ p.c. 1931 or later	86-1/2
Indian Stock 4½ p.c., 1950/55	110-1/4
Consols, 2½ p.c.,	74-1/8
War Loan, 3½ p.c., 1952	101-1/4
Victory Bonds, 4 p.c.	109-3/8

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSN. LTD.

Bombay, Oct. 4.

The following rates prevailed in the market on 4th day of October 1933:

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY VAIDAS.

(B.T.)	April-May 1934
10-30	.... Rs. 193-12
12-30	.... Rs. 194-12
2-30	....Rs. 194-8
4-30	....Rs. 193-12
5-30	.... Rs. 193-0
Highest	.... Rs. 195-4
Lowest	.... Rs. 193-0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, October 4.

	Bales.
Khandesh	441
Central India	323
Barsi-Nugger	2
Rajputana	12
Sind-Punjab	52
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	272
Cotton total	1102
	Cwts.
Wheat	10279
Linseed	421
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	203
Poppyseed	259
Groundnuts	1272
Rice	6791
Myrabollams	1576
Cottonseed	397
Gram	947
Joowar	10
Bajree	8
	Tons.
Coal	2542

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Cash Section Maintains Improvement

BOARD BUSY SOLVING POSSIBLE DEVELOPMENTS

Bombay, Oct. 4.

Forward business remained closed to-day, as the general situation does not show any important change. The improvement recorded yesterday in the cash section was maintained today, and some scrips show little further improvement.

There is no fundamental reason for any decline in industrial shares, but the situation arising out of the Currimbhoy Mill group, had adverse effect on some good shares. In these conditions it seems advisable for investors to buy Bundi, Hydro, New India Bank of Baroda, Tata Steel 1st and Second Pref. shares.

The Board of the Stock Exchange is having lengthy meetings, every day, for devising means to meet with any new development, arising out of the next clearing. In the best interests of the Share Bazar; the Board has made use of Rule 188 which is mainly directed against panics and Bear Raids. The Board has fixed making-up prices for all unsettled contracts of October delivery and the Badlee Gala for October-November settlements Under the rules, the buyer is entitled to enforce delivery, and if the seller fails, the buyer is entitled to buy in the Shares.

If the buyer after issuing tickets for taking delivery, fails to take up and pay for all or any of such shares on the Pay-day, a penalty of 2 per cent on the making-up price shall be imposed.

OVERSELLING.

The market is oversold, and it is reported that some members are likely to demand delivery of shares of one or two concerns, with a view to raise prices, or to attempt a corner. The Board being well aware of the situation will not lose any time to deal with the situation in case of need. If such an attempt will be made, the market will be declared open for forward business in those particular shares.

The payments of the settlements will be made as usual, and there is nothing like two instalments.

Bombay, Oct 4

100 Ahm. Advance	325-0		
500 Bom. Cotton	N40	0	
250 Bombay Dyeing	760		
250 Bradbury	90		
110 Century	215		
110 Central India	287/8		
100 Colaba	85		
100 Coorla	110-0		
100 Crescent	31/4		
250 Currim	10-0		
250 David	60-0		
250 Dawn	460-0		
100 E D Sassoon	0-1-6		
100 Elphinstone	3	0	
250 Fazal	155		
100 Finlay	105-0		
1000 Framji Petit	95	0	
100 Gokak	117/8		
1000 Hindustan	1750		
100 Indore	272/8		
50 Kastoorchand	2-12		
100 Khatau	65-0		
100 Kohinoor	140		
250 Laxmi	800-0		
100 Madhowji	7-0		
250 Madras United	82	8	
1000 Morarji	300-0		
250 Model	55-0		
50 Mysore	90-0		
250 New Great	145		
100 Oosmanshahi	55		
250 Pabani	50		
250 Pearl	85		
100 Phoenix	295		
25 Sassoon Silk	43-12		
Sholapur	3,200-0		
50 Simplex	76/4		
100 Swadeshi	230		
100 Swan	60-0		
25 Tata	25-0		
5000 Vishnu	1,500-0		
1000 Western	875	0	
CEMENTS.			
10 Bundi	24/8		
100 Gwalior	77-8		
250 Indian	285		
40 Katni Defd.	980-0		
100 Katni Ord.	272/8		
75 Okha	135-0		
10 Punjab	15		
100 Shahabad	285		
70 United	63-8		
INSURANCE			
15-100 Japiter	11-4		
15-75 New India	24-12		
200 Oriental	3300		
10-100 Vulcan	7-2		
BANKS.			
50-100 Baroda	89-0		
25-50 Central	22-12		
500 Imperial	1212-8		
125-500 Imp conty	300-0		
50-100 India	102-0		
5 Union	4-5		
ELECTRIC			
100 Ahmedabad Old	145-0		
1000 Andhra Valley	1450		
10 Ajmer	7 14		
50 Bombay Tram	140		
100 Bom. Suburban	135-0		
10 Broach	11-0		
100 Karachi	185	0	
100 Poona	187	8	
100 Surat	172-8		
100 Tata Hydro	160-0		
7 p c Tata Power	990		
RAILWAYS.			
500 Ahm. Prantij	773-12		
100 Am. Patty	113-0		
100 C Provinces	82-0		
100 Dhon. Baramati	81	4	
100 Gujarat	59-8		
100 Mandra Bhon	77-0		
100 Pachora Jamner	67-0		
100 Sara Sirajgung	84	0	
500 Tapty Valley	690-0		
MININGS.			
10 Shivrajpur	16/8		
30 Tata Steel Def.	170-0		
75 Tata Steel Ordy.	48/8		
MISCELLANEOUS			
100 Alcock	195-0		
50 Balapur Sugar	187/8		
250 Bombay Steam	270		
125 Bombay Burma	360		
50 Bombay Contry	120		
8sh. B B Petrol	2-12		
50 Bombay Telephone	88/4		
100 Ind. Steaming	80		
100 Ind. Radio Def.	550-0		
100 Ind Radio Ord.	475-0		
1000 Port Canning	650-0		
30 Tata Constduction	20-0		
75 Scindia	9-1		
25 Tata Oil	16-0		
PREFERENCE			
7 p.c. Andhra Vly.	1240		
6 p.c. Bom. Steam	280-0		
7 p.c. Bom. Trams (T F.)	76-4		
5 p.c. Central India (T. F.)	495-0		
7 p.c. Katni 1st	122-8		
7 p.c. Katni 2nd (T F)	135-0		
7 1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14-2		
7 p c Tata Hydro	126-4-0		
7 p.c. Tata Power	1310 N		
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	162-8		
7-1/2 p.c Tata Steel 2nd (b)	95-8		
5-1/2 p.c. Tata Mill (c)	17	4	
7 p.c Vishnu	620	0	

WORLD'S SPINNERS' TAKINGS

Total takings by world's spinners upto the end of September were as under:—

Season from 1st Aug.

Great Britain 1933/34 225; 1932/33 163; 1931/32 155

U. S. A., Canada, etc., 1933/34 794; 1932/33 709; 1931/32 701

Continent 1933/34 686; 1932/33 574; 1931/32 452

Japan, China, etc. 1933/34 360; 1932/33 413; 1931/32 322

Total 1933/34 2,065; 1932/33 1,859; 1931/32 1,630.

SEEDS

London, Oct. 3.

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c i f ton no offers.

Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c i f ton £9 15 0 Oct./Nov. sellers.

Rapeseed Toria. Hull/Continent ton £9 16 3 Oct./Nov. sellers.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 3.

Gold Bars Fine per oz £6:14:8

RUBBER SITUATION

Meeting Next Week

Messrs. Breul & Co., have received the following cable dated 3rd inst., from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Rubber—Sharp reaction on unfavourable construction of latest restriction news. Fluctuations apt to be exaggerated. Favour purchases on set-backs. Meeting Dutch British committees in London next week. January|March 4-1|16 4-1|8 April|June 4-5|32 4-7|32."

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Oct. 3.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-11/16 p.c. to 0-3/4 p.c.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0-7/8 p.c.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 p.c.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.

Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/8 p.c.

Interest 7 Days' market Loan 0-1/2 p.c.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

BOMBAY THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1933

MOVE TO CALL ALL-PARTY CONFERENCE

Formulate Minimum Demands

MRS. NAIDU'S ADVICE TO NON-CONGRESS PARTIES TO UNITE

The news given currency in an Allahabad paper that Mrs. Sarojini Naidu had accepted leadership of a new party within the Congress, which will stand for the suspension of the civil disobedience movement and for carrying out a programme of Council entry, is incorrect.

In an interview with a "Chronicle" representative, Mrs. Naidu declared that the news had come to her as a complete surprise, and that she knew nothing about this new party.

NO NEW PLATFORM.

"I need no new platform for myself", she said, "I stand only for the Congress, and I cannot help people exploiting my name to suit their own purposes."

JOINING OF PARTIES OUTSIDE CONGRESS.

Mrs. Naidu, however, added that she was entirely in favour of all the other parties outside the Congress joining together and formulating their minimum demands, leaving the Congress to take its own course.

ALL-PARTY CONFERENCE.

In the course of her talk Mrs. Nadu indicated that some Maharashtrians of Bombay were anxious to call a conference of all parties for this purpose.

MODIFY WHITE PAPER SCHEME

Calcutta Sangh Appeals To British Statesmen

(From A Correspondent).

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3.

The Working Committee of the All-India Varnashram Swarajya Sangh at its meeting at Calcutta on October 3, passed a resolution wholeheartedly supporting the joint memorandum submitted by their representatives Messrs. Acharya, Deshpande and Banerjee. They appeal to British statesmen in the interests of India and England, to modify the White Paper proposals according to the said memorandum to the Joint Parliamentary Committee.

PROPAGANDA AGAINST TEMPLE ENTRY

(From A Correspondent).

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3.

The head office of the Devalaya Sanrakshan Department of the All-India Varnashram Swarajya Sangh was opened to-day at Gopal Bhavan, Muktaram Babu St., Calcutta.

A committee was formed to conduct a vigorous programme throughout the country against the temple-entry and untouchability removal bills, etc.

THREE YEARS R. I. FOR CAUSING HURT

Judge Says There Was No Intention To Murder

TRIVANDRUM, Oct. 4.

Ponniah Thevar, accused in the Gillespie Outrage case, who was charged with stabbing Gillespie, Manager of the Isfield and Nedumbara Estates, owned by the Malavalam Plantations Company Ltd., and convicted by the Sessions Judge of Quilon was sentenced to three years rigorous imprisonment.

The Judge held that there was no evidence to show that the accused had any intention to kill Gillespie. So the Judge convicted under Section 326 of the Travancore Penal Code for causing grievous hurt.—A. P.

Madras.—At a meeting under the auspices of the Madras Provincial Council of the Boy Scouts Association at Wehlock Park, Mr. F. Howard Oakley presiding glowing tributes were paid by several speakers to the services of Dr. Annie Besant to India and to Scout movements.—A. P.

DON'T SEND SON ABROAD

Mother's Appeal Before Lahore High Court

LAHORE, (By Mail.)

Another off shoot of the litigation going on between Mst. Prem Kaur and Rai Bahadur Banarsi Dass, a millowner of Ambala, was heard, on Monday, at the Lahore High Court, when Mst. Prem Kaur filed a petition praying that the Rai Bahadur be ordered not to send her minor son, named Kuldip, abroad until the appeal, against the order of the District Judge, who had given possession of Kuldip to the Rai Bahadur, which is pending before the High Court, was disposed of.

The petition, "inter alia", stated that Rai Bahadur Banarsi Dass was making arrangements for a passport for sending Kuldip abroad. Therefore if Kuldip was sent away from India, it would be difficult for her to get back the custody of the minor, even if the appeal was decided in her favour, as Kuldip would be out of British India by that date. —A. P.

ACCUSED IN OOTY BANK CASE ?

Escaped Prisoner's Identity Revealed

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

It is now reported that the Punjab prisoner who escaped with Prem Prakash from the Bellary jail is Banta Singh, one of the accused in the Ooty Bank Raid Case, who was sentenced to transportation for life at the Crimbtore Sessions.—A. P.

SIR B. B. GHOSE IN PESHAWAR

PESHAWAR Oct. 4.

Sir B. B. Ghose, Acting Law Member of the Government of India, arrived here from Rawalpindi last evening, and was given a warm reception at the railway station.

Sir B. B. Ghose accompanied by Khan Bahadur Sardar Moghalbaz Khan, political Agent, Khyber, and Khan Bahadur Kuli Khan, Publicity Officer, visited Khyber to-day. He lunched with the Political Agent at Landikhana.—A. P.

SETTLEMENT WELCOMED

Dr. Shafaat A. Khan Says Muslims Are Always Ready To Negotiate For Terms

W. P. NOT UTOPIAN

Advice To All Communities To Accept Communal Award And Not Make Bargaining

KARACHI, Oct. 4.

The Rangoon Airmail arrived here at 8-25 a.m. with 175 lbs. of mails. The outward airmail left at 9-45 a.m. with 1378 lbs of mails and Dr Shafaat Ahmed Khan, a delegate to the Joint Select Committee as passenger.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Dr. Khan referred to various proposals for unity conference. He said: "Our community has never barred the way to a settlement with other communities. It is always ready to negotiate and discuss proposals which other communities may bring forward. But it must be made quite clear that proposals to be made must be definite and they must be made by accredited leaders of other communities to accredited leaders of the Muslim community and Muslim conference."

NOT SUBJECT FOR BARGAINING.

While Dr Khan welcomed all the proposals for communal settlement which would take the place of the Communal Award, he as a practical man, and as one who has had experience of these negotiations for over nine years thought that it would be best for all communities to accept the Communal Award. He made it quite clear that in the existing circumstances he would not make separate electorate a subject of bargaining. He regarded it as essential for the Muslims for sometime.

Continuing Dr. Khan strongly condemned the statement of certain Congress leaders in which a programme on Soviet lines had been formulated. The programme which aimed at expropration of landlords could not be condemned too strongly. He was certain that good sense of the Indian people would unanimously reject a policy which would throw India into an irretrievable confusion.

NOT UTOPIAN.

Concluding Dr. Khan said: "I never regarded the White Paper as utopian. I feel in certain points it is unsatisfactory but this does not mean that it should for this reason be completely scrapped, off. All it implies is half a loaf is better than none. While we should keep up our agitation for further reforms in a constitutional manner we must not commit blunder in rejecting the White Paper in toto."

POSTPONEMENT OF CONFERENCE.

Dr. Khan added:—

"I entirely approve of the postponement of the Muslim Conference. The reception Committee, Patna, did its very best and spared no efforts to make the meeting a success, but owing to causes which Moulvi Shaufi Daudi has explained it has been advisable to postpone the meeting That was in Dr. Khan's opinion a very wise move.

Dealing the question of Sind Seperation, Dr. Khan said the good sense of both the communities should now stress the necessity of harmonious working amongst various communities of the new Province. It seems to me inconcelvable for Sind Muslims to establish a purely communal Government even for 24 hours against the unanimous wishes of a powerful rich and highly organised community like Hindus of the Sind. Representative Muslems of every part of India have recognised this, and urged the same poliry The Sind Muslims who count have also expressed the same opinion. I am sure, in a few years' time, the Hindus and Muslims of Sind will soon be working as a team for the economic development of an autonomous Sind.

"HE ALONE SET FIRE TO REICHSTAG

Lubbe Says, He Never Knew Torgler Before

LEIPZIG, Oct. 4.

Assertions were made by the accused in the Reichstag fire-trial that they were ignorant of one another's existence before the arrest, when proceedings were resumed.

Torgler denied the allegations that he had been seen with Van der Lubbe in the Reichstag on the day of the fire, and said that the person indicated was a Communist Deputy. He declared: "I never knew of Van der Lubbe's existence until last September or of the Bulgarians until March."

Torgler, whose evidence was given in a straightforward manner, described his movements on the day of the fire. He said he had been in the restaurant about the time the fire broke out, and it was untrue that he was in the Reichstag.

NOTHING TO CONCEAL.

Van der Lubbe under examination declared that he had never known or seen Torgler before this case. He declared he alone set fire to the Reichstag. In the course of being questioned Torgler more than once said he had nothing to conceal and nothing to obscure.—Reuter's Special.

ACCEPTORS FOR CESAREWITCH

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The following are the acceptors for Cesarewitch:—

Nitsichin, Statesman, Loosestrife, Erain, Guiscard, Dick Turpin, Arctic Star, Seminole, Roi de Paris, Trustee, Beau Frere, Foxearth, Lucky Patch, Sarum, Blandearna, Africus, Sandals, Sanity, Within The Law, Bunkawai, Negro, Barrage, Chelmarsh, Lord Nugent, Daytoi, Joyous Greeting, Boldero, Ximenes, Miss Diplomat, Iownaputter, Deyncourt, Fragrance, Tuppence, Strathallan, Sanguinole Eugene and Benzina Victoria.—Reuter's Special.

CONVERSION LOAN OVER-SUBSCRIBED

LONDON, Oct. 4.

There has been an overwhelming response to the invitation to subscribe to the 2-1|2 per cent. Conversion Loan, announced on September 26.

Applications for 5000 Sterling have been fully allotted, and those above will receive from 70 to 80 per cent. Dealings have started at par.—Reuter's Special.

PRIVATE SENT TO JAIL

PESHAWAR, Oct. 4.

Captain Abdul Rahim, Sessions Judge of Peshawar, sentenced Private Pitkithley of the Gordon Highlanders to two years' rigorous imprisonment under Section 304-(A) for killing Private Innes of the same Regiment in August last at Cherat.

The Judge held that Private Innes' death was the result of accidental discharge of rifle and no intention, premeditation, nor sudden provocation had been proved.—A.P.

JAMADAR ATTACKED BY CONSTABLE ?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD Oct. 4.

One Rajaji, a local police jamadar, was severely wounded yesterday night at the Khamasa Gate by a police constable Jiva Kalu.

It is said Rajaji gave evidence against Kalu in a case of police inquiry and to take vengeance, seeking an opportunity, Kalu assaulted the victim with a Dharia.

Committing the offence Kalu went to the Police Station and surrendered himself.

Rajaji has been removed to the hospital where his right hand has been amputated and his condition is now serious.

ASSAILANT OF DR. DOLLFUSS

Police Say He Is Not A Nazi And Refuses To Give His Hero's Nan.

VIENNA, Oct 3

The assailant of Dr. Dollfuss is the stepson of the dentist to the late Emperor Franz Joseph. His weapon was a mother of pearl revolver only two chambers of which had been loaded.

The police do not believe that he is a Nazi.

The assailant declared that he decided to draw attention to the "only man capable of leading Austria," but he declined to give his hero's name.

In a surprisingly vigorous voice Dr. Dollfuss broadcast a speech in the course of which he thanked God for his escape and said that he felt quite strong and lively, and would return to work on Thursday.—Reuter's Extra Special Service.

ESCAPE FROM CATASTROPHE

GENEVA, Oct. 3.

"We have just escaped a major catastrophe, for the consequences of the fatal attempt on Dr. Dollfuss for the European situation, would have been incalculably grave."

This is the general comment here.—Reuter.

MUSSOLINI HORRIFIED

ROME, October 3.

Signor Mussolini was horrified when he received the news regarding Dr. Dollfuss at the bathing resort of Riccione, where he met Dr. Dollfuss last August.

The Vatican is aghast at the news. The Pope has ordered the Nuncio to congratulate Dr. Dollfuss on his escape.—Reuter.

MESSAGES FROM "MAC" & SIMON

RUGBY, Oct. 4.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald telegraphed to Dr. Dollfuss as follows: "Much shocked to hear of attack on Your Excellency. Please accept my warmest sympathy and my best wishes for speedy recovery".

Sir John Simon's message read: "Am greatly distressed to hear of infamous attempt on Your Excellency's life and much relieved to see later report that your injuries are slight. Please accept my most sincere congratulations on your escape".—B. O. W.

FRENCH CONGRATULATIONS

PARIS, October 3.

The French Government has telegraphed its congratulations to Dr. Dollfuss.—Reuter.

SPANISH CABINET RESIGNS

Motion Of No-Confidence In Government Passed

MADRID, October 3.

The Cortes by 181 votes to 91 passed a motion of no-confidence in the Government.

Premier Lerroux has resigned. —Reuter.

RESIGNATION DEFERRED

MADRID, October 3.

Senor Lerroux has deferred tendering his resignation pending the vote of the Cortes, as a result of the Speaker's representations to the effect that the resignation would have most serious consequences, and might endanger the safety of the public.—Reuter.

Peshawar.—Statistics show that 56 murders were committed in the Frontier Province during the month of August.—A.P.

33 Fire-Fighters Burnt To Death

100 Injured In Brush Fire Near Hollywood While Battling With Flames And Trapped Between Canyons

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 4.

Thirty-three unemployed fire-fighters were burnt to death and 100 injured in a brush fire in the hills above Hollywood.

They were trapped between two canyons when the fire swept over a 1,000 acre area in Griffith Park, in the neighbourhood of the film stars' luxurious homes.—Reuter's Special.

an Who Defies Nazis

Unflinching Courage & Tireless Energy Are Two Outstanding Characteristics Of Austria's Picturesque Little Chancellor

The surprising thing about Dr. Dollfuss is that three years ago he was practically unknown outside Austria. Up till then he was a hard-working official, who made himself thoroughly efficient as Director of the Austrian Chamber of Agriculture, and later as President of the Austrian Federal Railways. It was natural that a man who knew so much about agriculture should, in the storm and stress of Governmental changes, ultimately become Minister of Agriculture; and it was also natural that a Minister who had done his job well, who had shown that he possessed strength of character and knew his own mind should find himself at the head of the Government, observes a writer in the "Morning Post."

UNFLINCHING COURAGE.

The outstanding characteristic of this picturesque little man is his courage. It is that kind of courage which is inspired by deep religious feeling. For Dr. Dollfuss, trained and formed by the Church, is a devout Roman Catholic. He has the firm conviction that his tasks are set before him, and his intimates declare, that it is this unshakable belief in his destiny that makes him unswerving in his purpose. Not that, like Napoleon, he considers himself a man of destiny. He simply desires to achieve things, to fulfil the mission given to him.

A few examples of his cocrage, of this tireless energy, which at this moment are filling his countrymen with amazement. The first instance I shall give is probably unexampled in Parliamentary and diplomatic history. It relates to the affair of the arms sent from Italy to Austria, an incident which threatened to create a first class European scare. Certain Powers were alarmed, and Austria was presented with what was to all intents an ultimatum which practically charged her with receiving arms contrary to Treaty obligations. Dr. Dollfuss read the document in Parliament, taking care to explain each paragraph. "Austria does not accept any ultimatum," he declared. "The arms were sent to Austria to be repaired, and they will be repaired." Though nothing was said about it at the time, the indictment of Austria had evidently been drawn up on insufficient information.

The British and French Governments now know of what stuff Dr. Dollfuss is made, and Signor Mussolini is not ignorant of his resolute character, for during the 37 months the little man was at the front, a section of the Italian Army was at a certain period put to considerable inconvenience. It subsequently turned out that the Austrian who was holding up the Italians was the Lieutenant of a Chasseur Regiment—no other than Dr. Dollfuss.

IGNORE SOCIALIST THREATS.

Another striking instance of his courage was furnished on May Day of this year. The Socialist workmen of Vienna had always organised a procession. The Chancellor decided that there should be no procession through the Ringstrasse. The Socialists made light of the ban and threatened to ignore it. But Dr. Dollfuss stood to his guns in a literal sense. He had machine-guns installed in the thoroughfares which form the Ringstrasse. He meant business, and the Socialists knew it. There was no procession.

Before Italy, France and Britain —concerned over the Nazi propaganda for bringing about the Anschluss notwithstanding the opposition of the Austrian Government—decided to make a common protest, they took the precaution of ascertaining what Dr. Dollfuss thought about it. "Are you willing that Austria should become Nazi?" he was asked.

The Chancellor's reply left no doubt in their minds that he was prepared for any sacrifice to save Austria from the Swastika. Signor Mussolini, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, and M. Daladier knew that Dr. Dollfuss, having given his word, would keep it.

He will keep it because he is persuaded that the duty of keeping National Socialism as practised in Germany out of his country has now been put upon him by a higher Power than Austria herself.

CRUSADE AGAINST HITLERISM.

It is something like a holy crusade in which that resolute man, small in stature but mighty in his courage and energy is engaged. Fighting Hitlerism is not his only job. He has to keep the Socialists in order. He deals them heavy blows now and again just to remind them that they have now a master who attaches more importance to acts than to words. He, it is who is inspiring the Austrian Nazis with fear. He will not tolerate any nonsense. Let anyone shout out "Heil Hitler" and he is immediately fined and clapped into gaol.

The poster decorating the kiosks in the streets of Vienna is proving a most effective slogan. The Chancellor's portrait the eyes sympathetic, the mouth firm, is accompanied by a message to all who love their country to take their places on the "National Front." This Front is increasing in extent as the days roll on, and Dr. Dollfuss will see to it that it is not pierced. His mission to Italy is hailed as a success from two points of view: it has brought the Powers who matter definitely to Austria's cause: and it must result in economic adjustments which will enable her to live.

Peshawar.—The Frontier Forest Enquiry Committee commenced its sittings on Wednesday. A number of local witnesses were examined, including Mr. Abdul Qayum, M.L.C., who 'inter alia' discussed the various sections of the Forest Laws.—A.P.

Edited by V. V. KUMTEKER (Acting Editor) and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parel, Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.